ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

1 Cent WILL BE THE PRICE OF THE POST-DISPATCH Daily, DELIVERED BY CARRIER IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AFTER JAN. 1, 1895.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

WEATHER: Fair and colder Thursday night and Friday.

Reduction in Price!
DAILY POST-DISPATCH,
per week..... 6 cents
Daily and Sunday.....10 cents
After January 1, 1895.

VOL. 46, NO. 140. THURSDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—DECEMBER 27, 1894. PRICE. 2 CENTS

A Laudable New Year's Resolution:
"I Will Subscribe for the One-Cent Post-Dispatch Jan. 1, 1895.

LAST EDITION

COXEY-BROWNE

Talk With the Commonweal Commander's Chief Lieutenant.

Booming Coxey for President With the Populist Delegates.

SAYS THE COMMONWEAL MOVEMENT IS A LONG WAYS FROM DEAD.

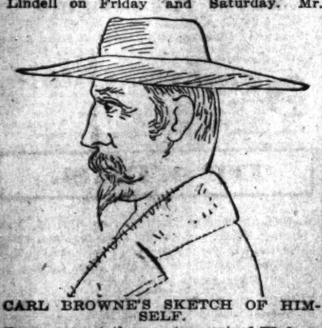
Favors Free Silver Because so Many Others Do—But Secretly Announces Himself as a Greenbacker—His Chief Will Be Here to Address a Mass Meeting To-Night—Then the Pops Will Begin to Pop in Dead Earnest.

A short, thick-set man with a beaming face, stubby mustache and chin whiskers and a fat, round stomach was seated in front of a grate fire at the Lindell toasting his stockinged feet. On the table at his

"GEN." J. S. COXEY.

right were scattered a dozen or more lithographs of Gen. Jacob S. Coxey, leader of the Commonweal.

This man was Carl Browne, lieutenant to the Massillon statesman, whose march to Washington last winter was the climax of burlesque in political economy. Mr. Browne also shared the fate of his beloved commander in being sentenced to jail in Washington for violating certain city ordinances. He is an enthusiastic delegate to the Populist convention, which is to be held at the Lindell on Friday and Saturday. Mr.



CARL BROWNE'S SKETCH OF HIMSELF.

Browne spent the greater part of Wednesday in making arrangements for a meeting of the local adherents to the Populist party, which is to be held this evening at Chatsworth Hall, and at which Gen. Coxey will deliver an address on his pet themes, viz.: adopt as its basic principle if he can succeed in doing so.

"Non-Interest Bearing Bonds and Good Roads." Mr. Browne states that the main reason that both Coxey and himself came as delegates to the meeting was to endeavor

CARL BROWNE AS THE GODDESS OF LIBERTY.
(From a photograph taken in Washington, D. C.)

to convince those present at the conference that the above principles are by far the best

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

FIRST SNOW.

St. Louis Gets the First Touch of Winter Weather.

A Cold Wave Sweeping All Over the Western States.

WEATHER BUREAU SAYS IT WILL BE NEARLY ZERO TO-NIGHT.

But the Weather Is Going to Clear Up, So St. Louis Boys Will Not Get a Chance to Use Their Christmas Sleds—The Boys Had Better Warn Their Mothers to Look Out for Their Water Pipes To-Night.

The ground was covered with snow this morning. It was the first snow of the winter that is worth mentioning.

Householders will do well to look to water pipes, for according to the Weather Bureau the mercury will drop to a point not more than 5 or 6 deg. above zero before most people have gone to bed to-night. The cold wave which struck St. Louis Christmas Day is still sweeping on, and the lowest mark will probably be reached shortly after dark. It is not likely to moderate much, if any, before to-morrow noon.

The present cold wave started in away up in the Saskatchewan country, north of Medicine Hat and Qu' Appelle, where the mercury registered 16 deg. below zero at 8 a. m. It got colder as it progressed south, and the coldest place shown on the weather map is Bismarck, N. D., where 22 deg. below is shown. It is cold all the way down through the West, the temperature in the Texas panhandle being down to 6 deg. above, while at Concordia, Kan., it is 4 below. Oklahoma City shows a temperature of 10 above, and Kansas City shows a fall of 16 deg. in temperature during the last twenty-four hours, bringing the mercury down to 6 above. At 8 o'clock it was 20 above at St. Louis, but the mercury has been falling steadily ever since.

The storm, and especially the cold wave, is general all over the United States, extending even into Florida, the temperature at Jacksonville being only a degree or so above freezing. The storm which was noted in the South yesterday has moved rapidly up the coast and is now raging in New York and the Eastern States. While some snow has fallen, it has not been enough to cut much of a figure and as it is rapidly clearing through the West, the indications are for clear weather in St. Louis and vicinity and much lower temperature. It has snowed considerably throughout the State, the greatest precipitation being noted at Springfield. In fact the fall of snow has been greater along the Southern edge of the cold wave than further north. So the small boy who found a sled in his stocking, or somewhere near it, is not likely to get much use of it on this occasion.

FUR CAP WEATHER.

While the cold snap began to make itself felt in St. Louis yesterday, it was not until people poked their noses out of the door after breakfast that they really appreciated the fact that winter had arrived. Then they went back, put on their fur caps and capes and prepared to face the storm. The wind blew stiff from the northwest and cut like a knife, and happy was the man with a cap that pulled down over his ears, and the girl with the high fur collar, in which she could bury her nose.

The motormen felt the cold most, coming as it did so closely upon the heels of Indian summer weather, and their big overcoats were buttoned more snugly and their caps pulled down more closely while they stamped their heels with unwonted vigor. Those who were warmly clad thoroughly enjoyed this first touch of real winter, and their eyes grew brighter and their cheeks rosier as they tramped along.

Those who were poorly clad were different. The mild weather this winter has been a great boon to them, and they have fared remarkably well considering the hard times. But this cold snap caught them entirely unprepared, either with clothing, fuel or proper food. The demands upon the charitable organizations were unusually large, while charitably inclined persons have had their resources taxed to the utmost.

AT UNION STATION.

Incoming Trains From the South Covered With Snow.

About the coldest place in the city with the present condition of the weather is the Union Station, and the first real winter weather made itself most conspicuous there. The open end of the great train shed admits the flurries of snow and the wind sweeps down the midway with great force. An order of the Terminal Association prohibits the employes from wearing overcoats while on duty and if they are not half frozen to death their looks belie them. The frigid appearance of the employes, in fact, is one of the things that makes the Union Station seem so cold. In order to protect the gatekeepers, however, little sentry-boxes have been placed at each gate and from these the keepers lean out and punch tickets, giving passengers the ludicrous impression of a jack-in-the-box. But the boxes are to be supplied with coal-oil stoves and will be right comfortable.

The incoming trains all bore evidence of the storm without, those from the South being especially covered with snow. The trains on the Iron Mountain looked as though they had come through a heavy storm and the Cairo Short Line cars were covered with white. Conductors report fourteen inches of snow down about Paducah, while considerable snow has fallen down about Arcadia. Western trainmen do not report as heavy a fall.

COMING DOWN.

Heavy Fall of Snow in the Allegheny Mountain Region.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 27.—The snowstorm which started in last evening proved to be the heaviest that has been known here for several years. Up to 10 o'clock this morning 12 inches of snow had fallen and it is still snowing. Trains on all roads are delayed, and there is much doubt whether the Eastern trains will be able to get over the mountains. Street car travel in the city is seriously interfered with, and in some parts of the city telegraph and telephone wires are down. Little wind accompanied the storm here, which reduced the damage which would have otherwise been done to wires. There is no ice in the river, and rivermen are looking for a thaw, which

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

ON THE RACK.

Inspector Williams Tortured by the Lexow Examiner.

His Record Brought to View by Merciless Lawyer Goff.

A DEFECTIVE MEMORY THE ONLY SHIELD OF THE WITNESS.

Could Not Remember His Trial Before Police Commissioners Upon Grave Charges or the Outcome of the Hearing—Had not Disturbed Certain Houses of Ill-Fame Because They Were Fashionable.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Chairman Lexow came in soon after 11 o'clock, followed by Mr. Goff. The Recorder-elect was seen to be in a perturbed state of mind. Mr. O'Connor soon came in. Mr. Goff was much excited and spoke in an animated tone. He called the names of Capts. Martens, Meakim, Washburn and Westervelt. It was stated by Inspector Williams that Westervelt was sick.

Mr. Goff retorted: "Capt. Westervelt was well enough to be at his station two hours ago when he was subpoenaed. Capt. Meakim has been ill," continued Mr. Goff, "but a police sergeant has testified that his illness, muscular rheumatism, is not serious enough to prevent his attendance if he desires to come. I shall ask you to call on Capt. Meakim. If he is an honest man, and not guilty of the corruptness charged against him, he will come here and testify. I hope these words will reach him and that he will weigh their significance."

Then Mr. Goff called Inspector Williams. The Inspector, carrying with him a large book, then took the stand.

He looked perfectly composed and ready for the fray. Mr. Martens here entered the committee room and took a seat near the bench.

Mr. Goff began by asking Williams about some international treaties, and then asked: "Will you swear that Parkins did not get a check for $500 through you when you were Superintendent of the Street Cleaning Department?"

"I will not."

"Everybody, you say, who has testified against you is a perjurer or a liar. Now has there ever been a member of the police force charged with more corruption than you?"

"I have not been charged with corruption."

"Were you ever charged with stealing socks?"

"No."

Mr. Goff referred to a document and said: "I find that on March 29, 1878, you were charged by Louise Smith, the keeper of a disreputable house, with taking from her six pocket handkerchiefs, one gold-headed cane, one pistol, one pair of slippers, one vest and one and a half dozen pairs of socks."

"I don't remember it."

"Haven't you read up your record often enough since this committee sat to remember it? Don't you know that Supt. Walling brought these charges against you?"

"He did not. The woman brought them."

"Were you found guilty?"

"I don't think so. I can find out by referring to my record."

"I don't want your record. I want you to answer my questions. Don't think that because you wear a gold shield here and are an inspector that you are different from any other witnesses."

"I know I am not."

"Will you swear that on April 2, 1878, you did not go to police headquarters to stand your trial on these charges?"

"I don't recollect."

"Did not you swear yesterday that you had been charged with offenses eighteen times. Can't you remember these offenses?"

"No; I can tell you by referring to my record."

"I wish to say," said Mr. Goff, "that in a charge brought against Inspector Williams by Howard Crosby, the Commissioners were divided.

Coming to the time Williams had charge of the Eighth Precinct, Mr. Goff asked the witness if there were any houses of ill-fame there?

"I found them there," witness replied.

"And you left them there?"

"Yes; because they were fashionable at that time."

Mr. Goff then called off the names of many notorious houses in Mercer, Green, Sullivan and Bleecker streets. Williams said he had heard of them, and had assisted the Board of Education to close them up. He insisted that they were "alleged" disorderly houses, although he had said at the time that he knew all about them at the inquiry instituted by the Board of Education.

In his examination yesterday Inspector William went on the stand in full uniform and behaved very coolly. He testified that prior to his joining the force, in 1868, he was a ship's carpenter, and that at that time he was worth $15,000 to $20,000. He explained his transactions in real estate, and swore that he was never connected, directly or indirectly, with the Hollywood whisky company. Williams denied Schmittberger's statements, and branded him as a liar. He was on the stand an hour and ten minutes without making an admission damaging to himself. His examination was adjourned by Mr. Goff until Thursday.

During the witness' testimony Mr. Goff's temper seemed to be rising, while the Inspector seemed determined to baffle the counsel's efforts.

"Do you know a man named Fleece?"

"What is he?" queried the witness.

"That makes no difference. Do you know a man of that name?"

"Yes."

"He is a whisky dealer?"

"Yes."

"He is a very good fellow?"

"I am glad to hear you call anyone a good fellow, Mr. Goff," said Williams, and some laughter followed.

"Did you ever try to get him appointed foreman of the Grand-Jury?"

"No."

"There have been a number of charges against you."

"I think I have been charged with every offense on the calendar. In spite of that I feel rather healthy."

"How many times have you been brought before the Police Board?"

"Eighteen."

"How many times have you been charged with violation of the law of the land?"

"I never violated the laws."

Mr. Goff got the Inspector to say that he would not give the name of the proprietor of a house of ill-fame to the committee in 1874, because he considered the committee not an honest one.

"Did you ever know of an honest investi-

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

TO KILL OPEL.

Strange Man Forces an Entrance Into His House.

Discovered by Mr. Opel and Chased Down the Stairs.

MAY HAVE BEEN AN ASSASSIN WHO CAME TO KILL HIM.

The Visitor Came Twice in the Dead of Night—When Pursued He Made His Escape in a Cab—Mr. Opel Doesn't Know Whether or Not to Connect the Mystery With His Divorce Troubles.

In place of a scandal the Opel family has developed a mystery—whether or not it has any connection with the recent divorce case remains to be seen. At any rate, there is a dark suspicion, but vaguely expressed, that it has.

The mystery consists of two visits to the Opel residence by an unknown man in the dead of night, on one of which occasions he secured an entrance to the house and even reached the second floor before being discovered. The second instance happened the very next night, but the unknown was frightened away before getting inside the house. There is a mysterious cab mixed up

LOUIS OPEL.

in the first affair, which adds largely to the mystery.

The Opel residence is a palatial structure at 4160 Lindell avenue. It is occupied by Mr. Opel, his four daughters, Mr. Opel's mother and for the time being by Mr. Roy Bullen, the fiance of Miss Blanche Opel. Last Sunday morning the occupants of the house were aroused by the furious barking of two small dogs which are allowed to sleep indoors at night to serve as a burglar alarm. The entire family was awakened by the noise and they listened.

In the hall on the second floor they could hear the stealthy footsteps of a man as he crept along as silently as possible. Then they heard a tremendous crash. The individual, whoever he was, had evidently stumbled and fallen, but, strange to say, instead of fleeing for safety, as an ordinary would naturally do, they heard him turn the knob of the door of Mr. Opel's mother's room and brace himself against it.

AROUSED THE HOUSEHOLD.

Naturally, the inmates of the house were terribly alarmed. The women screamed and Mr. Opel sprang from his bed and rushed out into the hall.

He could just see a man disappearing down the circular stairway. Finding the door of Mrs. Opel's room locked and hearing the screams of the women he had decided to take refuge in flight. Mr. Opel although unarmed and clad only in his night shirt, set out in hot pursuit of the man. He ran down the staircase to the front door, which the pursuer had opened and slammed behind him. In his excitement he had some difficulty in getting it open again, and when he finally succeeded and got out on the stoop the intended victim had disappeared. Everything was still save the rattling of a cab dying away in the distance.

He then returned and began investigating the mode of ingress to the house. He found that entrance had been made through one of the side windows, the sash having been forced up. Upstairs he discovered the cause of the terrible crash. The intruder in creeping along the hall had stepped on the head of a dog, attached to a skin of this animal lying in the hall, and had fallen.

The rattling of that cab came back to his mind, and on investigation he learned that one of his little daughters had looked out of the front window while her father was in the midst of his headlong pursuit and had seen a cab standing at the corner of Lindell boulevard and Sarah street. It disappeared south as soon as the stranger got out of the house.

MR. OPEL'S SUSPICIONS.

Then came the first tangible suspicions into the mind of Mr. Opel. The fact of the carriage being in the vicinity of his house at that hour in the morning, its disappearance simultaneously with the intruder, the persistence of this individual in trying the door after he must have known the inmates of the house were aroused and lastly the fact that Mrs. Opel occupied the room in which Mr. Opel had been in

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

GOLDEN HAIR.

Causes a Scene Between De Donato and Mrs. J. Matheis.

Maker of Wigs Summoned Into Court on a Charge of Assault.

ALLEGED THAT HE RETURNED INFERIOR FLEECE FOR MISS MATHEIS' LOCKS.

Mrs. Matheis Went to Him to Complain and She Charges That Mr. De Donato Used Her Roughly—Threatens Civil Suit—What Mrs. De Donato Has to Say About the Happening.

A rather peculiar story was related by Mrs. Josephine Matheis of 3101 Thomas street, when she applied for and was granted a summons charging F. De Donato, the hair-dresser, of 519 Olive street, with disturbing the peace. Mrs. Matheis was accompanied by her attorney, Mr. Frank McManus. Mrs. Matheis is the mother of a girl about 7 or 8 years old, who, for her beauty, winning ways, intelligence and generosity, has become the pet, not only of her parents and other members of her family, but all with whom she has come in contact. At present, however, the little girl is sick, and her life is despaired of by her friends.

Shortly after the little one took sick Mrs. Matheis said her heavy head of golden hair, which hung down below her waist, began to drop out. Mrs. Matheis could not have preserved gems more guardedly than she did each strand of that silken fleece, which dropped out whenever the hair was dressed. She gathered an immense bundle of the little sick child's hair, and when the approach of the holidays came she thought it would be a good idea to have her little daughter presented with a dainty doll whose hair should be that which had fallen from her own dear head; and, in case the girl died, she reasoned that it would be a keepsake of the daughter.

Accordingly she bought a wax doll and, together with a bundle of her darling's hair, Mrs. Matheis sent it, so she claims, to the hair store of F. D. Donato to have the natural hair placed on the doll's head.

CLAIMS THE HAIR WAS CHANGED.

A few days later the doll was returned to Mrs. Matheis. It has a blonde wig, but then Mrs. Matheis claims that the hair she had turned over to Mr. Donato had not been used, and that with which the doll had been dressed was greatly interspersed with frizzy gray hairs. At this alleged discovery, on Dec. 21, Mrs. Matheis took the doll and proceeded to Donato's store. Accosting the hair dresser she said she did not want the doll unless its head was covered with the hair she had turned over to him for that purpose, and she wanted either the hair or both the doll and it.

During the conversation Mrs. Matheis became quite indignant, and informed Mr. Donato that she would not have him do any work for her again; that she would get some other hair dealer to do as she asked. At this juncture, Mrs. Matheis claims, that Donato came from behind his counter, seized her by the arms, abused and shoved her around until she finally rushed out into the street. She went home and decided at once to institute proceedings against Mr. Donato, to make him pay for his alleged misconduct; hence the police summons.

Attorney McManus, when seen in regard to the case, said he would probably institute a civil suit for $5,000 damages against Donato for slander, and on other grounds as well.

MRS. DE DONATO'S DENIAL.

Mr. De Donato was not at his place of business when a reporter for the Post-Dispatch called, but his wife was, and stated very forcibly that she thought Mrs. Matheis was crazy. "She must be crazy," said Mrs. De Donato, "or she never would have made the statement she has. She came in here before Christmas and gave me a lot of combings which wouldn't weigh half an ounce. Her son was here and knows I told her so. She came in Christmas day and made a perfect scene and said she knew there were four pounds of hair and that it was worth $50 a pound. Why, even the seven Southerland sisters haven't four pounds of hair on their heads. She said one of our competitors told her so and picked up a basket to throw at me, I told her I was not used to dealing with ladies, and that Del Donato would hear of it. We used no violence. I never had any other dealings with her and want no more.

STRONG CASE.

Further Evidence to Show Annie Boghines' Character.

A Letter From Frank P. Walsh of Kansas City.

CAN PROCURE AFFIDAVITS TO SHOW THE WOMAN PERJURED HERSELF.

A Case Where She Described a Murder and the Missing Man Turned Up Alive—Her Perjury Case Here Continued—Gov. Johnson to Assist the Prosecution—Kaiser and Heinze Granted a Stay.

Additional evidence is daily coming to light tending to prove that Annie Boghines, the colored witness upon whose identification Henry Kaiser and Jacob Heinze were convicted of the murder of Stockman Edwin E. Brown, is utterly unworthy of belief. The following letter from Frank P. Walsh, Assistant City Counselor at Kansas City, was awaiting Attorney Andrew A. Duggan, lawyer for the accused men, on his return on Wednesday night from Jefferson City, where he had gone to consult with Gov. Stone regarding the case and secured a stay of execution from Jan. 3 to Jan. 31:

Law Department, Kansas City, Mo. Office of City Counselor, Dec. 25, 1894.

A. A. Duggan, Esq., 506 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

Dear Sir—I received a letter from a man in St. Louis to-day asking me to endeavor to obtain affidavits in regard to the reputation of Annie Boghines, and requesting me to forward same to you. I immediately called upon Chief Speers and he will willingly make affidavit that the woman is utterly unworthy of belief. During her residence here she repeatedly volunteered as a witness in felony cases upon behalf of the State. The theory of the police is that she did so to curry favor with the department so that she might not be molested in her business as a lewd house keeper. So notorious did her conduct become in this respect that the Chief issued an order prohibiting the officers to use her testimony against persons charged with crime, and raided her house until her business was destroyed.

During her residence here she figured in one case which seems to be a counterpart of the Heinze and Kaiser case. Several years ago the collector for one of the large meat packing establishments mysteriously disappeared. As he had a large sum of money in his possession, his friends very much feared that he had been murdered and robbed, and color was given to their theory from the fact that he had been last seen in a disreputable portion of the city. While the newspapers were discussing the case Annie Boghines came forward with a most sensational statement to the effect that she stood unobserved and saw one Collins and two other persons rob the missing man and throw the body into the Missouri River. She gave the scene of the murder as the river bank, directly under the Hannibal bridge, and gave the most minute and particular description of the alleged tragedy, even describing the splash the body made as it was thrown into the water. The accused proved their innocence and the "deceased" afterwards turned up in the flesh. This was considered her masterpiece in the testifying line in this community.

If you will wire me upon receipt of this letter to do so I will take a notary to Police Headquarters and take affidavits of the Chief of Police, captains, detectives, etc., who are acquainted with the Boghines woman and her career in this city, and will willingly hear testimony to the fact that they believe her to be a professional perjurer.

The letter I received was from a friend of the accused, who urged me to act at once, but, as you are the attorney in the case, I felt a delicacy about interfering unless requested by you.

I understand that the accused are without means, so that if I can be of assistance to you in the behalf mentioned and further the cause of justice, I will be glad to do so without compensation. Very truly, FRANK P. WALSH.

Mr. Duggan said that he would wire Mr. Walsh to secure the affidavits. The attorney said that his interview with the Governor lasted but a few minutes. Gov. Stone was very busy at his report and said that he had no time to give to the matter. He ordered a stay and told Mr. Duggan to bring the papers in the case to him about the middle of January. Mr. Duggan says that he has already ten affidavits, not counting those which he expects to secure from Kansas City.

THE PERJURY CASE.

The case of Annie Boghines on a charge of perjury alleged to have been committed at the trial of Kaiser and Heinze came up in the Court of Criminal Correction on a preliminary hearing, but was continued until next Saturday because of the absence of Attorney Duggan, who was late in arriving, and it was not known that he had returned from Jefferson City. Gov. Charles P. Johnson has consented to assist in the prosecution of the case. He was present in court, but did not want to go into the hearing without Mr. Duggan. Col. John I. Martin is defending the Boghines woman.

Gov. Johnson was asked regarding his connection with the case, which is quite recent, and said:

"I am assisting in the prosecution at the request of Mr. Duggan. I am doing so without any compensation. I want to help Duggan along, and he is deeply interested in the case, and it is a great responsibility. From the statements made to me by Mr. Duggan, I am convinced that the accused are innocent."

"Will you also assist in presenting the matter to the Governor?" Mr. Johnson was asked.

"I may," replied Gov. Johnson. "I will give Mr. Duggan any assistance that is in my power."

THE PRISONERS HOPEFUL.

Kaiser and Heinze are very hopeful. When seen in jail Kaiser showed the telegram which he received from Attorney Duggan informing him of the stay. Both men are very thankful for the kindness shown them by the press and expressed sanguine hopes of obtaining executive clemency.

LIKE A FIEND.

Killed a Negro Boy and Danced on the Dead Body.

BAY MINNETTE, Ala., Dec. 27.—The most brutal crime ever known here was committed yesterday. Tim Thompson, a little negro boy, was asked to dance for the amusement of a crowd of white toughs enjoying a Christmas spree. The boy refused, saying he was a church member. With an ax, Jim Jestline, one of the toughs, knocked him down with a club and then armed with both began to dance over his prostrate form. Not content with the brute coolly drew a pistol and taking deliberate aim, put a bullet through the boy's head. He is reported dead. The murderer escaped.

LAST EDITIO

AFTER $140,0

Carnegie Expects to Beat United States Governmen

But Has Not Disclosed His I to Secretary Herbert.

MEANTIME MORE ROTTEN ARM PUT ON WARSHIPS.

Basis of the Claims for Repaym the Fine to the Carnegie Com The Plates Have Not Been Reje The Senate Naval Committee Checkmate the Ironmaster Wants to Do So.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The announce that Andrew Carnegie will attempt cover the fine of $140,000 imposed President for delivering rotten a the Government excited the Navy ment. Secretary Herbert appear greatly surprised, as no doubt wa Carnegie in New York, who fo perfectly obvious, would prefe have had the fact disclosed, unti tracts for armor had been comple contracts will not expire before J further "tests" will have to b plates turned out at Homestead.

When Mr. Herbert was asked story he said that Mr. Carne mentioned the company's plan iron-master talked with him las Then Mr. Herbert quibbled on t to how Mr. Carnegie expected t fund of damage assessment. tary was sure that no court will be instituted, as the papers fine contained a clause that no be brought to recover. Opinions as to whether thi would prevent the bringing of fer. Good lawyers consider tha circumstances it is no bar to ceedings. Mr. Herbert says t manded satisfaction for the d sulting from those irregulariti formed them (Messrs. Frick an that they would only be allowed with the contract on condition full reparation."

The Carnegie Company having contracts with the Government w position to risk them by refusing t to the demand. Carnegie had to fine, and in a court his attorneys say a good deal about duress. On peal to the President the Carnegie neys disputed the Government's right the contract to assess damages. plates were defective, they argued should have been thrown out; but they good enough to take.

Secretary Herbert, if legal proceedin brought, may find that little clause he clings to as his only hope of bet quitted on the charge of being outgen —that's a charitable word—by Carne little account. Carnegie may save h milliation by taking a different cours Carnegie is after the $140,000, and h employ whatever means he deems recover it. Mr. Herbert may as w allow that now as later.

The Secretary is not in a talkative these days. He will not give any add reasons for accepting the last ba defective armor for the Oregon, n he discuss the advantage to the Cr Company of his statement to the Committee, that it would be ur, fec to subject the rotten plates on the war vessels to further ballistic The basis of claim for recovery o that will be set up by the Carnegie pany will be that the armor calle by contract has not been rejected on the side of the war vessels. Herbert's advice given t Senate Naval Committee, before whi House resolution directing the n plugged armor is now pending. accepted, it is obvious to any on case of the Carnegie company a measurably strengthened. But will not talk about these fe the Carnegie company's plan, an tent to quibble as to how the iro will proceed to secure the repay the $140,000. It would seem that t "blowholes" in the Navy Departm well as in Carnegie's armor.

Andrew Carnegie wants a "windi and considering the ease with which managed to manipulate the Navy D ment and to carry his influence up" to the White House, he is cou to select the course of procedure to it. Secretary Herbert probably h heard of the Quay amendment to th mings resolution calling for the r and retesting of the rotten Carnegie Senator Quay's amendment provid if the plates subjected to test shall n requirements, the fine imposed sh remitted. Andrew Carnegie has two friends in the Senate—Mr. Quay an Cameron—and it is not unreasona connect the offering of the amendmen Mr. Carnegie.

It is within the power of the Naval Committee to checkmate the cious programme of the Carnegie co by passing the Cummings resolutio settling in time of peace the qu whether the navy sheathed with armor is fit for war. No claim men are very thankful for the kindness urged if that resolution be passed Senate. But Carnegie influence is p in the Senate, and the whole matter be hushed up if Quay and Camer bring it about. Secretary Herbe played into the hands of the Carneg pany by urging that no further inv tion be had, and there is no questi if the repayment of the fine is not de sooner a bill will be introduced in Congress to give Carnegie a ation" by repaying the fine.

Secretary Herbert has furnished Quay and Cameron with argument can be plausibly urged in the interest passage of the bill. The action of Secretary in placing himself in position might be considered as wa a character in "Pinafore," were it serious and humiliating.

Mr. Herbert at present is the chief cle to a thorough investigation of the fighting abilities of the new me dently he wants to have forgotten startling facts of the scandal brou by the House investigation. Yet th doubt that if the Cummings reso recommended in the Senate Naval Committee that the Carnegie plates will from.

COXEY-BROWNE.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

practically carry out the cardinal principles of the Populist party.

The time is coming," said Browne, with conviction of the sincerest belief, "when we got to demonetize both gold and silver. Until we realize that paper backed by vernment credit is the only money at will always be involved."

aving made this sweeping fundamental tement the Commonwealer leaned back is chair and proceeded to dilate on the acy of unlimited distribution of greenas the panacea for all financial ills. seemed happy in his declarations.

ne definite policy must be adopted by party on which to make its national in 1896, and the expression of Browne, uoted above, constitutes the germ of ion-interest bearing bond scheme which Coxey intends to have the conference

FREE SILVER TALK.

believe in free silver," says Carl ne. "Not because it is a way out of ancial troubles, but because there are any men engaged in it. One faction attempt to make the coinage of silver ratio of 16 to 1 the whole platform, but all fight this. If we win then Gen.

CARL BROWNE.

becomes the logical candidate for t."

his conversation Mr. Browne drift- the subject of the Commonweal d his talk showed that that move- still uppermost in his mind.

ASHINGTON EXPERIENCE.

wne recalled with a good deal of it the day last summer on which off his beard, and dressing him- arb representing himself as the f Liberty," addressed an admir- at Washington on the topic h he appears to have become imbued. Some idea of this be gained from the following ex-

overnment of the District of n is the most tyrannical on ere is no appeal from the de- zar Cleveland, through his court ges. The jails of the district are e thumb-screw and the rack of torial period of the dark ages. hy form under the Corinthian umns of the portioes of the Nato-day there is a body of representatives of the people, resentatives, lolling on the vel- s, the pampered and petted pup- Rothschilds' gold ring, like harharem of Oriental debauchery. he lecherous lickspittles of a law- day Sodom and Gomorrah, and used as a cloak to conceal—to lull the thoughtless people with these. ave stolen the livery of heaven to he devil—the money power."

he door of Mr. Browne's apartments e Lindell is pinned the following

ommonweal. Coxey. Non-Interest ng Bond Headquarters. Walk in and home.

CARL BROWNE."

t wait until Lafe Pence and Jerry son, Senator Stewart and Gov. Waite he rest of the free silver or bust men ere, and if Carl Browne with his deization of all metal moneys doesn't something drop the bewhiskered ora- of the silver States will be false to records of the past.

COXEY IS HERE.

He Will Be President if the People Want Him.

Jacob S. Coxey of Commonweal and staunch advocate of Populistic ew arrived in the city on a morning to attend the meeting of the National itive Committee of the People's par- be held at the Lindell on Friday and rday. This evening he will deliver an ss at Chatsworth Hall, in which he speak as to what he considers to be of the present depression, and en- r to show his "Good Roads" and terest Bearing Bonds" bills as the dy.

oxey stated that he is not a special for the nomination of President Populist ticket at the next cam- but intimated he would accept the ion should it be tendered him. members of the party are of the that he is certain to secure the ion.

plan is simple and business-like," he and will do more to swell the ranks Populists than anything else they can think the Populists are the coming everyone is disgusted with the presiministration, and by 1896 the people st as much disgusted with the Republicans they are now with the Democrats. most important question now before ople is the money question. Carlisle ing to solve it, but has not hit the y. He does not propose to issue any at all, but proposes to issue bank s instead. His plan is to put up $1 of l money and base $3 of credit upon it. roposition is for all municipalities to their bonds without interest, running ty-five years, and to deposit them as security for the repayment of the y, with the Secretary of the Treasury shington, mandatory upon the Secreo issue the face value of those bonds l legal tender money.

order to illustrate my plan more fully, r example your own city. Suppose y of St. Louis was assessed at $200,000. this bill they would be entitled to bond of $100,000, running for twenty- ars without interest. Deposit that ith the Secretary of the Treasury at ington as security that this money be paid back in twenty-five annual ments, or at the rate of 4 per cent per , all payments to be applied on the al without interest. Then the Secof the Treasury would authorize the of the face value of the bond in full mber paper money, keeping out $1,000 for the engraving and printing and rding $20,000 to the City Treasurer of uls to be expended in building electlight plants, water-works, school s, paving streets, and in fact all sorts blic improvements. When you comd you had $2 worth of assessed propback of every dollar received, and you have finished your improvements id out the $20,000 for value created ll have $200,000 in property and $2 erty back of every dollar in circulaThen you tax the people to raise and er cent per annum on the amount ed, and in twenty-five years you will bond paid off and cancelled, and have paid one cent of tribute in the interest to any corporation for the at money."

FIRST SNOW.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

will make navigation safe and permit the shipment of coal to Southern ports.

The snow was general over this section, and especially severe in the Allegheny Mountains, where it drifted and impeded travel. Through trains from the East are from four to seven hours late, and from the West they were nearly as much behind time. Up to this hour no wrecks have been reported. At 8 a. m. the thermometer registered 20 degrees above zero at the United States Signal Station here. The predictions given were that the storm would continue until night, followed by colder weather.

STORM OF SLEET

Plays Havoc With Telegraph and Telephone Wires.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.—The sleet storm following last night's fall of snow appears to have wrought the most damage to telegraph and telephone circuits within a radius of fifty miles of this city. The Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies are badly crippled on every circuit. Just outside the city limits on the Western Trunk route of the former company thirteen poles are down and wires broken. Further west five more are prostrated. On other routes almost the same condition of affairs is reported. The Postal company reports wires south, west and north in bad shape. The long-distance telephones are in bad shape, with fifty poles down in Camden alone, and outside that city the condition is just as bad. While the storm was severe at Delaware Breakwater, no shipping disaster is reported. The only damage to shipping in this harbor was that caused by a few vessels dragging their anchors and banking against the wharves. Snow is from four to eighteen inches deep over Pennsylvania to-day, and many localities are reported to have a greater fall of snow.

Sandy Hook Cut Off.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—There is no direct telegraphic communication between this city and Sandy Hook owing to the storm. All messages are received by way of Long Branch. At Sandy Hook the wind is blowing a moderate gale from east-northeast and the rain continues. The only steamer passing inward at the Hook up to 11 a. m. was the Clyde Line steamer Algonquin, from Jacksonville and Charleston. The American Line steamer Berlin, for Southampton, passed Sandy Hook at 10 o'clock. The Chalmette of the same line cleared the bar at 9:15. The wires to the quarantine station have been working.

The White Star Liner Majestic, which anchored in the lower bay last night on account of the storm, reached Quarantine shortly after 8 o'clock this morning and left for her dock at 9 o'clock. The water along Staten Island shore is unusually high and in many places the waves make a clean breach over the docks. At Quarantine the waves are breaking over the stone wall which was built to protect the shore along the front of the Quarantine grounds.

In New York State.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Reports from the interior indicate serious interruption to railway traffic, Central New York showing the most general disturbance.

At Syracuse there is 18 inches of snow; trains are from one to three hours late, and street cars are unable to move. No trains have reached Auburn from the East, and the morning train from the West was two hours late.

In Western New York the storm is severe. The storms all along the New England coasts are heavy. In Maine the heavy snowfall is a source of gladness to lumbermen, who are waiting for an opportunity to clear the camp of the season's cut.

Snow, Rain and Hail.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 27.—The storm in this vicinity continued all night, with heavy gales. About 4 inches of snow fell. It was followed by rain and hail. Beyond the damage to some telegraph poles and interruption of telephone service on several circuits no change is reported.

Raged at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 27.—The fierce snow and sleet storm which set in at 3 o'clock yesterday throughout the State raged furiously until 9 o'clock, and continued in a milder form during the night. At noon the sun broke through, but the skies still look ominous. No serious blockades nor interruptions to traffic have been reported.

Found Frozen.

MARTIN'S FERRY, O., Dec. 27.—John Moreland was found frozen this morning at Gleim's Run, near his home. He was an old soldier and worked in the Elson Glass Factory. He had started to walk home from here last night and was caught in the storm.

Howling Over Northern Ohio.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 27.—A howling storm, with a fine, penetrating snow, commenced here early last evening. The wind, which reached a velocity of 45 miles an hour during the night, has subsided today. Only about 3 inches of snow has fallen, but it is drifted badly in places, causing delay to travel. Mails from the East are reported four hours behind time, while trains from the West are about an hour late owing to the storm.

Two Feet Deep.

CANADAIGUA, N. Y., Dec. 27.—Snow has been falling for the last 10 hours and lies two feet deep on a level and badly drifted in places. Traffic on the Central Hudson and Northern Central railroads is blocked and can scarcely be resumed within 24 hours.

Mountain Cuts Filled.

DUBOIS, Pa., Dec. 27.—The snowstorm which set in about dusk last evening has continued without abatement. This morning the snow is still falling and the ground is already covered to a depth of 20 inches.

Traffic on the Allegheny Valley Railroad is practically at a standstill, the snow having drifted to such a depth in the mountain cuts that the trains are snowbound. Travel on the public highway is out of the question. Telegraph and telephone wires are prostrated.

In Canada.

TORONTO, Ontario, Dec. 27.—A blizzard struck this city early this morning, demoralising street railway traffic for three hours. The velocity of the wind decreased towards noon, but snow is still falling. Reports from towns in the eastern part of the province indicate heavy snowstorms, with the thermometer hanging around the bulb.

In the Adirondacks.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Dec. 27.—The Adirondacks are bing storm-swept by a blizzard. A foot of snow has fallen since midnight and is being drifted by a northern gale.

Trains Delayed.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 27.—The snow, which is badly drifting, has delayed all railroad traffic hereabouts.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and Considerably Colder To-Night and To-Morrow.

Forecast for St. Louis and Vicinity—Fair and considerably colder Thursday night; fair Friday.

For Missouri—Fair and colder, with cold wave to-night; Friday fair, with colder in eastern portion; brisk northwest winds.

For Arkansas—Fair; colder to-night; northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

For Illinois—Local snows to-day; fair, with cold wave to-night; Friday fair and continued cold; brisk northwest winds.

The storm which was noted in the South on Wednesday morning has moved rapidly to the New Jersey coast, with greatly increased energy. It has caused general rains and snows from the Gulf States northeastward, and has been followed by a severe cold wave, the line of freezing temperature extending into Florida. Elsewhere in the country abnormally high pressure and a decided cold wave prevail, the barometer reading above 31.10 inches in the Dakotas, and the line of zero temperature extending into Kansas.

The cold weather in this vicinity will continue, and the temperature will probably fall to between 5 and 10 degrees above zero Thursday night.

ON THE RACK.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

gating committee before which you appeared?"

"Yes."

"Have you the audacity to sit there now and say that these houses were a menace to the neighborhood."

"Yes, sir."

"Do you remember a charge made against you by a man in Vesey street?"

"The case was never tried, as the complainant found that he was in the wrong," the witness said.

WHAT CROKER MEANT.

ntended no Threat of Personal Violence to Mr. Cockran.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Richard Croker has explained what he meant when he said in reference to W. Bourke Cockran in his statement printed on Tuesday:

"If he refuses to come before the committee, the next time I meet him—no matter where I meet him—I will demand a personal explanation."

This statement has been generally accepted as being a threat that Mr. Cockran will be in danger of personal violence if he should fail to make a satisfactory explanation to Mr. Croker.

"I did not mean anything of this sort," declared Mr. Croker. "All that I intended to convey was that when I do meet Mr. Cockran I shall ask him to explain why he has attacked me, and to prove to me the truth of the assertion he has made. I shall in this way give him a chance to set himself right."

Mr. Croker also said that he should not attend the meeting of the Executive Committee unless Mr. Cockran was to be there. He is not a member.

"I do not confine my charges to Cockran," continued Mr. Croker. "I invite all my enemies, if I have any inside of Tammany Hall, to meet me and substantiate any charges they wish to make against me, if they can. Let them come out like men and say what they have to say against me, and not attack me behind my back or over fictitious names."

SHOEMAKERS' STRIKE.

Demand for Restoration of Wages at Haverhill—Labor Parade.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Dec. 27.—With 90 per cent of the shoe workers of this city earning less than $7 a week the International Labor Union made a demand on the manufacturers that they should restore the prices that existed before the panic of 1892, the shoe industry being at the present time at its height. The machine lasters were called out, but no compromise could be effected. The affair culminated when W. W. Spaulding, the largest manufacturer of the city, locked out all his turner workmen because they attended the labor rally. The strikers and locked-out men formed a parade and marched to the shoe district, when the women stitchers at Spaulding's quit work and they joined in the demand for more wages as well as the parade. The strikers declare that the present fight is to establish a uniform list of prices, and in this, although they have only grievances against a few manufacturers, all the shoe manufactories will be concerned. While a $50,000 conflagration was raging the fourth parade of the day was formed and headed for the fire lines. It contained 400 men, but was increased by as many thousand when it reached the hall. Here inflammatory speeches were delivered by the labor leaders and Armenian, Polish, Hebrew and French Anarchists, who urged the men to come out and join the strikers. The line of the parade was ablaze with fireworks and was headed by a band.

The general strike will not be ordered until this afternoon, and the manufacturers have until noon to restore the former price list. This strike will affect nearly 6,000 men and women, who claim that no compromise will be accepted, but that the fight will be to the end. A contract system now in vogue in the larger factories, which keeps the foreign element down, must be broken, say the men, or it will extend throughout the shoe world. The strikers were orderly and no act of violence was reported.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.

Passed a Quiet Night and Somewhat Better To-Day.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Lord Randolph Churchill passed a quiet night and this morning is in a less comatose condition and somewhat stronger.

A ROYAL SCANDAL.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 27.—While the world has wondered at the erratic conduct of Lord Randolph Churchill in so suddenly dropping to almost obscurity from a place of power and great prominence in his party, a few have possessed the key which unfolds the explanation. Marquis de Fontenoy explains it as follows:

"It was while Churchill and his wife were on a visit to the Queen at Windsor something happened—something came to his ears—which altered the whole tenor of his life, and constituted the starting point of that gradual decline which has now culminated in his idiocy. What it was is known only to a few with any degree of certainty, and those have, like Lord Randolph himself, kept the matter a profound secret from motives of patriotism—aye, and of loyalty as well.

"Lady Randolph and himself had dined with the Queen, as usual, at 8:30, and had shown manifest pleasure at the marked graciousness with which they were treated by the Queen. Both were in excellent spirits during the repast, and there was no premonition of anything untoward. Yet on the following morning Lord and Lady Churchill left the castle before breakfast and without waiting to be conveyed to the station in royal carriages, and prior to leaving Lord Randolph had written, on note paper bearing the Queen's cipher and the Windsor Castle heading, very curt letters to Lord Salisbury and to the Queen herself, resigning his seat in the Cabinet, his Chancellorship of the Exchequer and his leadership of the House of Commons. The Queen was indignant at the gross discourtesy with which she considered herself to have been treated, and Lord Salisbury, too, was greatly enraged, since it upset all his calculations and gave a great shock to his administration, of which Lord Randolph was far and away the most popular member. As time went on this irritation on the part of the Queen and the Tory Premier increased, since they regarded Lord Randolph as responsible for the rumors instituated, rather than circulated, by his friends, to the effect that his happiness had been wrecked by royal libertinism."

Burial Permits.

Pauline M. Koenig, 25, 2634 South Twelfth; peritonitis.

Infant son of Walker Sharp, 12 hours, 2329 Hickory street; premature birth.

William Vensel, 69, 3919 Lee avenue; thrombosis.

Mary Brinkmeyer, 74, 822 Ann avenue; apoplexy.

Ida A. Fischer, 8, 2707 Winnebago street; diphtheria.

Rosa Mueller, 64, 1414 Montrose avenue; apoplexy.

Emilie Goerger, 28, 4219 Gratiot street; hemorrhage.

Alma Schultz, 3, 1218 Cass avenue; diphtheria.

John Howard, 40, 3739 Hickory street; cirrhosis of liver.

Christiana Schork, 68, 1545 South Second street; pneumonia.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

Tree Fell on Him.

William Green, 29 years old, living at 2019 North Ninth street, was taken to the City Hospital suffering from a broken leg. Five weeks ago, while cutting and loading wood on the steamer Cherokee at Sycamore Landing, Ill., a tree fell unexpectedly, one of the branches of which struck him on the leg, breaking that member. He was attended to by a country doctor, but the bone refused to knit, and it was decided to bring him to this city, where he may receive more skillful treatment.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

TO KILL OPEL.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

the habit of sleeping all came into his mind and those of the other members of his family, and thoughts they dare not express arose.

The strange thing about the occurrence is (and one which to a suspicious person seems unusually significant) that on the following night another attempt was made to get into the house. This time, however, the barking of the dogs frightened the person away before entrance had been secured, but in view of what had happened twenty-four hours previously it looked a little ominous.

Every effort has been made by the Opels to keep these strange happenings from the public. No report of either of these incidents was made to the police, which, under ordinary circumstances, would be the most natural thing in the world.

A reporter for the Post-Dispatch called at the Opel residence this morning. The door was opened by Mary Mischka, the domestic, who figured as one of the witnesses in the divorce case. The object of the visit was made known to her.

"Why, yes," she started to say, "there was some one got into the house, but we don't know who it was."

Just then Mr. Roy Bullen, the prospective member of the family, came tripping down the stairs, clad in a gorgeous smoking jacket and a few other garments. He recognized the reporter and divined the object of the visit.

"There's nothing in it at all," he remarked blithely. "The night watchman just happened along on his rounds and frightened the dogs. They barked, you know—they often do that—and awoke the family. That's all there is to it. I'm giving it to you straight. This is no bluff; honest."

"And no one succeeded in getting into the house?" inquired the reporter dubiously.

"Why, certainly not," said Mr. Bullen of Chicago. "Who told you that? It's perfect nonsense. There's no news in it all. It's a week old anyhow, and I'm sure you don't want it."

Further questioning only resulted in repeated avowals from Mr. Bullen of Chicago that he was "giving the straight of it" and "running no bluff," so he was given up as a bad job.

WHAT MR. OPEL SAYS.

Mr. Opel was seen, however, with better results. He was found at his place of business, hard at work. When he learned that the story was out he recounted the facts substantially as they are given above, but all the time declaring that it did not amount to anything.

"Don't you think it a little peculiar that two such attempts should be made on successive nights?" he was asked.

"Why, certainly I do," he repeated, "but how do I know who did it?"

"Do you connect it in any way with your recent divorce trouble?" was the next question put to him.

"Well," he said slowly in reply, "I've got no right to express any suspicions, but I'm not afraid. I'll be ready for anything of that sort. I'm not worrying at all."

GAVE HIM $800.

Verdict of the Jury in the Mitchell Damage Suit—Alton Topics.

The case of James Mitchell vs. the Alton Paving, Building and Fire Brick Co. was decided yesterday in favor of the plaintiff, the jury giving him $800 damages. Mitchell, it will be remembered, had his leg crushed while unloading a car load of brick while in the employ of the brick company. The limb was afterward amputated, and Mitchell then entered suit against the company, with the above results.

The suit of the People vs. V. Wolf came up before Justice Nathan yesterday afternoon, and was decided in favor of the plaintiff, the court assessing Wolf $25 and costs for removing earth on Bluff street in front of M. Mahoney's residence. Mr. H. S. Baker was the attorney for the plaintiff and J. F. Hodges for the defendant. Notice of appeal was given.

Anton Schwab, an employe of the Reck's Brewery, was assaulted while walking along the Chicago & Alton track Tuesday night by two men, who rushed upon him and struck him with sandbags, cutting a large gash in his forehead. They were frightened away before they accomplished their purpose. Dr. G. Taphorn attended the injured man, who was not dangerously hurt.

L. Farhig, Sr., died early yesterday morning at his home on East Second street, after an illness of several months. Deceased was 80 years of age, and has been a resident of this city since 1844. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock from St. Mary's Church.

John P. McDonald and Miss Helen Schell, both of Quincy, Ill., were married Tuesday morning by Rev. Fr. Sims at the Cathedral.

The funeral of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Braunagle took place yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the St. Mary's Church to the St. Joseph Cemetery.

Marion Shyrock was arrested at East Alton yesterday for attempting to break into a house where his wife had taken refuge from him. He was ordered to leave town.

Supt. R. A. Haight and Profs. George E. Wilkinson and J. E. Turner of this city are in attendance at the State Teachers' Convention, which convenes at Springfield today.

The funeral of the late Mrs. H. B. Starr took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family home on Common street. Rev. R. H. Fry of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church conducted the services and the interment was in Grandview Cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. J. M. Logan, H. T. Wheeloch, T. H. Perrin, R. W. Stanton, A. A. Neff and Dr. Charles Davis.

DIRT ON SIDEWALKS.

Several Prominent Persons Arraigned in Judge Paxson's Court.

A. Moll, Meyer Bros., Ben Miller, F. Dette, Wm. Pabst and D. B. Carroll, all of whom are prominent Franklin avenue retail merchants, were arraigned in the Second District Police Court Wednesday morning charged with sweeping dirt from their stores into public thoroughfares. Street Department officials prosecuted the case, but succeeded in making only two of them hold. They were against Meyer Bros., who caught a $10 fine, but afterwards had it stayed, and D. B. Carroll, who was assessed cost. August Kaltemeyer and Ben Miller were discharged and the cases against F. Dette, Wm. Pabst and E. C. Kuehner were nolle prossed. Louis Meyer had his case continued until Dec. 28; Thos. F. Maloney until Jan. 10, and A. Moll until Jan. 10.

BANKERS ARRESTED.

Charged With Presenting False Statement at a Directors' Meeting.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, Dec. 27.—The directors and managers of the Commercial Bank were arrested to-day on warrants issued by Judge Conroy. They are charged with presenting a false statement of the bank's condition at the last annual meeting, by including among the securities those which were hypothecated to the London and Westminster Bank in order to offset overdrafts on it. The warrants were issued on the initiative of Dr. Skelton of the Board of Trustees, the board authorizing them. The directors are A. F. Goodridge, ex-Premier of Newfoundland; Jas. Goodfellow, Chairman of the Board of Directors; E. J. Duder, George A. Hutchings and James Petts, an ex-Cabinet Minister. The latter, however, is not yet in custody, as he is in Nova Scotia. The manager arrested is named Henry Cook. Bail will be accepted for all the prisoners. No allegations are made of personal misappropriation and some of the leading lawyers of this city say that the arrests are a mere technicality.

A Surprise.

Mr. John Driscoll, Clothing Manager of the Fair Shoe and Clothing Co., was handsomely remembered Christmas by the salespeople of the Fair, who presented him with an elegant walking-stick mounted in solid silver, with the inscription, engraved, "From your friends at the Fair." The high regard in which Mr. Driscoll is held is the reason of this token of remembrance.

Mr. Nat J. Goodman, the Manager of the Children's Clothing Department, made the presentation speech in a pleasing and appropriate manner.

LOSS OF $90,000.

Destruction of the Old Capitol Building at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 27.—The old capitol building, formerly the seat of the State Government, but now owned by Venable Bros. and used as an office building, at the corner of Marietta and Forsythe streets, was visited by a disastrous fire at 3 o'clock this morning. The total loss will reach $90,000; $40,000 on the building fully insured; Masonic lodges, $10,000; Tripod Paint Co., $15,000; Jacob S. Peters' pharmacy, $20,000; miscellaneous, $5,000. All the losses are fully covered by insurance except that of the Masons, who carried but $3,000. The building is historic. It was purchased by the State under the reconstruction regime for $400,000. When the new $1,000,000 capitol was built, it was sold to Venable Bros. for $125,000.

The firemen found the structure flooded with gas. The origin of the flames is thought to be incendiary. The firemen fought a desperate fight with obstacles of a high wind and water freezing as it fell. The fire was under control at 5 o'clock.

TO RESUME.

The Central Distillery to Start Again With a Full Force.

Al Bevis, President of the Mound City Distillery Co., says that the Central Distillery will resume operations at once in order to supply the home market with whisky. This will give employment to about fifty men. Mr. Bevis says the company has about 100 barrels left of the 2,200 placed in bond. This large quantity of whisky has been exhausted in supplying the trade since the distilleries closed. The capacity of the Central is 350 barrels a day. It is owned by the Distillery and Cattle Feeding Co. of Peoria, which Mr. Bevis says could easily supply the St. Louis trade from that point. The Constans Distillery is in full blast, and is about to build a warehouse for goods, preferring to hold them for a while. The Ravenswood will resume distilling Friday. The Government has received notice from almost all the distilleries in this district that they will start up again.

TROLL WILL TAKE HOLD.

Indictment Will Not Prevent Him From Assuming Office.

City Counselor Marshall was asked whether the indictment of Sheriff-elect Henry Troll on the charge of bribery would keep him out of the office.

"No; it will not prevent him from taking possession of the office," said Mr. Marshall, "but if he should be convicted under that charge he would under the corrupt practices act forfeit the office."

"But can he be prevented from taking the office?"

"No; he cannot."

BIG MORTGAGE FILED.

Securing the Baldwin Locomotive Co. for Debt Owed by the Santa Fe.

MACON, Mo., Dec. 27.—A mortgage, amounting to $294,051.30 has been filed in the Recorder's office in this city by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, in favor of the Baldwin Locomotive Co. of Philadelphia. This amount is due the Baldwin people for the purchase of thirty locomotives made by them, and is payable in monthly instalments of a little over $9,000 each. It is the weightiest document of the kind ever recorded in the county. It bears date of February, 1894.

SHOT HIS FATHER-IN-LAW.

Tragedy on a Missouri Highway Near Pilot Grove.

PILOT GROVE, Mo., Dec. 27.—Wright Hamilton and son-in-law, Bill Ellis, went to Nelson, a small town fifteen miles west of here, yesterday. When they left for home the victim became frightened and ran, when Hamilton tried to assist Ellis in holding it. Ellis became enraged, drew his revolver and shot Hamilton. He will die. Both men had been drinking.

CUT HIM BADLY.

Clarence Brown Uses His Knife on Alex Ewing.

Alex Ewing, 21 years old, colored, is at the City Hospital with two cuts in his abdomen and a gash in his face. He was carved by Clarence Brown, colored, at 1431 Poplar street, Wednesday night for going with Brown's girl.

CHECKING ACCOUNTS.

Legislative Committee Going Over the Insurance Commissioner's Books.

The Legislative Investigating Committee, composed of Senator Buskett of Moberly, Representative Short of Cole County and Representative Swanger of Sullivan, which is checking up the books of the various State offices, except the Governor's, is at work upon the books of the Commissioner of Insurance in the Wainwright building. It has about half completed its work and expects to finish the Insurance Commissioner's office by Friday evening or Saturday noon. So far the investigation has showed everything to be regular and in good condition, and also that under the present Commissioner the revenue of the State from this source is increasing.

SCHOOL BOARD VACANCIES.

Special Election May Be Held to Select Successors to Troll and Bus.

The election of Henry Troll as Sheriff and the appointment by him of Henry Bus as a deputy sheriff will cause two vacancies in the School Board, which will either be filled by district elections or will be left vacant. No doubt is entertained by knowing members of the board that Troll and Bus will resign their places in the board now that they are about to enter other public offices. They are district members and not members-at-large, and the rules provide that when a vacancy occurs by the resignation, death or disability of a district member his successor shall be chosen by a special election, provided the vacancy does not occur within six months of a general School Board election. In this latter event the board will choose the successor. The next general School Board election will be in November, and if Messrs. Troll and Bus resign as soon as they qualify for their new offices, the vacancies will occur more than six months prior to the election, and hence special elections will have to be held.

But the School Board may not see fit to appropriate several hundred dollars for the expenses of the elections, and the places vacated by Messrs. Troll and Bus may not be filled until the School Board has the power to choose successors; that is, at any time within six months of next November.

Widening Eighteenth Street.

A small delegation of Eighteenth street property-owners, who were not present at the meeting in the Mayor's office, held Wednesday afternoon, called at the City Hall to register a remonstrance against the proposed widening of Eighteenth street, as, in fact, against any improvement in the present condition of that thoroughfare.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

Christmas Festival.

The Christmas festival of the Sunday-school of First M. E. Church South, Glasgow avenue and Dayton street, will be held Friday evening. Rev. Dr. J. W. Lee will present stereopticon views of Palestine.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

Strupp, Vandervoort & Barney DRY GOODS CO.

Prior to Stock-Taking Dec. 31, 1894.

The following DISCOUNTS will be offered on our entire line of

ALASKA SEAL WRAPS,

of which we carry, in GENUINE LONDON DYED, the Choicest Stock in the West,

15 PER CENT OFF FROM REGULAR MARKED PRICES.

Also, on all

WINTER WRAPS, Imported and Domestic,

and Ladies' and Misses' Suits of all descriptions, 15 PER CENT DISCOUNT will be made on the already reduced prices at which they are now marked.

MILLINERY ROOMS.

DISCOUNT OF 33 1-3 PER CENT off from regular marked prices on the choicest line of Trimmed Hats that we have ever before shown.

ON MAIN FLOOR,

ALL STRICTLY HOLIDAY GOODS

A reduction of 25 PER CENT from regular marked prices.

ON THIRD FLOOR.

ORIENTAL ART DEPARTMENT.

We will include the most elegant selection of articles for HOUSE DECORATIONS that can be found in the West.

Basement Salesroom.

STOCK-TAKING SALE OF

ALL-WOOL DRESS GOODS

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY To Reduce Stock.

Previous to Taking Inventory We Offer the Following Lines:

52-INCH ALL-WOOL NOVELTY SUITING, all good styles, regular prices 65c and 75c. NOW 33 CENTS YARD.

45-Inch ALL-WOOL CHEVIOT SUITING, newest colors, always sold at 60c, NOW 33 CENTS YARD.

42-INCH ALL-WOOL CHECKED SUITING, styles equal to foreign goods, early season's price 60c, NOW 33 CENTS YARD.

38-INCH ALL-WOOL ENGLISH WORSTEDS, in mixed effects, sold up to date at 50c, NOW 33 CENTS YARD.

See Show Window for Samples of These Goods.

OAKES,

The Old Reliable Home Made Candy Manufacturer, 27 years in the business. A household name for Pure and Unadulterated Sweets.

303 and 305 N. Broadway Only.

40c lb., 3 lbs for $1.00. Sent by Express Everywhere.

FOUGHT IN JAIL.

Anna Kahn, Charged With Murder, Beaten by Dora Paschal.

Mrs. Anna Kahn, who is awaiting trial at Belleville for complicity in the murder of her husband, for which George Central was recently executed, and Dora Paschal, an East St. Louis girl who was sent up several months ago more to keep her out of bad company than anything else, had a set-to in their cell in the county jail, and the murderess was worsted. It is said that Mrs. Kahn and the girl have been jealous of each other ever since the latter entered jail and attracted the favorable notice of Central. Their enmity finally came to a point and a fight resulted. Dora made a desperate attempt to gouge out Mrs. Kahn's eyes, but the turnkey interfered and thrust the girl into the solitary cell. Mrs. Kahn failed to inflict any punishment on Dora, as her time was wholly occupied in warding off the girl's vicious digs at her face. Dora is the girl who claims to be the wife of Jockey Barrett.

LOOKING THEM UP.

A Rigid Examination of Appraisers' Offices Will Be Made.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Acting under orders from Secretary Carlisle, Assistant Appraiser Wm. McKinney of New York held a conference with tea importers here to-day, which marks the beginning of a rigid examination of the appraisers' offices of several important Western cities. Tea importers of Chicago and New York have for some time complained loudly of the prices in question, claiming that the appraisers at St. Louis, St. Paul, Detroit and Milwaukee have not enforced the law, which interdicts all spurious teas, exhausted leaf and imitation stock. The New York and Chicago importers claim that the admission of such teas at other places very seriously injures their business, and a crusade against the alleged violations will be made.

ACROSS THE MISSISSIPPI.

The East St. Louis Bridge Co. Incorporated at Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 27.—The Secretary of State to-day licensed the incorporation of the East St. Louis and St. Louis Bridge and Construction Co., of East St. Louis, which proposes to build and operate a bridge across the Mississippi River. Capital stock, $500,000. Incorporators: M. D. Setzer, Gen. Schaefer and John Niems.

Glee Club Reception.

The members of the Harvard Glee Club, who are to give a concert at Exhibition Hall this evening, will be tendered a complimentary reception this afternoon, from 4 until 6 o'clock, by Mrs. Dexter Talbot, at her residence, 19 Vandeventer place.

NOT IN THE COMBINE.

LANGAN LIVERY CO.

See rates; finest carriages. Theater trips, $2.50; depot, $1.50; party calls, $3.50; funerals, $4. Tel. 7,648. Cor. 24th and Locust sts.

ECZEMA, PIMPLES, FRECKLES, Skin Diseases and Facial Blemishes removed. Harmless Physicians. Consultation free; office or letter. John H. Woodbury Dermatological Institute, Union Trust Building, St. Louis. Branches in New York, Boston, Phila., Chicago. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

DEATHS.

MAHER—In Kansas City, Mo., on Nov. 17, Mrs. Mary Maher, nee Cahill, aged 80 years, relict of the late Michael Maher of St. Louis, mother of Mrs. Mary Tynin and Mrs. Anna Cody.

Pittsburg papers please copy.

NEUSEL—On Dec. 25, at 10:45 p. m., Capt. Wm. Neusel, beloved husband of Margerette Neusel, after a short illness, aged 67 years and 10 months.

Funeral will take place from residence, 3019 Lee avenue, Friday, Dec. 28, at 1:30 p. m., to Crematory.

WINSLOW—On Dec. 26, at 10:15 p. m., Wm. A. Winslow, aged 82 years.

Funeral from residence, 4008 Marmaduke avenue, on Friday at 12 m. Member Ransom Post, G. A. R.

The Storm's Track.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 27.—From a Weather Bureau view, the chief characteristic of the present storm has been the rapidity of its development and movement, this result being largely due to a barometric pressure in Montana of 31.3 inches, the highest recorded by the Weather Bureau. It was clear in the vicinity of Washington and by night it is expected that the storm will have moved to Maine and the St. Lawrence, leaving snow and slush behind. Rain or snow has fallen generally east of the Mississippi, while from west of that river cold weather and high winds are advancing. Bismarck leads the cold weather stations at 34 below, and it is 10 below at many points in the far Northwest. Storm signals are displayed all along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts. Damage to shipping is feared, as the velocity of the wind will range from forty to seventy miles an hour.

At Every Twinge

Of Rheumatism you should remember that relief is at hand in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Rheumatism is caused by lactic acid in the blood, which settles in the joints. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and removes this taint. Therefore Hood's Sarsaparilla cures Rheumatism when others fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic.

LISH ATHLETES

Come Over to Compete With American Champions.

ONNEL AND RECORDS OF GREAT BRITAIN'S BEST TEAM.

e Events Which Will Be Contested and the American Representatives at Them—Seal's Prospects of Becoming the Two-Minute Pacer—Gossip of the Ring—General Sport.

The idea of a representative team of nglish athletes visiting this country next ear to compete against the pick of Amerin athletes has taken firm hold of the athtic authorities in England. The scheme as conceived by the New York Athletic lub of inviting a team of champion athetes from England to compete against our hampions, and from a letter received by . C. Carter of the New York Athletic lub, official handicapper of the Amateur thletic Union, from Charles Herbert, Secetary of the Amateur Athletic Association f England, such a visit is almost practically assured. Mr. Herbert in his letter says that England's team cannot come before September. He expects to bring with him the following:

Charles A. Bradley has won the amateur sprinting championship of England for the past three years; has been credited with running 100 yards in 10s. on an unfavorable track.

W. J. M. Barry, the British champion hammer thrower, needs little introduction to Americans, as he has many championships of this country to his credit.

C. B. Fry of Oxford University has won his blue in four branches of field sport—athletics, cricket, Rugby and Association foot ball. He is the joint holder of the world's record for the broad jump of 23 feet 6½ inches, but was defeated in this event by L. F. Sheldon of Yale and the New York Athletic Club in the Yale-Oxford meeting last year.

E. C. Bredin for the past two years has been invincible at a quarter and half-mile running, and holds the championship of England at these distances.

Godfrey Shaw is a veteran hurdler and holder of the English championship. He has an accepted record of 16s.

W. E. Luytens is the best mile runner that ever wore the colors of Cambridge University. He scored over his Oxford rivals in the last two inter-'varsity meetings. His best time for the mile is 4m. 19 4-5s.

F. S. Horan is precident of the Cambridge University, and his forte is distance running. He has won the three-mile race for the past two years in the Oxford-Cambridge games. He recently covered two miles on the Cambridge track in 9m. 43 4-5s.

The best high jumpers in the United Kingdom are J. J. Ryan and M. O'Brien, both having a record of 6 feet 3⅛ inches. Ryan won the English championship in 1893 with 6 feet 2½ inches.

The American representatives at those distances would be: 100 yards, T. I. Lee; 440 yards, Merrill of Boston, or P. W. Allen of New York Athletic Club; one mile, Geo. W. Orton; 120-yard hurdle race, S. Chase; high jump, M. F. Sweeney; 16-pound shot, George R. Gray; 16-pound hammer, James S. Mitchell.

C. S. Reber of St. Louis, the retired champion jumper of the world, and George Powell, the Pastime's high jumper, may be among America's representatives should the meeting be arranged.

SEAL IS SPEEDY.

May Be the Coming Two-Minute Pacer—Record and Pedigree.

Down at Rock Island there is owned a bay gelding that may be the coming 2:00 pacer. He is Seal, 2:08¾, and he is owned by J. G. Jungs. This is Seal's pedigree:

Seal, 2:08¾, Bay gelding, Foaled 1888.	Notary, 11,724.	Attorney, 1,005. Flirt.
	Hiatoga Maid.	Patterson Horse. Bay Girl.

It is understood among practical horsemen that a pacer comes to his speed much quicker and easier than a trotter, and in this connection the development of Seal is of interest to professional and amateur. April 15 Seal was turned over to Jack Curry, who took him through the grand circuit. Some of his notable performances during the season were at the following places: First, free-for-all pace, Fulton, Ill.; first, free-for-all pace, Davenport, Io.; first, 2:15 pace, Indianapolis, a six-heat race, which Seal's stamina alone enabled him to win; first, 2:12 pace, Galesburg, Ill., where he beat a field of fast ones, including Dr. Sperry, Vassar and Two Strike in 2:10, 2:10, 2:08¾. In the last heat Seal paced the last half in 0:59½, a wonderful performance, with plenty of speed left in reserve. Seal afterward was taken to Des Moines, where he was entered in the 2:07 and free-for-all classes, which failed to fill. His last fast mile, which was at the kite track in Des Moines, was in 2:06¼, last half in 0:59, last quarter in 0:28. From there he was shipped home, where he now is. From the indications he has given turfmen would not be surprised to see Seal reach the 2-minute mark before snow flies in 1895. He is being jogged daily on the road.

* * *

The statement that Mr. Croker's Dobbins would be retired to the stud is premature. After he had won the Realization this last season, and just as he was getting into first-rate shape, Dobbins went lame in one of his forelegs in a sweepstakes at Gravesend, won by Harrington. The injury was thought not serious at the time. Under treatment the leg has improved, and now there seems to be a very fair chance that Dobbins will train on and race next year. Such being the case, it is hardly likely that Mr. Croker will retire him, unless efforts to train him in the spring prove unsuccessful, says the Spirit of the Times. Dobbins is one of the truest and most consistent performers of recent years. He is well bred and a colt of splendid conformation, so that when he is finally retired to Belle Meade he will be a valuable acquisition to Gen. Jackson's famous establishment.

* * *

The California Jockey Club has opened ten stakes for next spring, as follows: Pacific stakes, 2-year-olds, $1,500 guaranteed, one-half a mile; Racing stakes, 2-year-old fillies, guaranteed $1,000, one-half a mile; Rancho del Paso, 2-year-olds, guaranteed $1,500, five-eighths of a mile; Bitter Root handicap, 2-year-olds, $2,000 guaranteed, five-eighths of a mile; Bay District handicap, 2-year-olds, guaranteed $2,500, three-quarters of a mile; Flying stakes, 2-year olds, guaranteed $1,000, four and one-half furlongs; Spring stakes, 2-year-olds, $1,200 guaranteed, five-eighths of a mile; Fairy stakes, 2-year-old fillies, guaranteed $1,600, five-eighths of a mile; Consolation stakes, 2-year-olds, guaranteed $1,000, five-eighths of a mile; Washoe stakes, 2-year-olds, guaranteed $1,200, three-quarters of a mile.

* * *

Charley McCafferty has sold the gelding Londonville to J. King. Londonville has been racing at the tracks across the river and is well known to the local turfites. The jurors that acquitted McCafferty for killing Jim Collins have good reason to remember Londonville. When they turned the horseman loose he said that he would not forget the favor, and sure enough he didn't. The next week he uncorked Londonville for a real good thing at Hawthorne and the jurors were notified by wire to bet on him. They got 5 and 6 to 1 against his chances in the East St. Louis foreign book. Londonville won handily, to the gratification of his numerous backers.

Results at Madison.

First race, five and one-half furlongs—Jordan first, Barthol second, Calantha third. Time, 1:14.

Second race, five furlongs—Sir Cuthbert first, Bonnie Oak, Jr., second, Coroner third. Time, 1:08.

Third race, five and one-half furlongs—Lemon Blossom first, Orphan Boy second, Prince Peyton third. Time, 1:13½.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Courtney first, Mickie John second, Aunt Jane third. Time, 1:22.

Fifth race, seven and one-half furlongs—Fon Shway won, St. Leo second, Ulster third. Time, 1:41.

Winners at Other Tracks.

At New Orleans—Ransom, Twenty-three, Bonnie B., Galen, Hodgson.

At Alexander Island—Bobolink, Remorse, Sonera, Chateau, Lura.

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At Roby—Royal Prince, Caleb, Dr. Bill, Constant, Upman.

At San Francisco—Lawyer, Experiment, Charles Quick, White Stone, Dick Behan.

Track Talk.

It is said that Claus Spreckels, Jr., may secure first call on Harry Griffin for such riding as he will do during his winter sojourn in California.

"Lucky" Baldwin has purchased from Dr. Thomas Bowhill the imported Australian stallion, Chesterfield, by the Marquis, dam Lamorna, by Fireworks. Chesterfield was the sire of many winners in his native country, though none of the first-class.

Sir Modred has fully recovered from the severe cold taken in the ring during the San Francisco horse show. Mr. Haggin will be very chary of putting his valuable stock in the show ring again, so near did he come to losing the great sire.

It is said that the Brooklyn Jockey Club handicap for next year will be a $10,000 guaranteed stake. All the stakes given will be on the guaranteed system—viz.: four for 2-year-olds of $2,500 each, and handicaps of $2,500 each. There are also some stakes that have already been closed, such as the Brooklyn Derby and Carlton, both for 3-year-olds.

At the recent sale held in San Francisco twenty-one yearlings and two 2-year-olds, the property of J. B. Haggin, brought $5,045, or an average of $219. The average was raised by the 2-year-olds, which brought $580 and $775 respectively. The top price among the yearlings was brought by a colt by Midlothian, dam Marigold, that went for $500. The chestnut colt by Salvador, dam Pandora, by Spendthrift, went to Barney Schreiber for $450.

J. M. Simpson & Son's thoroughbred stallion Kingsbridge died at Palmer, Ill., Wednesday. He was an own brother to Kingston, also a half-brother to R. J. Lucas' stallion imp. Keene.

Following the example of President Cella, Treasurer Sam Adler has severed official connection with the Madison Turf Association. They do this in order to escape the Turf Congress' blacklist of all who take a hand in racing north of the Ohio River during January and February.

MULLENS WAS DRUNK,

And Rufus Sharp Put Him Out With a Punch—Ring Gossip.

It did not take Rufus Sharp long to finish "Jack Mullins" last night. Mullins is an unknown, hailing from the West, and his real name is said to be Coyle. Sharp and Coyle were brought together for the entertainment of a choice collection of local sports, but it was not much of an entertainment, as the unknown was drunk, and Sharp put him out with a punch. "Mullins" had not yet recovered from his spree when seen this morning. He bore no evidence of last night's affair, and knew nothing about it, beyond the fact that a local newspaper man had officiated as referee. From one of the spectators it was learned that as soon as the men stepped into the ring Sharp rushed matters and sent his opponent out with a stiff punch on the jaw before the end of the first round. The spectators who "gave up" to see the fun were disgusted, but Mullins was "done for," and Sharp got the purse. The defeated man drifted into the city about three weeks ago and expressed his willingness to fight any middle weight here. The match between Sharp and him was then made, but the promoters were unable to bring them together until last night. "Mullins" claims to have a record a block long, and it was thought he would give Sharp some trouble.

CREEDON AND CRAIG.

Seaside Athletic Club Should Offer a Good Purse for Them.

Here is a tip for the Seaside Athletic Club, or, more to the point, Matchmaker Jim Kennedy: If you want a great contest between a great pair, that will put up a bout as good as any ever given at Coney Island, make a match for Dan Creedon and Frank Craig, the Harlem Coffee-Cooler. A purse large enough can be offered to induce the "Cooler" to return home, and Creedon will say "yes" immediately if he is asked. Col. John D. Hopkins and Tom O'Rourke are two of the easiest men in this country to arrange matches with. Hopkins is anxious to get on a go for Tom Tracey with Walcott, who is also under O'Rourke's management. It is among the probabilities that the Colonel and his pugilistic proteges will cross the ocean in the spring. Creedon will not leave a stone unturned in an effort to match himself against the "Cooler," whom he has bested twice.

This time a year ago the attention of the sporting men of New England was particularly fastened on Billy Smith and Dick O'Brien, writes Rob Roy. They could have commanded a bigger purse than any pair about that time, and either of them as a contestant before a club would have been a big attraction. In the short space of twelve months all this has been changed. Very little is heard of either of them, especially O'Brien. I hear, though, that Mr. James Westcott is willing to back Smith against any man his weight for a respectable side bet, and is not adverse to Tommy Ryan being the man. As for Dick O'Brien, he is "dead to the world," and is probably lost in the wilds of Maine. His reputation has lessened over 50 per cent in a few months, and his warmest supporters of a few months ago do not hesitate to declare that he was the most over-rated pugilist New England ever had.

* * *

Referee John P. Eckhardt is under the impression that the Attorney-General of Louisiana is on the wrong tack in his efforts to stop boxing in the Crescent City. First of all, boxing as it is now conducted in New Orleans has been legalized and has as much right to exist as has horse racing and other sports in the State of Louisiana. Everything pertaining to fighting comes under the ban of the law, and if the Attorney-General intends to bring a limited round boxing bout with five-ounce gloves into the same category he is laboring under a mistake. When he classes one as the other he is simply talking through his hat. A prize-fight constitutes a finish fight with bare knuckles for a stake, outside of a purse, and none of the battles fought in New Orleans during the past four years have been fought under such conditions.

Coursing at Brentwood.

The sixteen-dog stake to be decided at the St. Louis Coursing Club's Park at Brentwood on New Year's Day, in the opinion of Charles Robinson, the club's President, will be the best ever given near St. Louis. "The rabbits are an exceptionally good lot," said he, "and all of our best dogs will be entered by Saturday." Entries should be made with Tom Kelly, 606 Market street.

Sporting Notes.

Kogaree Soyokri, the crack wrestler of Japan, has arrived in San Francisco. He is very muscular and possesses wonderful strength.

The racing authorities have abolished betting on the Italian cycle tracks.

There promises to be a phenomenally big attendance at the curling tournament to be held in Milwaukee next month. Lord Aberdeen has promised to be present.

The wheelmen of Hartford are now making arrangements to build a new cycle track in the spring that will equal either Waltham or Springfield course.

Wallace Ross has issued a challenge to compete against any man in England in feats of swordsmanship for £200 a side and the championship.

George Bubear, the ex-champion oarsman of England, intends to challenge the winner of the Sullivan and Harding sculling race for £200 a side.

Albert Schock, the champion six-day bicyclist, recently raced fifty miles against four running horses at Los Angeles, Cal., and was beaten three minutes, or six furlongs. Schock's time for the distance was 2h. 63m.

A remarkable cricket match closed at Sydney, N. S. W., Friday between the English eleven and one of picked Australians. The Englishmen won 762 to 753 after four days' play. Gregory's score of 101 for the Colonels earned him $500 from Gov. Duff of the Colony.

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Yaqui Indians massacred Julio Cardenas and his family in the Yaquin Valley, Mexico. Government troops went in pursuit.

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DEADLY TROLLEYS.

Six Horses and Two Mules Killed in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.—Six horses and two mules were killed this morning by coming in contact with the deadly electric light wires which were blown down by the storm. The first accident occurred at 3 o'clock at Broad and Sansom streets, where a horse attached to a coupe stepped on an electric light wire. He was killed instantly. Later two horses attached to a coupe came in contact with an electric wire which had fallen across a trolley feeder at Twentieth and Masters streets. Both were killed.

At 6 o'clock two horses attached to an ice wagon stepped on a wire at Third and Walnut streets and dropped dead. At 6:30 two mules drawing an oyster wagon ran against an electric light wire and were killed. About the same time a horse driven by Philip Schwartz, a milk dealer, came in contact with an electric light wire and was killed.

FOOT BALL BARRED.

Action of the Presidents of the Indiana Colleges.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 27.—The Presidents of Indiana colleges decided in a meeting to-day that with the concurrence of the faculties of the several colleges foot ball shall be withdrawn from the list of athletic sports to be participated in by members of the Indiana Collegiate Association until the laws governing the game shall be so modified as to be satisfactory. Provision is made that this shall not prevent exhibition games upon mutually agreed upon rules, but forbids college teams from playing with any athletic club or semi-professional organization. It is provided further that each college shall have a faculty committee on athletics, which shall be held responsible for the enforcement of rules. Only bona fide students may play in any inter-collegiate contest, and students who have ever played for money are barred. Butler, an important factor in college athletics, was not represented, but is supposed to be willing to co-operate.

BILL IN EQUITY.

Some Complications in the Settlement of the Manning Estate.

Margaret Manning filed a bill against Mary Manning, demanding her removal as trustee under the will of Michael Manning, the appointment of a receiver, an injunction restraining Mary Manning from interfering with the receiver or the property and an accounting.

Michael Manning died June 26, 1894, being possessed of a lot fronting 25 feet on the north side of Gratiot street, with a depth of 100 feet, and improved with a two-story brick house; also 25 by 121 feet 6 inches on the south side of Lasalle street, improved with a brick dwelling.

Plaintiff recites that Michael Manning devised this real estate to Thomas Manning and Mary Manning, his wife, in trust for the plaintiff, and that Thomas Manning refused to act. Plaintiff charges that Mary Manning has never paid over to her any of the rents derived from the property and has refused to account to the plaintiff at all. She further alleges that Mary Manning is insolvent and is hostile to the interests of the devisees. Judge Klein ordered the defendant to show cause on December 29 at 10 a. m. why a receiver should not be appointed and a temporary injunction be granted.

NEW INCORPORTIONS.

The Mapa and Sonoma Wine Co. was incorporated with a capital stock of $15,000, one-half paid. J. G. W. Meyer and J. C. W. Schnell hold seventy shares each, and Jacob Frank, Sr., ten.

Judge Klein referred the pro forma decree of incorporation of the Southwestern Business College to Emil J. Brandt, Esq.

The Securities Trading Co. is the title of a new corporation, with a capital of $5,000, one-half paid. George L. Edwards of Kirkwood holds forty shares, and R. F. Spencer and Edward Hidden five each.

The Wisert Bros.' Tobacco Co. was incorporated. John Weisert holds 247, Albert Weisert 247, Charles F. Gethard three and John W. Scharf three shares of the paid capital stock of $50,000.

LEO MUELLER'S WILL.

The will of Leo Mueller was probated. He bequeathes to Anthony M. Schoenholtz and Adolph Mueller, for long and faithful services, $100 each; to his daughter, Luzie Mueller, twenty-five shares of stock in the Mueller Bros.' Furniture and Carpet Co., and to Josephine Mueller, so long as she shall remain a widow, the remainder of the estate. In case she shall marry, she is to have only half, the other going to Luzie Mueller. Ignatz F. Mueller was named executor without bond.

NEWS TO HIM.

Recorder of Voters Higgins on the Grand-Jury Report.

Included in the report of the Grand-jury, submitted yesterday, was a statement that information had been given to that body, under oath that the poll-books were found to contain over 500 names in a certain precinct in which less than 300 voters reside. The manner in which the Grand-jury's affiant came by the knowledge that the precinct contained only 300 legal voters was not stated in the report, nor was the precinct designated. When Recorder Higgins was asked whether he had any knowledge of the existence of such a discrepancy between the actual voting population and the registered vote, he said:

"I have no means of knowing whether the statement is true or not, because I have no way of ascertaining whether all the people registered are legal voters. The determination of that question rests with the canvassers for the Board of Revision. If the people who are charged with the duty of making the canvass for the Board of Revision do not perform their duty, it is not my fault."

"Is any record kept of the entire voting population—that is, of all persons who should have a vote if registered?"

"I presume that the party workers have such records—that is, a close organization prevails. There are probably a number of precincts in the city in which a block canvass has been made, in which every house number has been taken and the house canvassed to ascertain how many votes it contains; but these records are not public. All the guide we have is the corrected registration; we have no means of knowing how many voters there should be in any precinct."

Bearing in mind that the Grand-jury had examined one poll book—and one only—used in the November election, the Recorder's records were consulted for the purpose of finding out how its figures corresponded with those given in the Grand-jury's statement. The precinct referred to is No. 7, Second Ward. The records show that on the day that registration closed—Oct. 16—the precinct registration amounted to 561. Of this number ninety-four persons had been registered in the ward Sept. 21-26 inclusive and 467 at the Recorder's office. But the Board of Revision struck off forty-two names for this precinct, leaving a net registration of 519 votes on election day—all of it presumably representing qualified voters—barring errors and frauds by the precinct canvassers. This 519 is the face of the registration and the Recorder of Voters' official guide. In view of the fact that the Grand-jury called for the poll book of this particular precinct and gave it but a few minutes' examination, it has been suggested that the Seventh Precinct is the one referred to in its report. In looking over the book after this record had been made the Recorder suggested that a great many transfers seemed to have been made into the ward, though whether these were justified he had no means of determining.

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Charged With Murder.

A warrant was issued against John Lane charging him with murder in the first degree in shooting Pat Noonah outside of the saloon of Charles Lorence, 2966 Cottage avenue, on Dec. 23.

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CITY HOSPITAL CAR.

All Arrangements Completed for the Trial Trip.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIRST CAR OF ITS KIND IN THE UNITED STATES.

Fitted Up With a View to the Comfort of the Injured or Sick and With Every Facility for Prompt Attention by the Special Physician—Will Be Run on Schedule Time.

The specially designed ambulance and electric car, built and presented to the city by John Scullin, President of the Union Depot Railway Line, is now completed and ready for service. A trial trip will be made at 7 p. m.

The furnishings and equipment, supplied by the Health Department, consist of eighteen plain folding chairs, twelve having arms and six without arms, all provided with rubber fenders to prevent slipping and defacement of the woodwork.

When in service it is proposed to man the car with a physician, who shall be known as Ambulance Surgeon, having equal rank to Assistant Dispensary Physician.

A male attendant with grade of day nurse to also serve with the car, besides a motorman to be designated by the Union Depot Railroad Co., both in uniform, and under the orders of the surgeon while on duty.

RUN ON SCHEDULE TIME.

A time card will be prepared and published in order that the police and public may know when the car will be due at a given street or designated point, enabling patients to be delivered aboard the car with but little handling or delay. This service, however, will necessarily be somewhat crippled and inadequate until such time as track facilities to the several institutions are provided and patients can be landed under shelter at their doors; but this want will no doubt be supplied in due time. The experimental service begun by the department early in autumn, with an ordinary car, proved the utility and superiority of this method of handling patients so conclusively that it could not be discontinued without detriment to the department.

DESCRIPTION OF CAR.

The total length of the car is 33 feet, including the platforms, the inside measurements being 24 feet long by 7 feet 2 inches wide. The platforms are about one-half the width of the car, and front the left half of the body, the car being double-ended, the steps leading to the entrance, and not to the platform. The doors are located at the right hand side of the ends of the car, the steps being four in number, placed obliquely and affording access from either front or side with equal ease, this arrangement having been adopted to facilitate the exit or entrance of litter-bearers. A telescoping brass hand rail guards the outer side of the steps, and these are so arranged that they can be lifted when not in use, thus preventing access to the car. The entrances are 5 feet 2 inches in width, the doors moving on rollers placed at the top, and grooved below over a metal edge, secured to the sill, excluding cold and dust.

The car is lighted by seven windows on each side, 28 by 28 inches in size, and stationary, the lower half frosted. There are two drop sashes in each door, and a number of ventilators or adjustable deck lights above, on the sides and ends.

The interior of the car is divided in the middle by a wooden partition 5 feet 6 inches high, placed four inches from the floor, with two doors swinging either way in the center, one compartment being for males, and the other for females. The partition is so constructed that both parts may be swung back if desired, and rest closely against the sides of the car. A drop desk is hinged to one side of the partition for the surgeon's use. Two hinged shelves are provided, attached to the sides of the car, on which to place dressings, instruments, etc.

To the right of each door on entering the car is a large locker for litters, blankets, towels and the like, while between the windows are eight small ones for papers, medicines, bandages, instruments, etc. Immediately back of the large lockers are two earth closet conveniences (Heap's patent) for both sexes.

Electric bells, communicating with both platforms, are placed near the middle of the car for the use of the surgeon. A lavatory is also located there, supplied with water by a pump from a tank under the floor, the metal work being silver-plated, as are the water coolers at each end of the car.

The interior is finely finished in cherry, there being no spaces for dirt to accumulate. The floor is of quartered oak, double, with asbestos filling to deaden the sound. The ceiling is of bird's-eye maple in panels. All the trimmings are solid bronze, polished.

Lighting is secured by ten incandescent burners, sixteen-candle power each, four being placed in each compartment and one outside above each platform. The car is warmed by six electric heaters placed along the sides just above the base board and occupying but little space, being 30x7½x3 inches in size.

The body of the car is painted white, trimmed with gold and blue. The lettering on the sides reads: "St. Louis Health Department, Ambulance Car," and the last two words are repeated on each end. The Geneva cross is displayed on the sides and the ends to emphasize the humane purposes to which the vehicle is devoted.

The car is mounted on two pivotal trucks of special construction, having two sets of equalizing springs over the oil box in addition to the springs that carry the car body. This truck will greatly reduce the noise while crossing other traccks and make it an easy-riding car.

Under the center of the body of the car a space is inclosed in which to carry stretchers, splinters, and the like; and a water tank and ice box are also provided under the car. The distance from the body to the rails is three feet three inches. Draw bars are provided in case it becomes necessary to tow the ambulance by means of another car. The car is equipped with an electric brake besides the usual hand brake, and arrangement is made for heating by electricity the water used in the lavatory.

INVITATIONS ISSUED.

Dr. Homan has issued a number of invitations to persons to take part in the trial trip of the ambulance car. The trip will be made to the Cherokee Garden and back via the Union Station, where a dinner will be prepared for the guests. Among those to be present are Mayor Walbridge, Charles Nagel, David W. Caruth, John Scullin, Charles H. Turner, Charles Green, Robert McCulloch, P. C. Maffitt, Edward Whittaker, J. S. Minary and a number of others.

COURTED DEATH.

A Deserted Wife Attempts Suicide at the Pana Depot.

PANA, Ill., Dec. 27.—A young woman fainted in the Union Depot this morning. She was seen swallowing the contents of a small phial just before falling to the floor, and it is believed she attempted suicide. She said she was deserted in Lasalle County, Illinois, about two weeks ago by her husband, a banjoist and juggler, whose home is in Des Moines, Io., and arrived here last night from Decatur, and failing to find the police, she begged a cup of coffee at a restaurant and crawled into an open box-car, where she slept all night, nearly freezing to death. She left her home in Lenox, S. D., five years ago with a comedy company. The Township Supervisor took her to a hotel and sent for a physician.

Annie WalkeMissing.

Annie Walker, aged 19, who is employed as a domestic in the family of Col. Tom Maxwell, about a mile and a half west of here on the St. Charles Rock road, has been missing since Christmas Day. On this occasion she was placed on a Suburban electric car by Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell, who told her to get off at Wellston, Mo., and to wait until they arrived at Moses' drug store. She did not do as directed, and the attention of the police was called to her absence. It is said that a girl answering her description was seen going west on the St. Charles Rock road on Christmas night looking for an orphan home.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

Son of an English Nobleman.

BRIGHTON, Colo., Dec. 27.—Capt. H. S. Cooks died at his ranch, one mile from town. He was the son of an English nobleman, and has resided in Colorado several years. His remains are being prepared for shipment to England.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

LEGAL.

ESTATE of Louis Roettger, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Louis Roettger, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 10th day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1894.

FREDERICK ROETTGER, Executor.

2334

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition—Pursuant to an order of sale of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made on the 10th day of December, 1894, in cause No. 97,-542, in Room No. 3, wherein Robert L. Rhines and Mary Jane Rhines are plaintiffs, and Eugene Rhines is defendant, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 5, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell the real estate below described at public auction to the highest bidder; terms, cash; said sale to be subject to the approval of the said Circuit Court.

The property to be sold is described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered eight (8) and nine (9), in block number one (1) of Grand Addition, Plat A, to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, (a plat of which addition is now on file in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri), in city block number 3741 of said city of St. Louis, Missouri, each of said lots containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the south side of Page avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and sixty-two (162) feet and six (6) inches to an alley 20 feet wide; bounded on the east by lot number seven (7), on the south by said alley, on the west by lot number 10 of said block and on the north by Page avenue. Said lots will be sold separately.

DE LACY CHANDLER, Special Commissioner.

John F. Green, Attorney, Room 810 Bank of Commerce Building.

Dated at St. Louis, Mo., this 14th day of December, 1894. 2355

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

NOT KNOWN.

Willie Thomas Alleged to Have Been Taken From Tramps.

At the First Church Mission, 1432 Franklin avenue, all knowledge of Willie Thomas, the 12-year-old lad said to have been taken from a gang of tramps at Carlinville, Ill., is disclaimed. Neither could any one of a large number of persons seen about the Mission give any knowledge of a Mrs. Kanawha, who is said to have taken the boy. In fact the persons about the Mission with whom a Post-Dispatch reporter talked said there was no such woman, and that no such case had ever been turned over to the Mission.

According to the report from Carlinville, the lad was taken from the tramps by the City Marshal. He had been made a slave to the gang, which was said to number about a dozen. He is said to have told the officer that he was an orphan and had formerly lived with a Mrs. Chapman at 1930 Carr street, who is now dead. The report says he was sent to St. Louis, but as stated at the First Church Mission, to which he is said to have been consigned, nothing is known of him.

Sanguinette—Dondero.

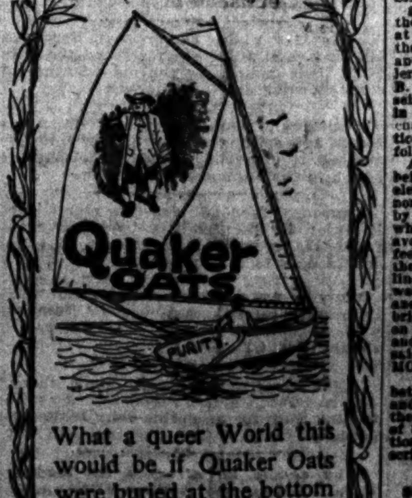
Mr. Peter Sanguinette and Miss Louise Dondero were maried at 9 a. m. yesterday at the Cathedral Church on Walnut street, Rev. Fr. Ccyle performing the ceremony. The attendants were Miss Amelia Dondero, maid of honor; Miss Lillie Sanguinette, bridemaid; Mr. Paschal Sanguinette, best man, and Mr. Wm. Sanguinette, groomsman. A reception was held in the evening at Eleventh and Locust streets. The happy couple go to Colorado on a bridal tour.

Court Notes.

Solomon Gerouin wants a divorce from his wife, Ida, on the ground that she declines to live with him, preferring the home of her father, 1003 High street, to his.

Joseph Brandstetter has filed a general denial to his wife's charges in her petition for a divorce. He claims he lost his job and was unable to support his wife.

Depositions filed in behalf of Mrs. Margaret Graham, who wants a divorce from John W. Graham of Fort Wayne, Ind., charge the defendant with being unfaithful.



What a queer World this would be if Quaker Oats were buried at the bottom of the sea! Millions of ruined breakfasts!

Sold only in 2 lb. Packages.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Eau Claire-St. Louis Lumber Company is plaintiff and Banker & Edwards Building Company (a corporation), William H. Banker, William C. Edwards, Leo Block, trustee, and Charles Kuhn are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit: The certain two-story brick dwelling-house, together with the land on which the same was erected, to wit.: Lot No. 5 of Madison Terrace, sub-division of parts of lots Nos. 9 and 10 of suburb Cote Brilliant, in city block No. 4485, fronting 32 feet on the south line of Maffit avenue by a depth southwardly of 125 feet 6 inches to an alley; bounded west by an alley, north by Maffit avenue, east by lot No. 6 and south by an alley.; and I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1894, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 4, 1894. 2283

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Charles O. A. Brunk is plaintiff and J. W. Gunn, George J. Gunn, Mrs. Honora M. Concanon and Eleneous Smith, her trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

A lot of ground in block 4553 of said city of St. Louis, being the west 30 feet of lot 26 in said block, having a front of 30 feet on the north line of Cook avenue, bounded west by lot 25 of said block, north by said alley, east by a line parallel with and 20 feet west of the west line of lot 27 of said block and south by Cook avenue, and I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 7, 1894. 2305

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of the decree and order of sale made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 28th day of November, 1894, in a certain cause pending in said Court, wherein the St. Louis Brewing Association is plaintiff and Zacharias Linders, Emma Linders and August Meyer are defendants, a certified copy of which decree and order of sale was delivered to me, I will on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, Mo., sell at public vendue or outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, being the property described in said decree, to wit:

The following described real estate situate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to wit: Lot in block nineteen (19) of Farrar's Addition in said City of St. Louis, and in city block eleven hundred and sixty-nine (1169), having a front of 25 feet on the south line of Agnes street, by a depth southwardly, between parallel lines, of one hundred and eighty-five feet six and seven-eighths inches, more or less, to the northern line of Angelrodt street, and being the western twenty feet of lots thirty-two (32) and twenty-five (25) and the eastern five feet of lots thirty-one (31) and twenty-six (26) of said block 1169; bounded north by Agnes street, south by Angelrodt street, east by part of lots thirty-two (32) and twenty-five (25) and west by part of lots thirty-one (31) and twenty-six (26) of said block 1169; the eastern line of said lot being one hundred and twenty-seven feet eight and three-quarter inches west of the west line of Twentieth street and nearly parallel thereto.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Dec. 6, 1894.

2299

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Eau Claire St. Louis Lumber Company is plaintiff and Lindenwood Pressed Brick Company is defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

A tract of land conveyed to said Lindenwood Pressed Brick Company by James G. Hardy and wife by deed dated September 20, 1893, recorded in Book 1192, P. 492, of the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, to-wit: The south 5 518-1,000 acres of a tract of land containing 11 18-100 acres in United States Survey No. 2,037, said tract being all of the subdivision of Harlem place lying west of the right of way of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway, said southern 5 518-1,000 acres being bounded on the north by the northern five and one-half acres of said 11 18-100 acres tract, south by the south line of Harlem place, east by the right of way of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway and west by the River Des Peres, and I will on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1894, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of above named defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 8, 1894. 2318

ESTATE of Frank M. Seckinger, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Frank M. Seckinger, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 22d day of October, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 22d day of October, 1894.

LOUISA S. SECKINGER, Administratrix.

2336

ASSIGNMENT of Charles W. Alsmeyer—Pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, I, the undersigned, assignee, will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at noon, Friday, the 4th day of January, 1895, the following real estate, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block No. 2401 of the City of St. Louis, Mo., fronting thirty-nine feet ten and one-fourth inches (39 ft. 10¼ in.) more or less on the east line of Twenty-third street by a depth eastwardly along the south line of Angelica street of one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet and one (1) inch to an alley, said lot being located in the northwest corner of said block, No. 2401. The sale will be subject to the approval of the Court.

R. D. KRIBBEN, Assignee of Charles W. Alsmeyer.

St. Louis, Dec. 20, 1894. 2380

NOTICE of Administrator's Sale—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, surviving partner, administrator of the partnership estate of Whelan, Fanning & Co. (James A. Fanning, deceased), will on the 2d day of January, 1895, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell at public sale for cash, in the rear of 2623 and 2625 Spring avenue, in the City of St. Louis, the following described personal property, belonging to said partnership estate: 1 Wormer-make single-drum engine, 1 stiff-leg derrick, with traveller, guys, ropes, blocks, etc., 2 boxes, 1 truck, 3,000 feet old lumber, about 70 feet old hose, about 500 feet old gas and water pipes, 3 pairs rubber boots, 2 wrenches, 2 hammers, 10 old shovels and hoes, 2 picks, 1 tarpaulin, 1 cross-cut saw, 2 crow bars.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 19, 1894.

THOMAS WHELAN, Surviving Partner, Administrator.

2378

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Nicholas Schwegler is plaintiff and Dora Rose and Henry J. B. Rose are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

A parcel of ground in block 2430 of said city, and being the western 23 feet and 10 inches off of lot eleven (11) of said block, and having a front on the north line of an east and west alley in said block, by an irregular depth to East Grand avenue, upon which it fronts diagonally, along the curve of said avenue, the western boundary of said lot being 66 feet and 10 inches, and the eastern boundary thereof, 42 feet from, and parallel to, the western line of old 14th street, now 20th street; and the western boundary line of said lot being 116 feet and ½ inch in length, together with a three-story brick building with iron store-front, having store on first floor and flats above, and a two-story brick and frame stable in the rear thereof, situated on said real estate, and I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 8, 1894. 2319

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, on Friday, January 11, 1895, or as soon thereafter as he can be heard in the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, intends to make application for a discharge from his trust as assignee of the Phoenix Candy Co.

2391 CHARLES J. MALICEK, Assignee.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

LEGAL.

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in ... Pursuant to a renewed order of sale of ... Court of the City of St. Louis, State ... made on the fifth day of December, ei... dred and ninety-four, in cause No. ... four, wherein Patrick J. Taaffe, Ann... Daniel A. Brennan, Joseph D. Donegan ... Thomas Taaffe and Patrick Taaffe, al... all of said minors by their said curato... J. Taaffe, are plaintiffs, ex parte, ... signed Special Commissioner will on

MONDAY, THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY ... CEMBER,

Eighteen hundred and ninety-four, be... hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon ... o'clock in the afternoon, at the east fr... the Court-house, in the City of St. Loui... Missouri, sell the real estate below d... public auction to the highest bidder; ... said sale or sales to be subject to the a... the said Circuit Court.

The property to be sold is described as ...

First—The southwest quarter of sectio... six and the north half of the northeast ... section thirty-four on the left bank of ... and the north half of the northwest quar... tion thirty-five in township twenty-five, ... range one east, all in the County of R... State of Missouri, and containing three ... acres and fifty-hundredths of an acre; fo... description see deed of James Donohue ... to Peter J. Taaffe, and Theodore J. Em... corded in the records of deeds of sai... County in book 481, pp. 82 and 83.

Second. A certain parcel of land in th... St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lot ... forty-one (41) of block number fifteen ... Lindell's Addition to the city of St. L... being in block No. 1958, fronting twenty-... on the south side of Chestnut street by a ... one hundred and twenty-eight feet, six i... an alley, on which there is a two-stor... house, No. 3518 Chestnut street, subject ... of trust to secure a loan of two thousand do... ($2,000.00).

Third, A lot of ground in block No. 647 of ... city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, having a ... of forty-one feet three inches on the south sid... Bogy, alias Brooklyn street, by a depth southw... between parallel lines of seventy-six feet ... inches and bounded east by a line parallel to ... one hundred and one feet and three inches wes... the west line of Eleventh street, and running so... wardly through the center line of the partition w... between houses numbered respectively 1112 ... 1114 Brooklyn street, on which said lot are ... situate houses Nos. 1114 and 1116; encumbered ... a deed of trust to secure a loan of fifteen hund... dollars ($1,500).

Fourth, A lot of ground in the city of St. L... State of Missouri, in city block No. 54, fro... thirty feet, more or less, on the south side o... mond street, now Valentine street, by a ... southwardly of sixty feet, more or less, to ... now or formerly of John McFarland, bounded ... by lot, now or formerly of Leicester Babcock, ... by lot now or formerly of Joseph A. Berry, ... by Almond, now Valentine street, being pro... acquired by deed of Josephine Noonan and ot... to Joseph Roberts, recorded in book 778, p. p. ... St. Louis Records of Deeds.

Fifth—Two certain lots of ground in the Cit... St. Louis, State of Missouri, being the south se... teen feet six inches, fronting on the west lin... Ewing avenue, of lot twenty-eight in block ... of Thomas F. Smith's First Addition to said c... and being in City block No. 1,736, and also a ... fronting seventeen feet six inches on the west ... of Ewing avenue in said city, and being the nor... ern seven feet six inches of lot twenty-eight afo... said, and the southern ten feet of lot numb... twenty-nine of block four of Thomas F. Smit... First Addition, and in City Block No. 1,736, ... which lots are houses 317 and 319 South Ew... avenue, said last-mentioned lot and house thereo... number 317 South Ewing avenue, being incumber... by a deed of trust in the sum of fifteen hundre... dollars ($1,500).

Sixth—A parcel of ground in the City of S... Louis, State of Missouri, being lot No. 29 ... block number two of Dillon's Addition to the C... of St. Louis, in City Block No. 460, having a fr... on Grattan street of twenty-five feet by a de... of one hundred and thirty feet and ten inches, ... a four-room brick house thereon, which is sub... to an incumbrance by deed of trust in the sur... twelve hundred dollars ($1,200).

Seventh—An undivided eleven-eighteenths o... No. 35 in City Block 3,839, in the City of St. L... State of Missouri, being lot No. 35 of Block ... of Watson's Fruit Hill Subdivision.

Eighth—An undivided one-half interest in ... to a lot of ground in block No. 2,918 of the C... St. Louis, State of Missouri, fronting one hu... and forty-eight feet and five inches, more or ... on the west line of Broadway, by a depth or ... south line of Elwood street of one hundred ... forty-nine feet five inches, more or less, bein... northeast quarter of block No. 40 of the Old ... of Carondelet, according to Eiler's survey.

HENRY E. BARTLING, Special Commissione... No. 12 North Eighth Street, St. Louis, ...

JAMES P. MAGINN, Attorney, Rooms 609 an... Bank of Commerce Building, St. Louis, Mo.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF HARDWARE.—The ... dersigned, Assignee, has been authorized by ... Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis to so... bids for the entire stock and fixtures of the ... signed estate of Charles Humes, doing busines... Charles Humes & Co. Inventory thereof can be ... spected, and stock and fixtures examined by ... plying to the undersigned. All bids must b... writing and accompanied by a certified check ... least two hundred dollars and delivered to ... undersigned on or before Wednesday, January ... 1895, at his office, No. 800 Chestnut street, in ... city of St. Louis, Mo. FRANK A. HOBEIN, Assignee of Charles Humes, doing business ... Charles Humes & Co. 2...

E. A. B. GARESCHE, Attorney for Assignee.

IN MATTER of the Assignment of Builders' Ir... Works.—Notice is hereby given that William A... Hequembourg, Assignee of Builders' Iron Works, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the December term, 1894, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in Room No. 4, on Friday, the 5th day of January, 1895, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

(Seal.) PHILIP H. ZEPP,

2406 Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

ESTATE of Lucy Dowdy, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Lucy Dowdy, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 10th day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1894.

GEORGE B. JONES, Administrator.

2382

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the St. Louis Creamery Co. that I will, on the 21st, 22d and 23d days of January, 1895, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on each of said days, at my office in the Jefferson Bank, corner of Franklin and Jefferson avenues, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to me by the St. Louis Creamery Company, for the benefit of its creditors. WILLIAM E. BERGER, Assignee of the St. Louis Creamery Company.

2383

ASSIGNEE'S Notice for Discharge—Notice is hereby given that I will apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, in Division No. 4 of said court on Monday, Dec. 31, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., to be discharged from my trust as assignee of the estate of Moritz Stein.

JOHN R. MYERS, Assignee of the Estate of Moritz Stein.

St. Louis, Nov. 14, 1894. 2219

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Emile S. Guignon by his certain deed of trust for purchase money, dated the second day of December, 1892, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 1113, page 415, also in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County, in Clayton, Mo., in book 71, page 135, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, all the following described real estate, situate partly in the city and partly in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit.:

First. A parcel of land containing three and sixty one hundredths (3 and 61-100) acres, more or less, bounded north by Delmar avenue, on the east by the Wabash Railroad, south by lot number five (5) of Jerre W. Clemens' Rosedale subdivision, and on the west by Rosedale avenue, and being lot number four (4) of said Jerre W. Clemens' subdivision of Rosedale; that part of the above lot lying east of Rosedale avenue, south of Delmar avenue (or the Olive street road), and west of the city limits of triangular form, and containing about ten one hundredths (10-100) of an acre, is in included in the herein above described lot four (4).

Second. A parcel of land containing four (4) and ninety-two one hundredths (92-100) acres, more or less, bounded north by the south line of lot number four (4) of the aforesaid subdivision, east by the Wabash Railroad, south by the north line of lot number six (6) of the same subdivision, and west by Rosedale avenue, and being lot number five (5) of said subdivision.

Which conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and, whereas, default has occurred in the payment of one of said notes.

Now by virtue of authority vested in me by said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes I will on

MONDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D., 1895,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house in said City of St. Louis, at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of executing said trust and satisfying the expenses of said sale.

WILLIAM L. WRIGHT, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., December 18th, 1894. 2373

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William A. W. Galt, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

HENRY D. LAUGHLIN, Administrator of the Estate of William A. W. Galt, Deceased.

St. Louis, Dec. 12, 1894. [illegible]

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—The undersigned administrator of the estate of St. Clare Scott, deceased, will on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1895,

sell at public auction a miscellaneous collection of furniture, carpets, pictures, china, stoves and other household effects contained in late residence of decedent, No. 515½ N. Vandeventer av. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp.

ST. LOUIS TRUST COMPANY, Administrator of the Estate of St. Clare Scott, Deceased. [illegible]

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

uis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
LITZER PUBLISHING CO.
SEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS.
(After Jan. 1, 1895.)
Copy.....1 Cent
er Copy.....5 Cents
LIVERED BY CARRIER.
Week (Six Days).....6 Cents
Sunday—Per Week .. 10 Cents
BY MAIL.
Month . . . . . 26 Cents
Per Month.....20 Cents
Sunday Per Month.....45 Cents
r Annum.....$3 12
Per Annum.....2 00
Sunday—Per Annum.....5 12
of a year in proportion.

rs who fail to receive their papers regu- confer a favor by reporting the same to

ters or news letters or telegrams should ed
POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive street,
St. Louis, Mo.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
ial Rooms.....4085
ess Office.....4084

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

MPIC—"Country Circus."
ND OPERA-HOUSE—"A Trip to China-

HAGAN—"The Kid."
'S—Continuous Show.
LIN'S—"The Ups and Downs of Life."
NDARD—H. W. Williams' Meteors.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
S—Continuous Show.
NDARD—H. W. Williams' Meteors.

Spain won't take our flour for her d, we are not to take her sugar for cake.

hat does Steve Elkins expect to do Allison, that he is favoring the Alli- boom?

s the wicked partner of the Chris- n nations of Europe the Sultan is a wling success.

big city like St. Louis cannot afford e shut off from its territory from ning until evening.

s sticking to the idiocies and blun- of Republicanism that has swept the Democratic party.

"leaders of the gangs of repeaters" ed to by the Grand-jury are the men appearance in court would be med.

Maryland journal that is declaring orman to be a Republican in dis- is in error. Mr. Gorman is not ised.

costs $1,000 a month to light the d States Treasury. The outflow of would be visible with a good deal llumination.

ngs of repeaters do not go about polling place to polling place voting out money and without price. Who for the work?

Mr. Zachritz is foolish to try to shut f the press. If it should run short of ther court matter it could fill the space with the Zachritz official biography.

With the capacity for gentlemanly per- jury which distinguishes the Prince of Wales why should Lord Randolph Churchill have been permitted to suffer?

Two policemen accused of abuse and bribery in office in one day. The Police Board will have to look into this. The good name of the St. Louis police must be preserved.

Carnegie's Christmas present to his workmen was a reduction of 35 per cent in their wages. Is this the reward that Pennsylvania workmen get for voting the Carnegie ticket?

Having handled the Grand-jury investigation, Circuit Attorney Zachritz has doubtless had rest enough and will handle the trials in court. There is great scope for his peculiar powers there.

Judge Woods, it is said, will make the two sentences against Debs cumulative and thus imprison him for a year. As Judge Woods is a Judge of two opinions, why should he not be a Judge of two sentences?

The Chicago Times says: "Perhaps the meanest thing John Burns did was to compliment St. Louis after saying what he did of Chicago." But what else could Mr. Burns have done? They all do it.

Two thousand New Yorkers crowded around while a bootblack was shining the shoes of a fashionably dressed woman on the street. Hap it was a Missouri belle with her little feet, temporarily in the metropolis.

It is said that Mr. Carnegie depends much upon his two friends in the Senate—Quay and Cameron. Possibly there are other sugar Senators than Quay who have a warm feeling for the philanthropist of Cluny Castle.

No doubt the new Congress would hasten to vindicate Carnegie in the matter of his rotten armor plate. It is possible that Mr. Frick looks upon the recent overwhelming Republican majorities as the voice of the country approving the Carnegie industries.

Not a few Democrats who are usually patriotic are hoping to see the currency question go over to the new Congress. Pretty much all our financial woes having come of Republican legislation, they want the people of the United States to behold again the beauties of Republican financiering.

There is a reason that some, at least, of the German immigrants have settled in the Northwest when they might have gone to the more genial South and Southwest. A New York banking firm has offered to divert Western German immigration to the South for $10 a head. This firm admits that it has brought 25,000 Germans to this country and sent them to an undesirable climate.

"It is very clear that the war against the income tax is to be prosecuted with relentless vigor; the wealth of the country will not pay it if there is any way to avoid it," says the Courier-Journal. The truth is that a great part of the wealth of the country avoids any and every tax. If a book with a true history of tax-dodging in the United States were to be written it would be so large that no library shelf would hold it.

THE GRAND-JURY'S REPORT.

Despite the apparent pernicious activity of Circuit Attorney Zachritz in behalf of his political friends the Grand-jury has found an indictment against one prominent Republican. The evidence against Sheriff-elect Troll was so notorious and attention had been so vigorously directed to the case by the Post-Dispatch that it was impossible for the Grand-jury to be deceived.

But the Grand-jury admits in its report that it has only made a beginning in the work of running down election frauds. All the frauds have not been investigated nor all the evidence for the indictment of the guilty collected. Work yet remains to be done and it should be undertaken by the next Grand-jury under more auspicious conditions. The way has been opened and ample warning of the difficulties to be encountered has been given.

The part of the report relating to the conduct of the police is unsatisfactory. There is a manifest effort to criticise police misconduct under cover of explanation and apology and an insinuation of partisan work. In the matter of the transfer of police officers to new precincts, which the Grand-jury condemns, it will be remembered that this was done because of a Republican outcry against permitting the officers to serve in their accustomed precincts on the ground that they would discriminate in favor of Democrats whom they knew. If the change was an error of judgment it was committed in response to a demand for non-partisan action.

It is not becoming in the Grand-jury to intimate, explain or apologize. It should expose wrong-doing and indict, if possible. It has no business to insinuate wrong-doing where there is not evidence of it. The remarks in the report about non-partisan police are sound, and if there has been partisanship in the management of the police the people of St. Louis want the facts.

THE TROLL INDICTMENT.

The corrupt practices act has an important bearing on the indictment of Sheriff-elect Troll for bribery.

Under this new law Mr. Troll is subject upon conviction of bribery to imprisonment in the penitentiary for two years for felony; he is subject to a fine of $500 for each offense, which may be recovered together with the costs of the suit in any Circuit Court having jurisdiction of his person by any person suing in the name of the State; he is subject to suit for ouster brought by the opposing candidate, who, being free of a similar offense, may assume the office.

The importance of the case as affording a test of the corrupt practices act cannot be overestimated. The trial should be conducted with the greatest care and watchfulness. The conviction of Sheriff-elect Troll will give opportunity to enforce every provision of the law directed against the corrupt use of money in elections by candidates.

The full enforcement of this law against an offending candidate would be of great value in future elections in this city and State. It would be an impressive warning which is badly needed. No energy or means should be spared in the endeavor to enforce the law.

THE CARNEGIE FULL.

The demand of Mr. Carnegie that the fine of $140,000 imposed upon his company on account of defective armor plates supplied for new war vessels be refunded is a logical outcome of the course of the Administration in this matter.

The manner in which the mysterious Carnegie influence has been worked to the advantage of the Carnegie firm was clearly explained in our Washington dispatches yesterday. The strange and irregular action of the President and Secretary Herbert in letting the Carnegie firm off with a light fine in the face of evidence of wholesale frauds, the smothering of the congressional investigation of the armor plates in use on the advice of Secretary Herbert, the acceptance of $800,000 worth of new plates which failed to stand the tests, have given Carnegie ground to assert that he has been ill-used and to claim the return of the amount of the fine. The fact that the plates have been accepted and are in use offers strong evidence for the suit in court with which he is said to threaten the Navy Department.

Mr. Carnegie is not a fool. He is working his "pull" for all it is worth. But how did Carnegie get a "pull" on a Democratic administration? What is the basis of it? These are questions of deep interest to the people.

UNCIVIL.

Gov. Pennoyer of Oregon was not wishing President Cleveland a merry Christmas when, on that day of all others, he reminded him of Jackson's fight against bank paper sixty years ago, and reminded him further that all the traditions of the Democratic party are for gold and silver money or for Treasury notes as against bank currency. Such a Democrat as Mr. Cleveland cannot think of Jackson without a shudder or read what Jefferson thought about banks of issue without cold chills.

In 1813, when John Adams and Thomas Jefferson in their private correspondence were discussing the bank inflation mania which four years later plunged the country into a vortex of bankruptcy with $400,000,000 of worthless bank paper on its hands, Adams recalled his efforts many years before in behalf of a constitutional amendment to prohibit the chartering of banks of issue by the States and giving Congress the power to charter a United States bank with authority to issue not exceeding $10,000,000 of paper money, and he reminded Jefferson that his opposition to this scheme had opened the door to the institution of a much worse system. Jefferson in reply wrote:

My opposition to it (Adams' scheme) must have been grounded, not on taking the power from the States, but on leaving any vestige of it in existence, even in the hands of Congress, because it would only have been a change of the organ of abuse. I have ever been the enemy of banks, not of those discounting for cash, but of those foisting their own paper into circulation and thus banishing our cash. My zeal against those institutions was so warm and open at the establishment of the bank of the United States that I was derided as a maniac by the tribe of bank-mongers who were seeking to filch from the public their swindling and barren gains.

Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle seem to belong to "the tribe of bank-mongers" who derided Jefferson as a maniac.

During eleven months of 1894 to Dec. 1, our merchandise exports exceeded our imports by $130,005,000. This balance in our favor is supposed to bring us that amount in gold, and when it does not we are told an equal amount of foreign indebtedness has been redeemed. American securities to that amount being sent back to us. But in those eleven months our net exports of gold amounted to $71,796,000, and of silver to $34,369,000. So $130,005,000 of our merchandise exports, $71,796,000 of our gold and $34,369,000 of our silver went abroad in those eleven months as "a withdrawal of $236,140,000 of foreign capital from American investment," or to redeem that amount of American securities held abroad. But this sort of figuring on exports and imports will show that this withdrawal of foreign capital has been going on at about the same rate for the last twenty years. Perhaps it represents only the interest on what we owe abroad.

Broker Moore, who is to test the constitutionality of the income tax, denies that Mr. Havemeyer of the Sugar Trust has anything to do with the suit, but Mr. Havemeyer's attorney has been retained to assist Broker Moore's lawyers. Who is Mr. Havemeyer's attorney? No other than our old friend ex-Senator George F. Edmunds of Vermont. Mr. Edmunds' services in the Senate in getting the maple sugar bounty for Vermont have fitted him for work in the sugar interest, and Broker Moore has shown great shrewdness in employing him, for a great sugar lawyer must necessarily be useful along legal lines that may not be strictly saccharine.

Mr. Collins of Yonkers has a really valuable dog. When Mr. Collins goes to New York and gets drunk and the judge asks him if he has anything to say for himself, he answers, "No, Your Honor, but my dog has." Then, at a sign from Collins, the pup sits up and utters a most distressful whine, which so stirs the judicial sympathies that Collins is allowed to go free.

Breckinridge's friends say that he will enter the legislative caucus at Frankfort in '96 with twenty-six votes and that he will be the second choice of twenty-six other voters. Col. Billy has not, however, promised to apply his senatorial salary to the payment of the Pollard judgment.

John G. Moore, the income-tax fighting broker, is bare-headed enough to have been a candidate for Governor of New York in the late election. The classes upon which the bulk of taxation has heretofore been saddled sincerely hope that Broker Moore will get a wigging in the courts.

The tires of the Chicago patrol wagons were nearly worn out in carrying offendars to the police stations on Christmas. The number of arrests far exceeded that of any previous year. If Christ were to come to Chicago on Christmas it would be a melancholy arrival.

There can be little doubt that there is a good deal of civilization in the five tribes of the Indian Territory, now that they are to have a strong lobby at Washington. Possibly there are red men who would successfully manage a sugar trust or a great railroad.

Come off, old year!
Begone, old year!
O let us see thy face no more!
Begone, old year!
Come off, old year!
Thou pinching, starving '94!

It is said that all the Russians in Pittsburg and vicinity are taking the oath of allegiance to the new Czar and that there are 1,000 of them. It must be a great sorrow to the Czar that so many of his faithful subjects are so far away from him.

The Sultan positively declines to allow an American Consul to accompany the commission which is to inquire into the Armenian atrocities. Probably the only American he would tolerate is our Mohammed Alexander Webb.

Gen. Coxey, if sufficiently urged, will accept the Populist nomination for the Presidency. The modest example of Benjamin Harrison seems not to have been lost on Jacob Coxey.

Statesmen Bland and Clark will become much better known when they shall have gone fully into the lecture field. The Philadelphians swarmed to hear our Champ.

A Denver woman, out shopping, forgot her baby and left it in the street car. Has this litttle incident grown out of the enfranchisement of women in Colorado?

There is a chilly rumor that Benjamin Harrison and John Sherman are about to unite their capital for the manufacture of early-morning street-car stoves.

This thing of Kansas women raiding drug-stores and spilling all the whisky must be stopped if pharmacy is not to altogether perish in the Sunflower State.

A national foot ball cemetery seems to be in order for '95. Shall we not honor the fallen, rather than permit them to lie in inconspicuous local graves?

Many a woman in reading about Mrs. Spreckels' loss of a sun-burst of diamonds will whisper to herself, "How sweet I should look if I had it."

"By their fruits ye shall know them." And so Police Captain Stephenson was sent to Sing Sing for accepting four baskets of peaches.

Why should an attorney for Madeline Pollard pop up wherever the silver-tongued orator appears?

Several statesmen are thankful that United States Senators are not yet elected by the people.

A little less of Napoleon Bonaparte, please. Let us talk of Gen. Miles.

IN STAGELAND.

Maud Adams' Retort to a Boor—New Year's Attractions.

Miss Maud Adams is the leading lady of Mr. John Drew's Company, which plays "The Butterflies" at the Olympic New Years week. A good story is going the rounds concerning her quick wit. While in Philadelphia attending a select luncheon she met among others a young man recently married, who is noted for his bold manners and who has won the name of being the biggest bore in society. He asked Miss Adams a number of personal questions, and the hostess was about to speak to him when he received his just punishment from the young lady he had been bothering.

"Miss Adams," he asked, "will you tell me if you are married?"

"I am not."

"Do you contemplate such a step?"

"I give it no thought."

"And why, pray?" he persisted.

"Because I am not so easily pleased as your wife was."

JACK CRABTREE'S FIND.—Charley Dillingham, the ex-newspaper man, who now "works" his former brethren in the most approved and gentlemanly manner in the capacity of advance man for John Drew, has just received a letter from Jack Crabtree, Lotta's brother, in which the latter was mentally kicking himself all over the sands of Egypt. Crabtree, who is the most unique genius in the world, was recently in Paris with his mother and sister. One day he was knocking about, and he stumbled across plays, which he thought, from his little knowledge of French, would make great hits, so with a flourish of good American dollars he bought them outright.

The same day his mother became ill, and shortly they set sail for Cairo, Egypt. After arriving there Crabtree hunted up an Englishman to translate his plays, and to his intense mortification he found that three of them were French versions with changed names of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" and "The Foundling."

From the tenor of his letter to Dillingham he must have immediately sat down and written him in order to let off steam.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

John Drew, who comes to the Olympic next week in "The Butterflies," probably owes some of his success to his strong supporting company. He is one of the few stars who has sense enough to see that the better setting he has so much stronger will he appear. Miss Maud Adams, Anna Belmont, Harry Harwood, Leslie Allen, Mrs. Annie Adams, Lewis Baker and Arthur Byron are some of the players. "The Butterflies" is an American comedy, by an American author, played by an American star and supported by a company every member of which is an American.

Thomas "Tabasco" Q. Seabrooke, as he is called now, will come to the Grand next week with his new burlesque operetta, "Tabasco," the writers of the words and music of which are Messrs. Barnett and Chadwick. Seabrooke appears as Dennis O'Grady, an Irish cook, with a French accent, for an Eastern potentate. The monarch has an insatiable appetite for peppery food. The cook accidentally finds a bottle of Tabasco, and the gourmand is delighted with it. How to get a further supply equal to the monarch's peremptory demand provides the fun of the piece. The operetta is said to be beautifully mounted. "The Isle of Champagne" will be given on Thursday and Friday nights of the engagement.

Considering the number of years the spectacular "Fantasma" has been before the public, it is surprising to note what a firm hold the attraction has on the popular fancy. New business, new tricks, new scenery and costumes and new people are provided each season, and thus the spectacle keeps thoroughly up to date. "Fantasma" will be seen at the Hagan next week, beginning with the Sunday matinee.

"The Bandit King" will be presented at Havlin's next week with James H. Wallick, the star, in the part of Joe Howard, played by him over 3,000 times and making him famous all over the United States. The part is one requiring a robust physique and stentorious voice, both of which Mr. Wallick possesses. The play serves to introduce several highly trained horses, who really act and are part of it.

Next week at Pope's the sensational melodrama "The Plunger" will be put on. "The Plunger" is well known to St. Louisans and needs no introduction. Miss Josephine Morse, the new leading lady, will make her debut Sunday afternoon. The vaudeville bill includes some of the brightest lights in the vaudeville profession to-day.

Reilly and Woods' big show will play a return engagement at the Standard next week.

Sunday evening Hon. W. C. P. Breckinridge will deliver a lecture at the Olympic on "Eras of American Development and Their Great Men."

FOUND DEAD.

Fatal Result of an Office Boy's Christmas Spree.

John McKellop, an office boy, aged 17, was found dead under a lime box in a vacant lot opposite 4363 Papin street, Wednesday afternoon. His home has been with his uncle, John B. Largentry, 4395 Chouteau avenue. He has been out of work and given to drink. Tuesday night McKellop was drinking with Barney Kelly, 4214 Page avenue, and Ollie Ichmeyer, 4390 Papin street, and at his request they put McKellop under the lime house for the night, because he did not want to go home in a drunken condition. Kelly and two companions found the body beneath the lime box Wednesday afternoon.

OVER A WOMAN.

Clarence Brown and Alex Ewing Quarreled and Ewing Was Badly Cut.

Clarence Brown, 19 years old, and Alex Ewing, about the same age, both colored, got into a quarrel at 2:15 a. m. at 1413 Poplar street about a colored woman named Pearl Fox, who lives at 42 Targee street. Ewing threw a beer glass at Brown, who drew a knife and cut Ewing twice in the abdomen and once in the left side of his neck. Ewing was taken to the Dispensary, where Dr. Kearney pronounced his injuries dangerous, and he was sent to the City Hospital. Brown, who lives at 1305 Spruce street, escaped.

NEW COLORED SCHOOL.

The Teachers Committee Decides on One Despite Protests.

The Teachers Committee of the School Board has decided to open a new colored school, with one teacher, at the corner of Belt and St. Louis avenues, if an average daily attendance of thirty children can be secured. This action was taken notwithstanding the vigorous protest of ninety-two white property owners in that vicinity.

BESTEL CHILDREN.

The Probate Court Orders the Sheriff to Take Them.

On application of the Humane Society, the Sheriff was ordered by the Probate Court to take the custody of the Bestel children, William, Philip and Katie, aged respectively 13, 3 and 1 year. Since their mother died, on September 30, they have been in the custody of their drunken father, who Judge Woerner has declared totally unfit to have charge of them.

Eugenie's Diamonds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 27.—The diamonds once worn by the Empress Eugenia are now the property of Mrs. W. A. Neville of this city. At the sale of the personal effects of the unfortunate ex-Empress, several years ago they were purchased by the Rothschilds for the late Mrs. Kate Johnson of San Francisco. At the latter's death her effects were disposed of at auction. Neville, who is interested in gold mines, made a rich strike and procured the famous jewels as a Christmas gift for his wife.

SELLING POISON.

St. Louis Druggists Favor the Recommendation of the Grand-Jury.

A Post-Dispatch reporter called on some of the retail druggists to ascertain their views in relation to the recommendations of the Grand-jury that all purchasers of poison be required to sign their names to a memorandum book kept by the druggist, stating what they had bought, and that the druggist attest the genuineness of the signature by attaching his own.

"If the State or municipal authorities should pass such a law," said M. W. Alexander of 514 Olive street, "it would not bother me. There is a law promulgated by the State Board of Pharmacy long ago which orders every druggist to keep a register and write therein the name and address of every purchaser of poison, the kind of poison he purchased, the amount of poison, what he intended to use it for, by what clerk it was sold and to whom it was delivered. I keep such a record posted up to date, and the only difference that the passage of such a law suggested by the Grand-jury would make would be that it would require each poison-purchaser to sign his own name in the book instead of having us do that for him."

Mr. Alexander then showed the reporter his register.

John H. Allen, the druggist at 700 Olive street, said:

"I think the passage and the enforcement of such a law as suggested by the Grand-jury would be a very good thing. The sale of poison is something a druggist cannot be too careful about. I am always particularly watchful as to whom I sell poison, and even if such a law were enforced, I would not sell poison to every applicant simply because he offered to sign his name, attesting such purchase. Still I would like to see such a law passed."

R. S. Bowman, proprietor of Pope's Theater Pharmacy, said:

"I would be glad to see such a law as the Grand-jury favors passed. In Illinois they have a law regulating the sale of poison which requires the druggists to keep registers. These are inspected periodically by members of the State Board of Pharmacy. I believe there is a somewhat similar law on the Missouri statute books, but I'm afraid it's a dead letter. I think if the new law were passed it would prove quite a public benefit."

DOG POISONER.

Further Evidence of His Dirty Work in the West End.

Messrs. T. W. and C. W. Freeman, brothers, who live at 4123 Washington boulevard, lost a valuable pointer dog last Monday, which they suspect was poisoned. This is the third dog they have lost within a year. The Sunday Post-Dispatch about three weeks ago published an account of the wholesale poisoning of dogs along Delmar and Washington boulevards. It would seem that the perpetrator of these outrages is again at his dastardly work. The Messrs. Freeman have given the remains of their dog to Dr. H. F. James to make a chemical analysis of its stomach. They wish to ascertain for a certainty whether the dog was poisoned and what drug was used. The gentlemen have no enemies that they know of who would be guilty of seeking such small revenge by poisoning their dogs. They do not propose, however, to let the matter rest, and if the man is found who has been perpetrating these outrages he will be given the full benefit of the law.

OUT OF A JOB.

Several Bad Policeman Dismissed From the Force.

Probationary Patrolman Michael Schweigler, Fifth District, was dismissed by the Police Board Tuesday for conduct unbecoming an officer. It is alleged that while drunk he forced his way into the residence of a private citizen. Before his suspension he threw his star on the ground and spoke disrespectfully of the Police Board. Patrolman John Fink, Fourth District, was dismissed for general inefficiency. The charges of assaulting a prisoner, preferred against Patrolman Martin O'Brien and Detective Thomas Dwyar, who are accused of having beaten William Wright in the precincts of the Court of Criminal Correction, were laid over until the next meeting. Charges against Patrolmen Patrick Hannon and James O'Connell were laid over until the next meeting. The board acknowledged the receipt of 100 sacks of flour from N. D. Orthwein. The flour was turned over to Captain Joyce for distribution among the poor in the Third District.

WORSTED IN A FIGHT.

Thomas Martin, a Switchman, Sustains Several Scalp Wounds.

Thomas Martin, a switchman, 24 years old, was found on Seventh and Market streets bleeding from two scalp wounds Wednesday night. He was taken care of at the City Dispensary. He said he had been in a fight in a saloon on Third and Market streets and received his injuries therein. He is an unmarried man, and resides at 203 Market street. He was sent to the City Hospital.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

PATENT INCUBATOR.—Charlie Hoyt, whose "Trip to Chinatown" is booked here this week, surprised a waiter at Faust's during his last visit to St. Louis. Hoyt ordered a spring chicken, and when it was served he found after several fruitless attempts to take off a wing that the bird had passed several springs in the barnyard. Calling the waiter, he asked:

"Is Mr. Faust here?"

"No, sir; he has gone home."

"Do you remember what I ordered?"

"Certainly, sir; a spring chicken."

"And this"—

"That, sir, is a spring chicken."

"You may be right, but it is somewhat different from most spring chickens I have eaten, and I just wanted to ask Mr. Faust if he had a patent incubator for hatching hard-boiled eggs."

When the waiter recovered his breath he ordered another chicken.

UNFORTUNATE SLANG.—A brawny young college graduate in the West End, who has spent much of his time among professional athletes, has contracted many of their habits of speech. He is sorry for it to-day. The other day he visited a very dear young lady friend. Her brother remarked that a noted belle of their acquaintance had announced her engagement to be married. "Yes," murmured the enamored college youth, in a tone half sad, half dreamy, waving a hand toward his fair girl friend, "her jaws was just falling me." His departure was early, and her farewell was brief.

"THE WORST OF IT."—On Seventh street there is a restaurant of the cheap and grimy sort whose great speciality and boast is beef stew. One of the patrons the other day happened to get hold of a dollar. It made him a trifle haughty, and he could not resist the temptation to visit his old feeding place and make a splurge. He mounted a stool and demanded roast turkey and cranberry sauce.

"Ain't got any," said the waiter.

"Den bring me a saddle of venison."

"Just out."

"Got any frog legs, wit' canary gravy?"

"No, sir."

"Nor minced clams on toast?"

"No."

"Den gimme de worst of it."

The waiter brought him beef stew.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

G. F. P.—A quarter of 1831 is worth 30 cents.

INQUIRER.—Simply address Chief of Police, St. Louis.

A. Z.—There are about 1,500 licensed saloons in St. Louis.

SUBSCRIBER.—In straight euchre the man who orders up the trump can play alone. His opponent can not. In other words, only the man who has "the say" can play alone.

WHAT-NOT CORNER.

MEN OF MARK.

Edwin N. Curtis, the Mayor-elect of Boston, Mass., is 32 years of age, has held no previous office (except that of City Clerk), is a man of great ability, and inherited a fortune a few yars ago from an uncle.

Henry Irving's second son, Lawrence Irving, who is now about 22 years of age, will soon publish a book called "Godefrol and Yolande." It will be something in the style of a medieval play. Aubrey Beardsley has made three illustrations for the book.

Gov. Lewelling of Kansas thinks that the Populists are destined to become more of a factor in politics than ever, though, perhaps, not under the name of Populists. Following Mrs. Lease's example, the Governor will also abandon Kansas, and will soon engage in business in Texas.

Attorney-General and Mrs. Olney have adopted a new method, or one peculiar to themselves, of entertaining their friends. They give a dinner on every Sunday evening, and it is said that these dinners are stripped of those formalities which render social functions of that kind unpleasant to many.

A SHIP OF MANY PADDLE-WHEELS.

A Welshman proposes to build a ship that will have a speed of sixty miles an hour. The boat will be 850 feet long and 50 feet wide, with a flat bottom and wedge-shaped bow and stern, of 10,000 tons displacement, and with eight paddle-wheels on each side, making seventeen revolutions a minute.

ALABAMA'S CEDAR FORESTS.

Alabama's forests of red cedar are said to be practically exhausted. That State was once the chief source of supply of the United States.

NOVEL FRENCH TOY.

The cut shows a new French blow toy.

The endeavor of the boy is to hang the hook upon the ring.

GREAT BRITAIN'S WHEAT NEEDS.

Great Britain promises to import about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat on this crop. The early estimates of her import needs placed them at 180,000,000 bushels.

WOMEN MINERS.

Two women of Baker County, Ore., own silver mines, and are running them in person. They do not actually handle shovels and sift the earth, but they superintend the working of their property; and, while they admit that the business has rough sides for a woman, they are making money, and purpose to keep on.

THE WORLD OF LABOR.

Dresden taxes cats.
There are women pilots.
San Francisco has 55,000 Chinese.
California has ostrich farms.
Cleveland, O., taxes bicycles.
Japan boasts a woman lawyer.
Tacoma, Wash., reports a shingle trust.
South Dakota has 30,000 farms.
A Paris store has 4,000 employes.
Chicago has a woman elevator man.
An umbrella has a cut-glass handle.
Australia is first in gold production.
Glasgow has an underground railway.
Oregon farmers are now raising tobacco.

WHEN TO FORGET.

"Remember yourself in the dressing-room and forget yourself in the drawing-room."—Mrs. Abigail Adams, Wife of the Second President.

STORAGE RESERVOIR IN EGYPT.

The great storage reservoir to be built by the English on the Upper Nile, so as to regulate and control the flow of the river and render available for cultivation thousands of acres of new land, was seriously objected to by all lovers of antiquity in the civilized world because it would submerge the ruins of the temple at Philae. A modification of the plan has now been made by the Egyptian Ministry of Public Works by which the dam will be built twenty-six feet lower than was at first proposed, so that only the lower part of the island, with some unimportant ruins, will be under water. This will supply enough water for either Middle or Lower Egypt, but not enough for both. The need of a reservoir is said to be urgent, as the demands of cultivators for water now exceed the supply.

ASHES AS BUILDING MATERIAL.

According to Invention, a building has recently been erected by Herr Wagner, an architect at Limburg, solely of materials formed of ashes, without any admixture of sand. It is claimed that hard natural stones of almost every variety have been successfully imitated with this very cheap material.

ELECTRICAL PLOW.

An electrical plow, which may be operated at about half the cost of one propelled by steam, is new. The source of power is a transportable boiler and engine, such as is used for agricultural purposes, and the plow is drawn by the winding up of a chain cable anchored at each end. The plow contains four shoes, pointing in one direction, and four pointing in the other, so arranged that the plow is drawn first in one direction and then in the other, without requiring to be turned. The plant appears to have been in actual operation and is not a mere suggestion.

ALUMINUM PAPER.

From the Carpenter and Builder (London).

The surface of the paper is coated with adhesive matter and the latter covered with laminated or powdered aluminum, or powdered aluminum is mixed with adhesive matter and spread on the surface of the paper by brushes or any other manner convenient.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

The first Japanese woman to study law and become a lawyer is said to be Mme. Tei Sono, who belongs to an aristocratic family in Tokio.

The death of Mrs. B. G. Hyde, the widow of a Boston, Mass., school-teacher, gives to that city $14,000, to be used to erect a statue of Rufus Choate.

Mrs. Humphrey Ward is said to be the best-paid novelist now living. Out of her three books that have been published in the last six years she has realized no less than $300,000.

Miss Floride Cunningham, a member of the World's Fair Board of Lady Managers, from South Carolina, in a late address declared that the serfs of Russia and the negroes of the South were free, but that woman alone remained in civil bondage.

A lady in South Kensington has found a new use for dogs. One muddy day, lately, she was seen in the street with a parcel in one hand, an umbrella in the other, and an Irish setter was holding the train of her dress with his teeth. He never let the dress touch the ground.

The Grand Duchess of Baden has the reputation of knowing enough about cookery to help her three chefs up to the mark; and, as a consequence, the best of all the royal tables of Europe is said to be found at the court of Baden. The Grand Duchess makes the coffee herself, in a Russian coffee-pot, and the guests are always expected to praise it.

WEAR AND TEAR ON RAILWAYS.

Taking the length of the permanent railways on the surface of the globe at nearly 60,000 geographical miles, with a daily average of ten trains, it is estimated that the total loss suffered by wear and tear each day by the metallic rails of the earth is about 600 tons. The 600 tons are lost in the form of a fine powder, and are carried back into the earth in the shape of soluble iron salts.

PROGRESS OF THE WORLD.

The metal gallium costs $3,000 an ounce.

America has 1,400 telephone exchanges.

Our railroads employ 1,000,000 freight cars.

Local scientists of Findlay, O., have a project to produce natural gas by pumping air into the earth.

If all our carrying vessels were anchored in one harbor there would be a fleet of 23,538,000, all sail and wheelers.

The world's total gold yield last year was $238,238,000, an increase of about $2,500,000 over the previous year.

New Orleans has a vestibuled train to San Francisco that covers the distance in less than seventy-eight hours.

A house costing over $5,000 was recently successfully moved from Seattle to Olympia, sixty miles, without taking it apart.

A new departure in Russian journalism has been initiated at Helsingfors with the establishment in that city of a newspaper edited and conducted entirely by women.

RINGING THE FROST BELLS.

Frost bells are tolled in some districts of France when frost is first threatened. Immediately the inhabitants place quantities of tar between the rows of vines. The tar is lighted, and volumes of smoke arise, thus protecting the vines.

NOTES OF ALL SORTS.

Burmese children of both sexes begin to smoke almost as soon as they can speak.

It is calculated that if the children under the care of the London School Board were to join hands, they would reach from London to Carlisle, a distance of 300 miles.

The total amount of gold in circulation at the present time is estimated at about 1,070 millions of pounds sterling, weighing, altogether, 865 tons.

The earliest snow ever known in Great Britain was on Oct. 7, 1820.

A decapitated snail, kept in a moist place, will in a few weeks grow a new head, quite as serviceable and as good-looking as that which was taken away.

Recent insurance statistics show that if the wife dies first, the husband, on an average, survives nine years; while, if the husband dies first, the wive survives eleven years.

The giraffe has a tongue almost eighteen inches long.

EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT.

Seven hundred and forty-one tons of gold, or their equivalent, were required to pay the expenses for the United States Government for the year 1894. The necessary teams to haul it, allowing a ton, and twenty-five feet, to a team, would make a procession over three and one-half miles long.

PLACE FOR A CHEST-PROTECTOR.

A leading throat specialist says that "the best chest protector is worn on the foot."

WEST INDIAN SUPERSTITIONS.

To cross where four roads meet, at 6 or 12 o'clock, will bring misfortune.

It is most unlucky to live in a corner house.

If you wish to enlarge your house, never do so lengthwise. If you do, a member of your family will die.

If you break a bottle of olive oil, you will have misfortune for seven years; also if you kill a cat.

If a dog bite you, go to a lime tree, select a ripe lime, cut half of it off, and bury it. As this decays, so will the dog's teeth; and no harm will come to you.

DECLINE OF ILLITERACY.

A striking illustration of the effect of board schools in England is the fact that in 1870, 27½ per cent of the women and 20 per cent of the men married, taking the country as a whole, could not sign their names; the proportions now are 11⅔ women and 9½ men. In London there has been a decline from 14½ per 1,000 of illiterate men and 8¼ women to 3 and 5¼ respectively.

SMOKING COMPETITON.

There has been a smoking competition at Bruges—not with the view of proving who should smoke the greatest quantity in a given time. The end was the more scientific one of finding out who could make four grammes of tobacco last the longest without allowing the pipe to be extinguished. The winner contrived to keep his pipe alight for sixty-seven minutes.

POPS IN TOWN.

Populists' National Executive Committee Meets To-Morrow.

They Will Frame a Platform for the Next Campaign.

MAY CONSOLIDATE THE PEOPLE'S AND FREE SILVER PARTIES.

An Effort to Be Made to Overthrow the Platform of the Omaha Convention—Declarations of Principles Prepared by Judge Lyman Trumbull Meet With General Approval.

The big Populists of the country are coming into St. Louis in droves. The meeting of the National Executive Committee, which was called by Chairman H. E. Taubeneck, will convene in the ladies' ordinary of the Lindell Hotel promptly at 10 o'clock Friday morning and will be continued through the next day.

It has been given out that one of the most important features of the meeting will be the framing of a platform for the next presidential campaign. A rumor has also been circulated to the effect that the committee will endeavor to effect a consolidation of the People's party with the new Free Silver party, which was organized in this city a few weeks ago. A large number of the prominent members of the party are said to disapprove of the platform as adopted at the Omaha convention, and it is understood that an effort is to be made to overthrow it and adopt a new one, and in event of which some lively and spirited discussions are looked for.

Several members of the committee and also a number of friends and members of the party who were anxious to attend the meeting have already arrived in the city, but the evening and early morning trains are expected to bring in a host of others, all of whom are expected to lend their aid in bringing the object of the meeting to a successful issue.

While this meeting is in progress a meeting of the State Committee will also be held in Room 22 of the Lindell. Chairman A. Rozelle of Tarkio arrived in the city during the morning. The object of calling these two meetings at the same time is to bring the members of both committees together in order that the National Committee may indorse any action taken by the State Committee.

In the opinion of the chiefs of the People's party of Chicago, Judge Lyman Trumbull has given to his countrymen a paper that will have as much to do with perpetuating his name, as the historic Thirteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution, which he drafted more than a quarter of a century ago.

LYMAN TRUMBULL'S PLATFORM.

It is a declaration of principles for the guidance of the People's party of the United States, and it consists of a series of resolutions which are to be made the basis of the work of the National People's party conference, which will convene here to-morrow morning. The paper as it will go before the convention here is as follows:

"1. Resolved, That human brotherhood and equality of rights are cardinal principles of true Democracy.

"2. Resolved, That, forgetting all past political difference we unite in the common purpose to rescue the Government from the control of monopolists and concentrated wealth, to limit their powers of corporation by curtailing their privileges, and to secure the rights of free speech, a free press, free labor and trial by jury; all rules, regulations and judicial dicta in derogation of either of which are arbitrary, unconstitutional, and not to be tolerated by a free people.

"3. We indorse the resolution adopted by the National Republican Convention of 1860, which was incorporated by President Lincoln in his inaugural address as follows:

"'That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depend and we denounce the lawless invasion by armed force on the soil of any State or Territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes.'

"4. Resolved, That the power given Congress by the Constitution 'to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, to suppress insurrections, to repel invasions,' does not warrant the Government in making use of a standing army in aiding monopoly in the oppression of their employes. When free men unsheathe the sword it should be to strike for liberty, not for despotism or to uphold privileged monopolies in the oppression of the poor.

"5. Resolved, That to check the rapid absorption of the wealth of the country and its perpetuation in a few hands, we demand the enactment of laws limiting the amount of property to be acquired by devise or inheritance.

"6. Resolved, That we denounce the issuing of interest-bearing bonds by the Government in times of peace to be paid for, in part at least, by gold drawn from the Treasury, which results in the Government's paying interest on its own money.

"7. Resolved, That we demand that Congress perform its constitutional duty to coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin by enactment of laws for the free coinage of silver with that of gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"8. Resolved, That monopolies affecting the public interest should be owned and operated by the Government in the interests of the people; all employes of the same to be governed by civil service rules, and no one to be employed or displaced on account of politics.

"9. Resolved, We inscribe on our banners, 'Down with monopolies and millionaire control, Up with the rights of man and the masses,' and under this banner we march to the polls and to victory."

BEALL WAS ACQUITTED.

Termination of a Hard Fought Murder Trial in Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Dec. 27.—The jury in the trial of F. M. Beall for the murder of F. R. McKennon in Guthrie on Jan. 6, 1893, returned a verdict in El Reno of "not guilty." The jury was out forty hours. This case has been one of the hardest fought murder trials that has ever been tried in the Territory. A change of venue was taken from Guthrie to Oklahoma City, from Oklahoma City to El Reno, Judge C. C. Beiser was designated to try the case. The closing arguments are said to have been very strong on both sides, Judge Green appeared for the defendant, Judge George Green for the prosecu-

Cough or Sore Throat should not be neglected. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are a reliable remedy, and give immediate relief. Only in boxes.

Another Crooked Bank Clerk.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The National Bank of Commerce has reported to the police a defalcation of $30,000 by its transfer and coupon clerk, Edward R. Carter. The defaulter has been with the bank twenty-three years, starting as a messenger boy, when 16 years old. He was arrested, and confessed that he began stealing twenty years ago. He was committed to the Tombs by Justice Ryan.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

A Pauper's Good Fortune.

MANSFIELD, Mo., Dec. 27.—Advices received from the Pension Bureau states that Mary A. Summers, one of the Wright County paupers, has been granted a pension of $12 per month and $107 back pay.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

EPOCH-MAKING

Principles Emphasized by the Strike of the A. R. U.

Public Attention Drawn to Questions of National Importance.

CARROLL D. WRIGHT SEES THE PROGRESS OF A SILENT REVOLUTION.

And It Seems to Lead to Government Control of Railways and the Growth of the Socialistic Idea—The Demand Will Be Made by Bondholders, Not by Labor Societies—Text of the Commissioner's Speech.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright delivered an address to-day before the American Economic Association. The speech was devoted to demonstrating the lessons taught and the political results of the strike or boycott of the American Railway Union of last summer. Mr. Wright said:

The great strike which occurred at Chicago in June and July last was in reality a combination of strike and boycott—was an epochal event, because it emphasized certain principles which are now recognized as essential in the government, management and operation of railroads.

It demonstrated to the satisfaction of the public at large the right and power of the Federal Government to send troops into a State for the purpose of protecting Federal interests whether that protection was or was not asked for by the State Government. It has emphasized the power of the Federal Government to protect its great interests in the transportation of mails. It is further epochal in its nature and influence, because which was a twin power to that of mandamus; it has shown that the civil courts have asserted the right to define what is crime under certain circumstances, to execute their own views by legal processes, to interpret their own acts and to impose sentence. It is epoch-making again because it has crystallized public sentiment upon a question which has often been argued—that relating to the quasi-public character of railroad employes.

A SILENT REVOLUTION.

The chief reason, however, to my own mind, why the Chicago strike is an epoch-making event lies in the fact that it constitutes a subordinate element in a revolution which is quietly taking place in this country. It is not necessary, in this presence, for me to say that I approach this part of my subject from a standpoint entirely opposed to State socialism as a system. I have no faith in it. Nor need I assert that I approach it from a point of view antagonistic to what is known as compulsory arbitration. I approach it, further, from the point of view that neither the Federal nor State Governments can or ought to be allowed, as a rule, to regulate rates of wages or prices of commodities.

Notwithstanding these professions, I am ready to re-examine these propositions to which I am opposed and, if expedient, to apply some of the features involved in each of them. Let us, therefore, consider in what respect the Chicago strike became a subordinate element in a revolution which is now going on.

In 1887 the Congress, at the demand of the shippers of the country and in their interest, as it was supposed, made the declaration that all charges made for any service rendered or to be rendered in the transportation of passengers or property on interstate railroads, or in connection therewith, or for the receiving, delivering, storage or handling of such property, should be reasonable and just, and every unjust and unreasonable charge for such service was prohibited and declared to be unlawful. This declaration has become, to all intents and purposes, a part of the Constitution of the United States, because it has been sustained by the courts. But this declaration was emphatically State socialism; it was emphatically compulsory arbitration; it was emphatically a law regulating the prices of commodities through the price of services. It was the old principle by which States regulated pikes and tolls, but here carried into a new form with new machinery. It was properly sustained by the courts.

What is the consequence of this as another step in the silent revolution which is taking place? There is now pending in Congress a measure which is State socialism pure and simple. I refer to the pooling bill now pending in the Senate. I cite it only to show the second phase of the silent revolution to which I referred. This pending legislation is demanded at the instance of the shippers and the railroads of the country, and its passage is being aided by a powerful lobby in their service. The railroads base their advocacy of the bill on the claim that it will be for the interest of the shippers to have such a law. The bill provides for a great trust, with the Government of the United States as the trustee.

THE ENTERING WEDGE.

When the first bill to regulate commerce was passed, the great and powerful wedge of State socialism was driven one-quarter of its length into the timber of conservative government, of that government which means democracy. The pending bill, the moment it becomes a law, will drive the wedge three-quarters of its length into the timber. There will then be needed but one more blow to drive the wedge home, and that blow will come at the instance of business and not of labor—entire Government control of all the railroads of the country, instead of partial control under the laws now existing or proposed.

This blow will be struck in the most seductive way. It will come through a demand that the Government shall take charge of the roads, not purchase them—shall take charge of the roads, and out of the proceeds of the transportation business guarantee to the existing stockholders of the roads a small but reasonable rate or dividend. Under such a seductive movement the stockholders, themselves conservative men, men in this hall now, will vote for the striking of the blow. All this, as I have said, will be the demand and in the interest of the railroads and of the shippers and not of the labor involved in carrying on the work of transportation, as the demand of to-day for the enactment of the pooling bill is alleged to be largely in the interest of the shippers and of the public welfare.

Will the railroads now consistently demand and keep their lobby employed to secure the extension of the same principles to labor, and thus give their employes the status of semi-public service, and thus help to prevent or reduce the number of strikes on all the interstate roads and, logically, on all roads?

I can now answer why it is that the Chicago strike is epochal in its influence as a subordinate phase of a silent revolution—a revolution probably in the interest of the public welfare. It is because the events of that strike logically demand that another declaration of law and of the principles of the Federal Government shall be made—a declaration that all wages paid, as well as charges for any service rendered in the transportation of property, passengers, etc., shall be reasonable and just. A declaration of this character, backed by the machinery of the Government to carry it into effect, would give to railroad employes the status of public servants. The machinery accompanying such a declaration should be modeled on the interstate commerce act. It should be provided that some authority be established for the regulation of wage contracts on railroads, not for a compulsory adjustment, as now provided for the adjustment of freight rates, so that there would be little inducement under it on the part of railroads to pay unjust and unreasonable wages, on the part of the employes to quit work when they were just and reasonable. I think I recognize the distinction which you of the economic association would make between Government adjustment of freight rates and like adjustment of wage rates, and I fully agree that while the Government can fix the compensation of its own employes, it cannot and ought not to attempt arbitrarily to fix that of the employes of railroads; but I further recognize that it is the right and duty of Government to prevent the interruption of interstate commerce and the obstruction of the mails, and that in the exercise of this right it ought to have a voice in making the terms and adjusting the conditions of the employment of the employes engaged in such service.

TOYS FOR A SONG!
Third Floor.
Two Big Tables for Friday.

9c BUYS choice of 1 table containing such as 15-inch Washable Dolls, Sets of Magnetic Toys, Money Banks, Games of various sorts, Tops, Japanese Dolls, Story and Picture Books, etc., worth up to 35c each.

39c BUYS choice of 1 table containing such as Large Kid Body Dolls, with shoes and stockings; Toy Furniture, Sets of Magnetic Toys, 3-Shelf Hard Wood Book Racks, Blocks and Games, Toy Violins, Kaleidoscopes, etc., worth up to $1 each.

GRAND-LEADER 815-821 N. BROADWAY. —STIX, BAER & FULLER—

The Most Marvelous Christmas Trading in St. Louis was here! While other stores were Busy, WE WERE PACKED! And the Bargains are not all gone yet! SEE THESE FOR **FRIDAY**

ALL THAT'S LEFT OF OUR **Fancy Holiday Boxes and Xmas Cards and Booklets**
Will be closed out Friday at a discount of
JUST ONE-HALF
Our Former Low Prices
Thus you can have 75c articles for 38c,
$1.00 articles for 50c,
$1.50 articles for 75c,
And so on all along the line.

Ladies' Capes.
Second Floor.
$6.48 Friday buys Ladies' Plush Capes made of extra quality Seal Plush, edged with Astrachan, Dyed Opossum or French Seal, lined with Silk; reduced from $12.50 and $15.00.

Child's Gretchens.
Second Floor.
$3.98 Friday buys Child's Gretchens (ages 4 to 14), made of fine imported Silk-mixed Boucle Cloth, made up in the new Empire style—garments that sold from $5.50 to $12.50.

Dress Goods.
19c A yard Friday buys choice of 40 pieces best quality extra fine Twilled Silk Finish English Henrietta Cloth in black and colors—will make up beautifully.
39c A yard buys, 54-inch All Pure Wool Ladies' Cloth, ready sponged, all colors; price was 65c.

Handkerchiefs.
8⅓c Friday buys choice of a big table full of Men's and Ladies' 20c and 25c Hemstitched and Embroidered Handkerchiefs that have got soiled in the holiday rush, including a lot of Seconds of Embroidered Handkerchiefs that would be worth 35c each if perfect.
Initial Handkerchiefs Friday at half former prices.

Child's Underwear.
19c A garment Friday buys choice of a limited lot of Child's Fine Scarlet and Natural Wool Vests, Pants and Drawers and Misses' Jersey Ribbed Fleece-Lined Cotton Vests and Pants; worth up to 50c a garment.

Bed Comforts.
Basement.
69c Each Friday buys choice of 27 dozen ¾-size Bed Comforts, filled with best white Carded Cotton; worth $1.50.

Euchre Cloths.
Main Floor.
35c Friday buys choice of 135 dozen All-Linen Plain White and Colored Border 5-quarter Euchre Cloths; worth 55c each.

GRAND-LEADER

A DOLLAR CORSET FOR 59c.
(Second Floor.)
Something Extraordinary This; Regular Dollar Corsets, made of Imported Coutille, with extra long waists and boned with unbreakable Kabo, Friday at 59c.

BLANKETS.
(Basement.)
$1.25
A Pair Friday buys heavy ten-quarter Gray Wool Blankets, with fancy borders—the best Blanket Bargain ever offered even at the "Grand-Leader;" worth $2.50 a pair.

Flannels.
Main Floor.
15c A yard Friday buys choice of 20 pieces Heavy All-Wool Scarlet Medicated Twilled Flannel; worth 25c.
10c A yard (basement) buys choice of one case 32-inch Canton Flannel; our regular 15c quality.

Child's Hosiery.
15c A pair Friday buys Child's Fine Imported Full Regular Made Colored Cashmere Hose, all sizes, 5 to 8½; regular 35c quality.

Ladies' Mitts.
13c A pair Friday buys Ladies' Fine Fast Black Cashmere Mitts; regular 25c ones.

Ladies' Underwear.
39c A suit Friday buys Ladies' Fine Jersey-Ribbed Fleece-Lined Cotton Union Suits, with self-fronts and taped necks, all sizes; regular price, 75c.

12½c Silkolines for....
Second Floor.
5c A yard Friday buys 32-inch Silkolines in very neat and novel effects, patterns and solid colors—the regular 12½c quality.

Don't Forget Your Dinner
Or that we sell Groceries at Low Prices in this town.
Fancy All New Imported Mixed Nuts, value 20c to 25c lb; for..... 12
Fancy Fresh French Mixed Candy, value elsewhere 20c and 25c lb; for.. 15
Best Broken Taffy or Absolutely Pure Stick Candy, value 15c lb; for... 8
Finest Imported Cleaned Currants and Seedless Raisins; lb for..... 10
Quart Bottles Bob Pepper Whisky; worth $1.00; for..... 5
Quart Bottles Port, Sherry, Angelica and Muscatel Wine..... 25
Mason Quart Jars Fancy Queen Olives, value 75c; for..... 25
Best Sugar-Cured California Hams..... 8
Sold elsewhere at 10c.
Good Sugar Corn, can..... 6
Many sell it for 10c.
New York State Early June Peas, fine value, 15c can; for..... 10

GRAND-LEADER

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

WYMAN INSTITUTE
Western Military Academy
UPPER ALTON, ILL.
Sixteenth Year. An old and thorough preparatory school with graduates in Yale, Princeton and Cornell. Cadets prepared for college or business. Address Col. WILLIS BROWN, Supt.

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Burlington Route
BEST LINE TO KANSAS CITY
CHRISTMAS COMES!

McNichol Is Ready for It!

Hurrah! Hurrah! Be joyous all
Let pain and woe subside,
Let sorrow sink behind the veil,
This is the glad Yule-tide!
Hang up the holly-branch so green,
With berries red like wine;
The mistletoe is over us,
The firelight fairies shine!

Be glad of home and pity those
Whom lot more sternly cast
Condemns them to the icy street,
Where scars the wintry blast.
Draw up the curtains free and wide
That cheerfulness may show,
And gleams of brightness follow
The outcast far below!

Be thankful for a home, we say,
All ye whose altars stand,
And pity those who homeless are
In this great happy land.
Encourage like McNichol here,
All souls that comfort seek,
And tell how easy homes are made
On payments by the week!

No heavy sum of cash required—
This broad, home-loving man—
Will sell the best goods ever seen
On his installment plan!
All furniture, all carpets, stoves,
And pretty things not dear;
Try to be better fixed in time
To greet the glad New Year!

Yes, resolve that this Christmas sees you the last time in furnished rooms, cheerless, uncomfortable. And now a hearty wish to all of "A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year," from your true friend,
(Trade Mark) **The Only McNICHOL**
1015, 1022, 1024 Market st.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

P. S.—The best of everything for home life at prices in reach of all. Easier terms and finer goods than you'll find anywhere. Furniture, Carpets, Pictures, Dishes, Bedding, Folding Beds, Stoves, Ranges, etc.

Animal Extracts Prepared according to the formula of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, in his laboratory at Washington, D. C. The most wonderful therapeutic discovery since the days of Jenner. Dose, 5 drops. Price (2 dr.) $1.00. At all druggists or from the Columbia Chemical Co., Washington, D. C. Send for book. 114

Another Strong Point OAK ...OF THE... **CHARTER OAK,**
IN addition to its perfect operation and durability, is that it does the work with the smallest possible quantity of fuel.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

CULLOM'S MISSION.

Leaves Washington for Illinois to Look After His Election.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Senator Cullom leaves for Illinois to-day. He makes no secret of the fact that his trip is for the purpose of looking after his re-election to the Senate. He expects to remain away at least until after the Republican members hold their caucus for the selection of a Senator, but probably will not delay his return until the election, as he confidently expects the caucus to decide the matter. The Legislature meets on the 9th of January, and the Senator expects the caucus to be held soon after that date. There are 125 Republican members in the Legislature in joint session, and sixty-three are necessary to a choice. Mr. Cullom says that he feels very hopeful of securing this vote, but is not disposed to allow himself to discuss the outlook at great length. He says that at the present time ex-Representative Mason appears to be the only serious candidate, as Mr. Davis has assured him that he (Davis) is not in the race.

BOILER-MAKERS PROTEST.

Not Enough Time Given on Waterworks Contracts.

The local boiler-makers are complaining because the terms of the contracts for furnishing boilers to the city water works make it impossible for them to compete for the contracts. They claim that the short time allowed for constructing the boilers and furnishing the material make it impossible for local builders to compete, and, as a consequence, Eastern firms, who carry many of the parts of the boilers required in stock, secure the contracts, to the exclusion of local boiler-men.

Under the terms of the contract the successful bidder must have all material on the ground within one month of receiving proper notification, and the work of putting the same in place must proceed day and night without intermission, not less than three gangs to be employed in this work.

The officials of the Water Works Department say that this expedition in completing the work is necessary, in order to prevent any possibility of the city's water supply running short. This work, they say, has already been delayed in order that it might be performed during the winter months, when the consumption of water is not so great. While the boilers are being replaced, they think, an unexpectedly large consumption might occur which would seriously incommode the city.

M'CORMICK SEMINARY.

St. Louis Directors Go to Chicago to Attend a Special Meeting.

Rev. Dr. S. J. Niccolls, pastor of Second Presbyterian Church, and Rev. Dr. Meade C. Williams, editor of the Mid-Continent, left for Chicago Wednesday night to attend a called meeting of the directors of the McCormick Theological Seminary. Drs. Niccolls and Williams are members of the Board of Directors. The meeting opens Thursday evening. The object of the call is to discuss the overtures made by the last general assembly of the church to obtain a more absolute control of the seminary boards. The Dr. Briggs heresy case and the rebellious conduct of Union Seminary, New York, brought to the minds of the commissioners to the general assembly the necessity for the establishment of a closer relation between the seminary boards and the supreme authority of the church. The general assembly was anxious to have the seminary boards to submit their actions to its approval, to surrender their right to make rules for the government of the seminaries and to be content with making recommendations to the general assembly. The matter was referred to a committee which was instructed to obtain the views of the seminary boards.

THOSE STAMPED ENVELOPES.

Secret Service Agent Murphy Will Not Return Them.

Secret Service Operative John E. Murphy, who seized 20,000 envelopes bearing facsimiles of foreign stamps to be used for advertising purposes by the Standard Stamp Company of 4 Nicholson place, says that the order issued Wednesday by the Treasury Department for the return of confiscated albums containing illustrations of foreign stamps does not affect his action. He states that he had orders to seize the envelopes, but he had no orders to seize stamp albums, and, therefore, he allowed the albums to remain in the possession of their owners. He says that the manufacture of envelopes bearing facsimiles of foreign stamps for purposes of advertising is a violation of the statutes. H. Flachskamm, president of the Standard Stamp Company, is desirous to have it understood that the foreign stamps printed on the seized envelopes were intended for purposes of illustration only, and not for counterfeiting purposes.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

OUT OF THE UNION.

Withdrawals From the Pacific Coast Insurance Combine.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 27.—The Commercial Union, the Firemen's Fund, Home Mutual, Manchester, Caledonia, America, Agricultural of Watertown, N. Y., Lancashire of Manchester, St. Paul, Teutonia of New Orleans and Girard of Philadelphia, Insurance companies have given notice of their intention to withdraw from the Pacific Insurance Union. The Northwestern National, the New Zealand and Sun are involved in no difficulty with the union over the payment of salaries to solicitors, prohibited by union rules, and the Phoenix and Home are already out of the insurance compact. Many agents, some representing the companies mentioned, do not want to disband, recognizing the advantage of concerted action. They have given notice of withdrawal to be able to meet the rate-cutting expected from those companies already out of the union. Notices of withdrawal are expected from many other companies, but extraordinary efforts are being made to reorganize the union on new lines. Rate-cutting would greatly diminish the profits and would force many small companies to the wall.

Joseph Ahearn's Statement.

Mr. Joseph R. Ahearn, who had Edward Morrison arrested on Christmas Day, charging him with stealing two knives and a cleaver, denies that he caused the arrest to be made during the Salvation Army dinner. He says it occurred after the dinner and that he had no intention of interrupting the feast.

He also states that he did not have Morrison arrested because he was a member of the Salvation Army or any other religious sect, but because he believes Morrison guilty of the theft and has a good case against him.

Will Accept a Reduction.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 27.—The new scale of wages for the Edgar Thompson Steel Co. has been presented to the men. An average reduction of about 15 per cent is made. Common labor is reduced from $1.20 to $1.20 per day. About 500 metal carriers are reduced from 18 to 12 cents per hour. There are 900 employes of the new foundries that have been in operation but a short time who escaped reduction. Two thousand men are employed in the plant. They will accept the new scale.

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Crime News Condensed.

Falling Bussard, a Cherokee, was shot dead by Joe Dawson while raising his Winchester to kill Town Marshal John Dawson, Joe's brother, at Afton, I. T.

Charles F. Johnson was probably mortally wounded by his wife, Ida E., in a lawyer's office at Galesburg, Ill., whither they had gone to talk over their differences. The woman surrendered.

John K. Lancaster, who acquired notoriety through the assassination of Capt. Forsythe, near McRae, Ga., was shot dead by his brother, Wash. The victim had recently returned from the Ohio penitentiary.

Wm. S. Whitman, a drunkard, killed his divorced wife and two children and himself at Winooski, Vt., while making a call under the pretense of bidding them all goodby.

Joseph Gabriel, an Indian guide, confessed the murder of hunters Comillo and Langley, near Bangor, Me.

Maj. Miller, colored, was accidentally shot and killed by his uncle at a Christmas frolic at Helena, Ark. The Winchester was loaded.

R. T. Garrett of Tower Hill, Ill., was robbed of $2.56 and some valuable papers at the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern depot at Pana.

Five deaths resulted from one crap game near Friars Point, Miss. Louis Allen, colored, shot four and was killed.

Charles Carson of Nickerson, Kan., found his wife in James Tincher's company. Fifteen shots were exchanged. Mrs. Carson was mortally wounded, Tincher was hit in the breast and Carson in the shoulder.

Avoid baldness, gray hair, dandruff and thin locks by using Parker's Hair Balsam. Greve's Ointment makes a healthy skin, 50c.

Casualty List.

James Thornton of Baldwin County, Ala., was found dead sitting upright in a cart, the horse grazing by the roadside. His gun had slipped off the seat and was accidentally discharged.

The 2-year-old son of C. F. Lifer of Anna, Ill., wandered in the woods and perished from exposure.

Joseph Gretencourt got his foot caught in a frog and was killed by a Burlington train at Aurora, Ill.

The 2-year-old child of Mrs. Alfred Monroe was burned to death in a grate fire at Memphis, Tenn., Christmas morning.

H. C. Quick of Port Byron, Ill., was bitten on the leg by a mad cat. He has gone to the Pasteur Institute at Chicago for treatment.

Five-year-old Etwel Fowler died of hydrophobia at Little Rock. She was bitten last October.

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TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

Meeting of the Educators of Illinois at Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 27.—The forty-first annual meeting of the Illinois Teachers' Association began last evening, and will continue through Friday. Four hundred teachers are present. Prof. J. W. Freeman, retiring President, replied to an address of welcome by Hon. E. A. Snively, and then gave way to the new President, Taylor C. Clendenin of Cairo, who delivered his inaugural, and appointed the convention committees. Prof. A. S. Draper, President of the University of Illinois, delivered an address on "Science and the Elementary Schools."

Southwest Missouri.

LAMAR, Mo., Dec. 27.—The Southwest Missouri Teachers' Association is in session in the new High School building, with 500 teachers present. A number of handsome prizes are being competed for.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC The Country Circuit
ALL WEEK AND MATINEE SATURDAY.
Night Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.
SEATS ON SALE FOR
MR. JOHN DREW
And his American company, including Miss Adams.
In His Best Play.. The Butterflies
By Henry Guy Carleton.
Management of.....CHARLES FROHMAN
Engagement Beginning MONDAY, DEC.
OLYMPIC. Sunday Evening, December 30th, HON. W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE LECTURE. Subject: Eras of American Development and Their Men. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
HOYT'S
A TRIP TO CHINATOWN.
The original company, including Harry Conor.
Matinee Saturday.
Next Week—Mr. Thos. Q. Seabrooke.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT
MATINEE SATURDAY.
A handsome French Doll will be given to the person holding the lucky number at Saturday Matinee.
Mr. and Mrs. OLIVER BYRON in LIFE AND DOWNS OF LIFE
Next Sunday—JAMES H. WALLICK.

STANDARD—To-Night at 8.
H. W. WILLIAMS' METEORS
and ROMULUS, STRONG MAN.
PEER OF SANDOW.
Next week—Reilly and Woods' Big Show.

THE HAGAN THE KID INCLUDING ADELE PURVIS ONRI.
Matinee Saturday, 25c and 50c.
Next Week—Hanlon's Fantasma. Tel. 771.

HOPKINS' POPE'S THEATER.
Continuous Show, 1 to 11.
Pantomime—Happy Go Lucky.
Dramatic Co., Our Married Men and All-Star Variety.
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

BRYANT'S THEATER,
Sixth and Spruce.
THE BEST ATTRACTIONS OF Vaudeville Stage.
Matinees—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, Sunday. ADMISSION FREE.

CHORAL SYMPHONY SOCIETY.
THE MESSIAH
MUSIC HALL, SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 29
SOLOISTS.
MISS ELENOR MEREDITH.....Soprano
MRS. CARL ALVES.....Alto
MR. J. H. MCKINLEY.....Tenor
DR. CARL DUFFT.....Bass
All of New York.
SEATS AT BOLLMAN BROS.

Harvard Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Club TO-NIGHT.
Entertainment Hall.
Reserved Seats, $1.00,
AT BOLLMAN BROS.', ELEVENTH and OLIVE

Edison Kinetoscope
SANDOW, Strong Man! CARLOS, Boy Wonder! PEOPLE FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD!
Talking Machine Parlor, 812 Olive

CRYSTAL MAZE.
Ninth and Olive sts.
Admission reduced from 25c to only 10c.

Wigs and Costumes
For theater and masquerade balls for rent and made to order. Leather and goats skin wigs. C. FRIEDRICH, 721 Walnut st.

F. C. BONSACK, ARCHITECT
ROOM 819,
UNION TRUST BUILDING, ST. LOUIS.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

[ONE CEN]T will be the price of the Post-[Dispatch d]aily after Jan. 1, 1895.

[SITU]ATIONS WANTED—MALES.

[Three lines] (20 words), 5 cents; each additional [line, 5 cents].

[BOOKKEEP]ER—Boy wishes position as bookkeeper [or w]ork of any kind; small wages. Ad[dress] 3405 N. 14th st.

[BOOKKEEP]ER — Experienced and competent [bookkeeper] desires position; can give very best [refs.] Add. G 230, this office.

[CARPENTE]R—Out of work, wants jobbing of [any kind t]o do; work done cheap. Address S 230, [this office].

[COMPANIO]N—Position wanted by a middle aged [man as] companion with aged gentleman or to [inv]alid; ref. Add. N 228, this office.

[COACHMA]N—Situation wanted as coachman by [one who t]horoughly understands care and driving [horses an]d furnace; good city refs. Add. X 229, [this office].

[HOUSEWO]RK—Man with several years experi[ence at h]ousework and caring for horses wishes [place in] family; will work for board. Address [... thi]s office.

[Ma]rried man wants situation to care for [horses a]nd work around house. Add. at once, [... thi]s office.

[Situa]tion wanted by a single man of [...] and willing to work at anything. Add. [... th]is office.

[...]Wanted by a young man of fair education, [a pos]ition to do any kind of work where he can [make] himself generally useful. Add. A 231, this [office].

[...]Situation wanted by a young man to learn [...] or grocery business, or to assist in office of [...]and; will work very cheap; must have work. [Call o]r address G. Wood, 3114 Morgan st.

[POSI]TION—Wanted position by young man, gradu[ate] from business college; good habits, temperate [and w]illing to work; good refs. furnished if desired. [Addr]ess T 230, this office.

[SALE]SMAN—Wanted position by an unmarried [youn]g man as city salesman in any line of busi[ness] either as house or street salesman; character [unque]stionable; capability A1; best references. [Add. ...] 230, this office.

JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
[Broad]way, between Olive and Locust sts. The [Comple]te Business Course, Shorthand, Typewrit[ing, T]elegraphy, Elocution and English Branches [thorou]ghly taught. Day and night.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

5 cents per line each insertion.

[BOO]K-FOLDERS WANTED—Experienced book-[fo]lders for bindery work, at Becktold & Co.'s, 210 [...] st.

[CAR]PENTERS WANTED—Ten good carpenters to [...] on finish. Vandeventer pl. and Grand av.

[FRE]E treatment for all diseases at Franklin Av[en]ue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

[MA]N WANTED—Experienced man to manage [pi]ano house in Springfield, Ill. Add. C 231, this [offic]e.

[MA]N WANTED—Young man to carry my route on Post-Dispatch; will pay $3 per week; se[curity] required. Address B 231, this office.

[MAN] WANTED—Young man with knowledge of [book]-keeping and general office work; salary, $10 [per w]eek; references required. Address in own [handwritin]g, D-231, this office.

[MEN] WANTED—Active men in small town; $75 [a m]onth can be made, and will prove it; we [send] samples free; write us we will explain. [Box] 5308, Boston, Mass.

[ORGA]NIZERS—Active, brainy organizers for a pop[ular f]raternal order; pays death and sick benefits; [liberal] terms and territory to good men to organ[iz]es. R 181, Tremont st., r. 38, Boston, Mass.

[...] SALESMAN WANTED—To carry side line. [Addre]ss S 229, this office.

[SALES]MAN WANTED—One acquainted with shoe [trade]. Address R 229, this office.

[SUITS T]O ORDER[?]—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz [Tail]oring Co., 8th and Olive sts.

[...]UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., N. 8th st., cor. Olive, second floor.

[HA]YWARD'S SHORT-[HAND]
[...] and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive [...] day and night school. Phone 479.

[P]erkins & Herpel's
[ME]RCANTILE COLLEGE
[...] Cor. 4th Street and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION
[...] in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Grammar, Arithmetic, Etc.
[C]ALL OR WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. (Mention this paper.)
[Ne]w Year Term Opens Wed., Jan. 2, 1895.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

COOK—Wanted, situation by a woman as cook, general housework or sick nurse. 1402 N. 17th st., in rear.

COOK—A woman wants a situation to assist in cooking or general housework. Call or address 915 Morgan st. Emma Petersen.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted by a girl for light housework or as nurse. 1403 Benton st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, a place to keep house more for a home than wages. Add. W 230, this office.

HOUSE GIRL—Situation wanted by German girl to do general housework; no washing or ironing. 1234 N. Fourteenth st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted by respectable woman to keep house for man with children. Address 1445 O'Fallon st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman wants situation as housekeeper; willing to leave city; Denver preferred. Address A. B., Florissant, Mo.

LAUNDRESS—Situation wanted as washer-woman; can give refs. 1525 Franklin av., 2d floor rear.

OFFICE CLEANING—Situation wanted by young colored woman in small family or office cleaning. Call or address H. G., 1514 Morgan st.

STENOGRAPHER—Good lady stenographer wants position; best references; moderate salary. Address A. B., 222 N. Compton av.

WOMAN—With one child of 3 years, wants sit. to do housework; no cooking. 717 S. 3d st.

[W]OMAN—Colored woman wants place in private family. Add. postal to 1111 Lucas av.; refs. [gi]ven. Mary Williams.

[W]OMAN—Intelligent business woman wishes position in office; 8 years experience as cashier and [bo]okkeeper; can furnish best ref. and rec. Add. [...] 230, this office.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

5 cents per line each insertion.

[C]OOK WANTED—A cook immediately at 5936 West Cabanne pl.

COOK WANTED—Immediately, good girl to cook, wash and iron; references. 1435 S. 18th st.

CLERK WANTED—A young lady clerk (American) in a bakery; 1st-class city refs. required. 3313 Franklin av.

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED—A competent dining-room girl. Call 1527 Lucas pl.

GIRLS WANTED—50 girls on pants and shirts Jan. 2, 1895, 22d and Chestnut sts., Jokerst St. Gem Mfg. Co.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—A housegirl at 4056 Washington av.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1709 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2709 Russel av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—At 4246 Delmar av., that will assist with sewing.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to do general housework. 3036 Easton ave.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call 3950 Page av.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 3722 N. 9th st.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply to 1125 Hickory st.

[HO]USEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general house[w]ork; good wages. 2103 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework. 3013 Hawthorne av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; family of 3. 4120 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl about 15 to do light housework. Add. K 230, this office.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing. 715 N. Compton av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general house[w]ork; family of two. Apply 3933 Chouteau av.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—Housegirl to assist with [c]hildren; no washing or ironing. 1700 Bacon st.

[H]OUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl about 14 or 15 years old to assist with housework. Call at 5103 Wells [av].

[HOU]SEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general [ho]usework; two in family. Apply 3118 Laclede [av]e.

[ONE] CENT will be the price of the Post-[Dispa]tch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—An experienced girl for washing, ironing, and general housework. 4135 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family. Apply 3302A Shenandoah st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 917 N. Channing av. at 1 o'clock Friday.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework; 3 in family; German preferred.Call at 3113½ Locust st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages; no outside work; three in family. 4334 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl for light housework; family of two; sleep home. Call evenings, 1912 N. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For country town, 3,000 inhabitants, girl for general housework; traveling expenses paid. Apply 3037 Clark av.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—A washerwoman. 22 Nicholson pl.

NURSE GIRL WANTED—A nurse girl at 4019 West Belle place.

NURSE GIRL WANTED—Young girl to go to the country (Old Orchard) as nurse. Apply 23 S. 4th st.

WASHERWOMAN WANTED—With a daughter to educate at Forest Park University.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $200, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class city real estate security.
JOHN H. TERRY & SONS,
621 Chestnut st.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'Y.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

A LARGE lot of unredeemed overcoats for sale low at
S. VAN RAALTE & CO.'S
Loan Office,
12 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advance will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc.; terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office,912 Franklin av.

LOANS—On furniture in residence, pianos and other good securities; business confidential; rates and payments to suit borrower. Rm.1, 108½ N. 8th.

SHORT time loans made, salaries advanced; business private.
WM. M. KORHAMMER,
Notary Public, 6 N. 8th st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS

Of any amount on household furniture, pianos or other security, without removal or publicity to inquisitive neighbors, on repaying arrangements consistent with your circumstances. We desire to serve notice to the public that we only cater to and desire to serve only the best element of respectable families—merchants, clerks and salesmen, holding responsible positions, to whom (although momentarily embarrassed) pride, dignity, privacy are as equally desired as the money. Respectability is equal to responsibility and is all we ask or require. Those who are unwilling or unable to give mortgages can obtain ready funds without security of any kind. In return we will enable you to avoid publicity or sensitive indelicacy. We certainly believe in and practice the "Golden Rule." Address, for private interview, Spot Cash, this office.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Furniture, Pianos, Etc.

OUR METHOD GUARANTEED THE EASIEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.

Loans made on easy monthly payments in sums and terms to suit borrower, without removal; rebate given if paid before due; written agreement to that effect. All information cheerfully given, also prompt attention paid to letters. Call and be convinced before going elsewhere. Business strictly confidential.
COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 712 PINE STREET,
Banking rooms, 11 and 12, Second Floor.

COLUMBIA LOAN CO.

Money to loan on furniture, pianos; lowest rates; business confidential. 810 N. 7th st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rate in city. 816½ Chestnut st., second floor.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payment; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. o 8 p. m. Notary in office.
FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1303 Washington av., 2d floor.

MONEY WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AN established manufacturing house wish a loan of $2,500 for one year for which security will be given and a net earning of 20 per cent guaranteed for use of money. Add. P 230, this office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BUSINESS—For sale, an interest in an old-established business; will more than pay back purchase money in first year; books open for inspection; a fine opening for live, energetic man, but must be acceptable to other members of firm; good reason for selling. Add. W 229, this office.

GROCERIES—$400 will buy a well assorted stock of groceries. 1715 Coleman st.

ROOMING-HOUSE—For sale, cheap; rooming-house; 9 rooms; good location for boarding house. 1630 Pine st.

SALOON—For sale; saloon; good stand and low rent. Inquire 1322 Franklin av.

SALOON—For sale; first-class saloon; low rent; no agents need apply. Ad. X 230, this office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

FURNITURE—For sale, oak bed-room set, marble top, cheap; also other furniture and stove. 2132 Clark av.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

HOUSE AND HOME GROUPING.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

5 cents per line each insertion.

NORTH.

FRANCIS ST., 1443—Three beautiful unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; nice neighborhood; convenient to cars; block from Easton and Grand; reduced.

GAMBLE ST., 2802—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room.

LUCAS PL., 1612—Nicely furnished or unfurnished rooms.

GARRISON AV., 1807—Two pleasant rooms furnished for housekeeping; bath; new house.

LOCUST ST., 2636—Nicely furnished rooms.

MORGAN ST., 2112—Nicely furnished front and back rooms; fire and bath.

MORGAN ST., 2700—Three elegantly furnished rooms; $5, $6 and $7 each; private family.

MULANPHY ST., 2228—Two rooms and kitchen, 2d floor; water in kitchen; papered and whitened.

MORGAN ST., 2000—Front rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; also rooms for gents; southern exposure.

OLIVE ST., 3111—Apartments single or en suite; private terms; moderate; board optional.

OLIVE ST., 1019—Large and single front furnished rooms; gents or housekeeping; $1.50, $2 to $3 per week.

PINE ST., 2621—Furnished room for one or two gents; gas, bath and fire; $10 a month.

WASHINGTON AV., 1109—Furnished rooms; $1.50 to $2.50 per week.

WASHINGTON AV., 3422—Elegantly furnished rooms; reasonable rates; gentlemen preferred.

WASH ST., 1801—Large, well-furnished basement room for housekeeping; southern exposure; reasonable.

16TH AND OLIVE STS.—Northeast corner; rooms for light housekeeping; cheap.

SOUTH.

CLARK AV., 2224—Unfurnished or furnished, one or more first-class rooms; cheap.

HICKORY ST., 3316—3 rooms, 2d floor; water in kitchen; $9. KEKLEY, 1113 Chestnut st.

JEFFERSON AVE. S., 217—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; rent cheap.

MENARD ST., 1517—Two rooms and kitchen for rent.

RUSSELL AV., 2641—2 nicely furnished rooms, for 1 or 2 gentlemen.

5TH AND CLARK AV.—Rooms $1 per week, beds 15c, for men.

13TH ST., 1105, S.—Nicely furnished room for 1 or 2 gents; $1 per week. Near Chouteau av.

16TH ST., 114 S.—Nice warm room, with cook stove, furnished for housekeeping; $1.75 per week.

18TH ST., 815 S.—Two rooms for light housekeeping; $12.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROOMS—Suite of 3 rooms, completely furnished for light housekeeping; private family; near Grand av.; refs. Add. Post-office Box 727.

ROOMS—For rent, 4 unfurnished rooms, with gas, hall, hot and cold water, furnace heat, shades and screens; rent reasonable to parties without children; Clemens pl. Address B 228, this office.

BOARDING.

5 cents per line each insertion.

NORTH.

CHESTNUT ST., 2738—Handsomely furnished room, with 1st-class board, for gentlemen.

LOCUST ST., 1706—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board.

LOCUST, 3202—Nicely furnished 2-story front and back room, board, bath and all conveniences.

LUCAS AV., 2927—Nicely furnished rooms with board, hot and cold water; terms reasonable.

MORGAN ST., 3126—Good board with room, single or connecting.

MORGAN ST., 2931—2 large rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with good board; reasonable terms.

WASHINGTON AV., 2839—Second-story rooms, with board; ref. required.

WASHINGTON AV., 1623—Handsome rooms, with board, fire and gas; hot baths; transients accommodated.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOARDING—Widow wants one or two gents to board. Add. C 230, this office.

BOARDING—Man and wife or two gentlemen can find a desirable home with private family near Grand av. Add. Post-office Box 727.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

NEW HOUSES, $32.50.

See those choice new 7-room Queen Anne dwellings, Nos. 1332-8 Aubert av.; hot and cold bath; reception halls; cemented cellars, etc.; one-half block from Page av. and Easton av. lines. Keys at 1320 Aubert av. HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

FOR RENT:

3409 Morgan st., 9 rooms; all conveniences	$75.00
3326 Morgan st., 8 rooms; all conveniences	$40.00
3851 Windsor pl., 6 rooms	$25.00

Furnished House.
4652 Garfield av., 7 rooms, hot and cold water, reception hall; large yard; only $50.

FLAT.
5 N. Garrison av., 6 rooms and bath....$25.00

FISHER & CO., 714 Chestnut.

HAYDEL & SON,

MEMBERS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
109 N. SEVENTH ST.

DWELLINGS.
1332-8 Aubert av., new 7-room bricks; reception halls; hot and cold bath, etc.; $32.50 each.
1816 Hickory st., 10 rooms, bath; $40.
2665 Lucas av., 6-room brick, bath; $32.50.
1814 Hickory st., 10 rooms, stone front, bath; $40.
2304 DeKalb st., 3-room brick; $9.
2358 Chestnut st., 6-room brick; $23.
1083 S. 10th st., 10 rooms, stone front, bath; $35.
4061 Finney av., 7 rooms, stone front; $35.
1112 S. 10th st., 8 rooms, stone-front; $30.

FLATS, ETC.
2844 St. Vincent av., 4 rooms, 1st floor; bath; $24.
Compton and Sidney, n. w. corner, 5 rooms and bath; $19.
639 S. 6th st., 4 rooms, 2d floor; $10.
104-6-8 S. 9th st., rooms.
1729 Biddle st., 3 rooms; $9.
2119 S. 9th st., 2 rooms; $6.50.
1025 Armstrong av., 3 rooms, 1st floor; $12.
223 Lombard st., 2 front rooms, 2d floor; $7.
2210 Morgan st., 3 rooms, 1st floor, yard; $15.
2807 N. 10th st., 3 rooms, 1st floor; $10.
415 S. Jefferson av., 4 rooms, bath; $17.50.
3950A Lee av., 6 rooms, 2d floor; $10.
1517 Gratiot st., 3 rooms, 1st floor; $12.
206 Chestnut st., 3 rooms, 3d floor; $6.
1122 Montgomery st., 3 rooms, 2d floor; $9.50.
417 S. Jefferson av., 4 rooms, bath; $17.50.
1537 Gratiot st., 3 rooms, 2d floor; $12.
2145 Geyer av., 4 rooms, bath; $22.50.
1023 Armstrong av., 3 rooms, 2d floor; $12.
1535 Gratiot st., 3 rooms, 1st floor; $11.
1533 Gratiot st., 3 rooms, 2d floor; $11.
4467 Easton av., 4 rooms, 2d floor; $15.
2928 Franklin av., 3 rooms, 1st floor; $12.
2930 Franklin av., 3 rooms, 2d floor; $11.
730 S. 6th st., 3 rooms, 1st floor; $13.
919 Salisbury st., 4 rooms, 2d floor; $10.
716 S. Broadway, 2 rooms, 3d floor; $7.
1019 Franklin av., rooms in rear.
4240 McPherson av., new 9-room flat, bath, etc. $40.
7th and Wash sts., rooms on both streets.

STORES, ETC.
812 N. 3d st., 3-story building for commission business; $75.
294 Chestnut st., small store; $12.
1804 S. Broadway, a fine store, with rooms 2d and 3d floors; $55.
824 S. 3d st., store and rooms; $27.
1 N. Main st., good saloon corner; $50.
1 N. Main st., 3 upper floors; $25.
931 N. 7th st., store and room; $37.50.
931A N. 7th st., small store; $9.
2135 Market st., saloon corner, rooms above; rent very cheap.
716 Lucas av., 2d and 3d floors; $25.

See Weekly Real Estate Bulletin.

FOR LEASE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WEST BELLE PL., 3922—Residence; we offer this splendid house on lease to responsible tenant; it has 9 rooms and finely finished bed-room, large reception hall, with fire-place; lower story finished in hardwood; plumbing and heating of the best character.
JAMES STEWART & CO.,
507 Commercial Building.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

4117 WASHINGTON BOULEVARD,

New modern residence, 10 rooms; must be sold before Jan. 1; now open for inspection; look at it and make offer; smaller house or vacant ground taken in part payment.
LOOMIS,
708 Chestnut st.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

A Real Bargain!

Business Property FOR SALE

OR LEASE.

52 feet 5 inches frontage on north side **Market Street, Between Broadway and 6th Street,** and 115 feet deep to a 15-foot alley. This property is in the heart of the business center.

TEN STREET CAR LINES PASS WITHIN TWO BLOCKS OF IT.

It is only ¼ block from Broadway, the great retail thoroughfare of St. Louis,
It is only 5 minutes from New Union Station,
It is only 3 minutes from New CityHall,
It is only ¼ block from Court-House,
It is opposite the Grand Opera-house,
It is only 1 block from New Planters' Hotel,
It is only 1 block from Southern Hotel,
It is only ¼ block from Laclede Hotel,
It is only 1 block from St. James Hotel,
It is only 1 block from Hurst's Hotel,
It is only 1 block from Olympic Theater,
It is only 1 block from Havlin's Theater,
It is only 2 blocks from Standard Theater.

Investors, Investigate at Once!

It is a rare chance and will be sold or leased at a Great Bargain. See

Nicholls-Ritter
Realty and Financial Co.
Phone 855. **713 Chestnut S[t].**

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

FLAT WANTED—At once, furnished flat; 5 or 6 rooms; by family of 3; no children; responsible parties; state terms. Add. N 230, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ROOM—Wanted, by quiet, respectable middle-aged gent, cleanly furnished; very reasonable. Address H 230, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

ROOM—Wanted, room and two meals a day for one gentleman; $20 per month. Add E 231, this office.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BUILDING—New 4-story building (size 40x93), 2d st., between Pine and Chestnut sts.; hydraulic elevator; strictly "up to date" building; rent right. R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut st.

STORE—Large new store, Marcus and St. Louis avs.; best location for business in the city; low rent to good tenant.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
902 Chestnut st.

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION

Men look at that fine location, 812 N. Third st., a 3-story building; just the thing for your business; rent, $75. HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

1804 S. BROADWAY.

For rent—3-story stone-front; large store and rooms above; in good order.
HAYDEL & SONS, 109 N. 7th st.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

FLATS FOR RENT.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FLATS—The most complete, new 4 and 5-room flats; most modern; porcelain baths, etc., etc.; very handsome; $16 and $18.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
902 Chestnut st.

RENT REDUCED.

N. E. cor. Grand and Cass avs., neat 3-room flat, 1st or 2d floor, in best order; reduced to $12 per month; examine them.
CORNET & ZEIBIG, 111 N. 7th st.

CHEAP FLATS.

We will rent to small families those elegant new 3-room flats, corner Page and Sarah sts., and corner Page and Pendleton avs., from $12 to $13 each; convenient to Washington av. and Franklin av. electric lines; nicest location in St. Louis for cheap flats. For keys call on
SAMUEL BOWMAN & CO., 701 Chestnut st.

RENT ONLY $12.75

We offer to small families those elegant new flats fronting on Page av., corner of Sarah st., at $12.75 per month; and those fronting on Sarah st. at only $12; these flats are new and desirable, and only two squares from either the Washington av. or Franklin av. electric lines; rent free to Jan. 1. For keys call on
SAMUEL BOWMAN & CO., 701 Chestnut st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Wanted.

HORSE WANTED—To buy horse, wagon and harness, or will buy separately. Flynn, 1502 S. Broadway.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Or exchange—For cash or on time payments, 200 new and 2d-hand open and top vehicles and harness of all kinds. 1110 N. Broadway.

HORSE—For sale, $150 will purchase a good horse, 2 buggies and set of harness; a big bargain. Call at Post-Dispatch office.

WE will hire you a horse and vehicle for business by the day or week, cheap as owning. Tel. 7845. 507 N. Channing av.

WAGONS McCabe, Young & Co., 1213 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump-seat buggies of all kinds.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

PERSONALS.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 20 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—Q.: My only chance of seeing you. Please come. Telephone to-morrow morn. K.

INFORMATION WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

$500 REWARD

For arrest and conviction of person poisoning my dogs, one in April, one in June, one Dec. 22, at 4123 Washington av. F. W. FREEMAN.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

A—MASSAGE treatment Mrs. M. Edwards, 2217 Market st.

A. STARR, 1102 Market st., one flight, room 1; walk in; bath, $1; hours from 1 to 10 p. m.

ALL kinds of baths and massage treatment; first-class patronage. Mrs. Parker, 108 N. 22d st.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. Medicine furnished. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th.

DR. LOTTIE FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges; receives ladies dur. con.; female com. treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges; receives ladies dur. con.; female com. treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur.con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

MME ANNA, the Fortune-Teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851.

MRS. DR. RENNEKAMP, midwife; treats all lad. trob. rec. lad. dur. con. 2327 Franklin av.

MRS H BAMBERGER, midwife, rec. dur. con.; ladies in trouble call or write. 919 Chouteau av.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement, treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

2,000 OVERCOATS of every description, suits; coats and vests, pants, hats, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, musical instruments, etc.; biggest bargains in the city at Dunn's Loan Office.

PENSIONS! PATENTS!

Advice free. H. D. O'Brien, 421 Chestnut,St.Louis.

NEWLAND'S LYING-IN INSTITUTE

And college of Midwifery; ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. 1400½ Market st.

DOLL WIGS, GODEFROY'S, DOLL MENDING, 623½ Olive.

REMOVED

— TO —

6th and Locust Sts.

Oriel Building.

DR. E. C. CHASE,
Dentist.

STORAGE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

MOVING.

LARGEST PADDED VANS IN THE CITY.
Packing and shipping furniture a specialty. Oldest firm! Best work! Cheapest prices! Satisfaction guaranteed. Call or write for estimate.
CRUTTWELL STORAGE, PACKING AND MOVING COMPANY,
Southeast corner of 21st and Pine sts.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office 1003 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 41

ONTARIO STORAGE HOUSES,

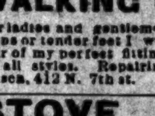
812, 814, 816, 818 N. Tenth St.,

For furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, store and saloon fixtures, etc.; separate rooms, household goods carefully moved, packing and shipping by reliable workmen; estimates cheerfully furnished free; money advanced, vans and wagons for hire. Call and examine warehouse. Telephone 2842.
ALFRED J. YANDELL, Manager.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

ALL SORTS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugh Kremroy, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

Complete installations. J. T. Pearson, E. E., 606 Chestnut st.

WALKING MADE EASY

For ladies and gentlemen. If you have bunions, corns or tender feet I will cure your feet with one pair of my perfect fitting shoes, made to measure in all styles. Repairing neatly done. George Frisch, 412 N. 7th st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

DANCING.

DANCING—In patronage, music, location, etc. Call or send. Miss Lettie Palmer, teacher of dancing, 2827 Olive st.; classes for ladies, gentlemen and children; school first-class in patronage, location, etc.; terms, $5; call.

MR. AND MRS. ARTHUR MITCHELL'S private Dancing Academy, 1826 S. 18th st.; reduced prices.

LOST AND FOUND.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

DOG—Lost, pug dog. Will give reward if left at 1505 Pine st.

DOG—Lost, liver and white pointer bitch; $10 reward if returned. 1010 Grattan st.

DOG—Lost, female pointer; color, liver and white; license of 1894; $5 reward. 1010 Grattan st.

HORSE—Caught, a runaway horse, Grand and Olive. Call A. Chapman, 321 N. Grand ave.

MONEY—Lost, $80, on or near Olive st Monday evening. Finder can keep $20 and return balance or notify T 228, this office.

PIN—Lost, sword pin and scabbard, set in pearls. return to 315 N. 7th st.; reward.

PIN—Lost, ladies' stick pin; clover leaf, with small diamond. Reward if returned to 5359 Cabanne pl.

POCKET-BOOK—Lost, Monday evening last, on Pine, Chestnut or Tenth sts., pocket-book. Reward if left at 104 N. 4th st.

POCKETBOOK—Found, on Monday evening, a pocketbook; loser will state owner and describe contents. Address D 230, this office.

STOLEN—If party ,who is known, that stole pocket-book and money from Mark Chartrand's desk, in room 806, Bank of Commerce Building, returns it before Monday next no prosecution will take place.

UMBRELLA—Lost, black silk, gold-headed umbrella, on Suburban car going west Christmas Day; finder leave at De Hodiamont station or Scruggs, V. & B. dry goods company, and receive reward.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

WALNUT AND 20th STREETS,

Southwest Corner, Opposite New Union Station, a gilt-edged corner, with lot 94x100, renting for $3,300.
Will be sold on the premises, SATURDAY, JAN. 5, 1895, at 3 o'clock,

AT AUCTION.

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK, 717 Chestnut St.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

LUNCH TABLE—For sale, a lunch steam table for saloon; cheap. Call at restaurant, 1014 Locust.

MC. JAMESON, 906 Olive—Headquarters Domestic Sewing Machine Co., White Sewing Machine Co., Kruse Automatic sewing machines.

STOVE—For sale, cheap; No. 7 Radiant Home base-burner. 3308 Easton av.

MURPHY & VOGAL'S BEST COAL,

As good as the Big Muddy, 10c a bushel. 7th st. entrance, Wainwright Building.

AGENTS WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENTS—Wanted to handle a good article. 1317 N. 15th st.

EDUCATIONAL.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

LANGUAGES.

The Berlitz School of Languages, Odd Fellows' Hall. Branches in the principal cities; best instruction; reasonable fee; conversation especially.

MUSICAL.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PIANO—For sale, nice, first-class upright piano; cheap. Address R 230, this office.

PIANO—$20; square Fischer piano; sweet tone; good for beginner. 2712 S. Jefferson av.

E. A. LEFEBRE.

Gives lessons on the saxophone; accepts engagements for concerts, church service and other entertainments; for lodges, etc. Address 1618 Washington av.

M. JOHN LANG & CO.

Makers of first-class violins, cellos and double basses; repairing of all kinds of string instruments; hairing and restoring bows a specialty; importers of German and Italian strings. 706 Market st.

OPEN EVENINGS.

All of this week, that purchasers of pianos and organs need not miss the bargains we are offering.
ESTEY & CAMP, 916 Olive st.

KOERBER PIANO CO.

1108 Olive st. Agents for the wonderful A. B. Chase Octave Pedal Piano. We have the lowest prices on pianos you ever have seen. We pay no rent, as we occupy our own building. We buy all our goods for spot cash; we therefore can and do sell all grades of pianos from $50 to $75 less than any other house for cash or on easy payments, and rent them from $1 to $2 per month less. Call and be convinced. We rent pianos and deduct one year's rent from the regular price, in case you wish to purchase. We offer the A. B. Chase, Sohmer, Ludwig, Needham, Benedict Bros., Wissner, Voss & Sons, and other pianos. We have always on hand first-class upright pianos, slightly used, from $150 up.

LEGAL.

ESTATE of Maria Homeisen, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Maria Homeisen, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 20th day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 20th day of December, 1894.
2422 IGNATZ F. MUELLER, Executor.

ESTATE of Ann Bergin, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Ann Bergin, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 17th day of May, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1894.
ANDREW J. BERGIN,
2296 Administrator.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss., in the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, December term, 1894, Saturday, December 22, 1894. Max E. Thomann vs. Florence L. Thomann. (133 Feb., T. 95.)

It appearing to the Court from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a nonresident of the State of Missouri and that her whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff, on motion of said plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the ground that said defendant on or about July 12, 1893, left and deserted plaintiff without a reasonable cause and has continued to absent herself and still continues to absent herself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for more than the space of one year and unless she appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 26th day of December, 1894.
(Seal of Court.) PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
2423

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition.—Pursuant to an order of sale in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made on the 11th day of December, A. D., 1894, in cause No. 88,571, in Court-room No. 1, wherein Margaret Sikemeier and Henry Sikemeier, her husband, and Nellie Conway and Frank J. Conway, her husband, are plaintiffs, and Mary Elizabeth Galvin, John D. Galvin and Elizabeth Galvin, his wife, Mathew J. Galvin and Mary Galvin, his wife, are defendants, the undersigned Special Commissioner, will, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19TH, 1895,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the real estate below described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the following terms, to wit: One-third cash, and the balance in one and two years, the deferred payments to be secured by deed of trust on said property, to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, with privilege to the purchaser of paying all cash, provided he elect to do so before the approval of the sale by the Court.

The property to be sold is described as follows, to wit: "A lot or parcel of ground with all the improvements thereon, situated in city block No. one hundred and forty-nine (149), having a front of twenty-two (22) feet and six (6) inches on the east side of Seventh street, and running back eastwardly of the same width eighty-two (82) feet to a private alley four (4) feet wide, on which premises is erected the building known as No. 804 South Seventh street, which said property is more fully described as follows, to wit: A lot or parcel of ground in city block one hundred and forty-nine (149) of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, containing a front of twenty-two (22) feet and six (6) inches on the east line of Seventh street, by a depth eastwardly between parallel lines eighty-two (82) feet, more or less, to a private alley four(4) feet wide, bounded west by Seventh street, east by said alley, north by a line forty-seven (47) feet and six (6) inches south of the south line of, and parallel with Gratiot street.
CHARLES J. DUNNERMAN,
Special Commissioner,
No. 702 Chestnut street.

MILLS & FLITCRAFT, Attorneys,
No. 204 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.
Dated at St. Louis, Missouri, this 26th day of December, A. D., 1894. 2424

ELECTION NOTICES.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 8, 1894. Election Notice—The regular annual election for eleven directors of the National Bank of the Republic of St. Louis, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held on Tuesday, January 8, 1895, in the banking rooms, No. 214 North Fourth street. Polls open from 10 a. m. to 12 m. (2320) W. H. GRAHAM, Cashier.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

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TO EXCHANGE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

LAND—I have 80 acres timber land in Poinsett Co. and 120 acres in Craighead Co.; good title will trade for groceries or desirable mdse. Address N 228, this office.

DRESSMAKING.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Accordion Pleating.

All kinds of pleating and pinking made while you wait; laces, lace curtains, silk and lace caps cleaned. Mme. J. Masson, 2907 Franklin av., formerly 2609 Washington av.

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MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CLOTHING—Wanted, to buy second-hand clothing to fit boys from 8 to 14 years of age. Address L. T. Meyers, 2743 Chouteau av.

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DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm heretofore known as Snellbaker & Beimdiek, have mutually agreed to dissolve partnership. Mr. W. H. H. Snellbaker assumes all liabilities.
F. W. BEIMDIEK.

WILL HOLD SERVICES.

Controversy Over Rev. Bartholomew's Church Is Settled.

The announcement in Wednesday's Post-Dispatch that a Christian church had been organized at Tuxedo Park, but not without the opposition of certain members of the Union Sunday-school Association, stirred up the residents of Tuxedo and revived the controversy which has been in progress for some time.

The facts as stated were that Rev. A. O. Bartholomew of Mt. Cabanne Christian Church, this city, who has been preaching interdenominational, broad-gauge sermons at 4 p. m. every Sunday for several months past in the Union Sunday-school building, formed a Christian church within the Sunday-school Union. A certain number, who are not Christians, in the sense of being members of the Church of the Disciples, but were Methodists, Presbyterians, etc., opposed Mr. Bartholomew. They arranged a six-weeks' programme for preaching services at 4 p. m. on Sunday by Methodist, Episcopal and other denominational ministers.

As a result the Christian Church members had to be content to have the church building at 1:30 p. m. on Sunday. Mr. J. P. Miller, who is connected with the Hayward Commercial College, and is Superintendent of the Union Sunday-school, was asked to speak in behalf of those who were opposed to the organization of a denominational church within the Sunday-school organization. He was averse to making a statement, and regretted what has been already published.

"I wish to preserve a neutral position," said he. "The cause has been hurt by the differences which have arisen over this matter. The only question about which there is a dispute is the adjustment of the hours of service, so as to avoid a conflict of the Christian Church services with the Sunday-school services. The majority of the members of the Union who are opposed to the organization of a church do not want their building to pass into the control of a denominational church. The structure is a frame one and cost over $1,200. Personally, I admire Mr. Bartholomew, but some members of the Sunday school Union have found fault with his methods. When he began to preach on Sundays at 4 o'clock he announced that he would be undenominational in his work, and that he would not organize a church unless a majority of the Sunday-school Union members approved. A short time ago the movement to organize a church took shape, and at a meeting of the Union the project was voted down by 2 to 1. Nevertheless, the three or four families in our neighborhood wanted a Christian church organized and chose Mr. Bartholomew as pastor.

"The Union held another meeting last Sunday and decided that the services of the new church should not conflict with the preaching services of the Union. The Union therefore decided to invite ministers of several denominations to preach at 4 p. m. on Sunday. The Christian Church members were allowed the privilege of using the building at 1:30 p. m. on Sunday. Whoever gave the information that Messrs. Harris and Gill were the leaders of the opposition, although they were not connected with any church, did an injustice to these gentlemen. Mr. Harris is an Episcopal and Mr. Gill is a brother-in-law of two Presbyterian ministers, and he is disposed to join a church."

EMPLOYMENT AGENTS DISCHARGED.

Oliver Bannister Fails to Make Good His Charge.

Charles Glatt and George M. Faulkner, doing business as the Metropolitan Employment Agency, were up before Judge Paxson in the Second District Police Court Wednesday morning, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses from Oliver Bannister. According to the latter's story, he gave the defendants $2 to get him a situation, and when they failed to do so he demanded and was refused the return of his money. In reply Glatt and Faulkner stated that they had sent Bannister to four different people, who were in quest of ordinary help, but that he refused to accept the proffered positions and, under the circumstances they thought that they were entitled to retain the fee given them. Judge Paxson thought so too, and discharged the defendants. The case was taken to the Second District Court on a change of venue from Judge Morris' court.

CLAIRVOYANT'S LETTERS.

They Cannot Tell Fortunes Through the United States Mails.

Post-office Inspector Joe P. Jo[hnston] states that the alleged clairvoyant [...] in Jeffersonville, Ind., which have br[...] Mme. Jabri Arcola, Hulda and Casto[r ...] conflict with the United States autho[rities] will not result in St. Louis arrests. [The] clairvoyants mentioned are accuse[d of] using the mails to tell fortunes and c[ollect] fees, which is a violation of the Fe[deral] statutes. Mr. Johnston states tha[t al]though there are clairvoyants in St. L[ouis] they are not using the mail for their [busi]ness as far as he knows. The persons [...]ned in the telegrams operated in L[ouis]ville, Ky., New Albany, Ind., New[port,] Ky., and Jeffersonville, Ind. Postm[aster] General Bissell has ordered that all [letters] directed to the persons named be no[t de]livered. Over 60 letters are held in [the] Jeffersonville Post-office in consequen[ce of] the order.

ONE CENT will be the price of the [Post-]Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

School Principals' Examination.

Ten candidates for school principals are being examined by Superintendent [...] and his assistants in the meeting-room [of] the Board of Education. Five are la[dies] and five gentlemen.

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NO SUSPENSIONS.

Harrigan Explains Why He Will Not Relieve Indicted Officers.

The question: "Will the police indicted by the Grand-jury for election frauds be suspended?" was put to Chief of Police Harrigan, and his negative was promptly rendered.

"They will not. When the indictments were first reported the department asked Mr. Zachritz what offense the officers were charged with, and the information was given that they were charged with fraudulent voting; but now it is found that they are charged with an alleged misdemeanor. There has been no time since the election that complaints could not have been filed against the police if they had violated any rule or order of the Board of Police Commissioners, and if they had been found guilty they would have been promptly punished. But no such complaints have been filed."

The Chief then referred to that part of the report of the Grand-jury in which the transfers of police from one district to another were adversely criticised.

"We aimed to have two patrolmen present at each polling precinct from the hour of opening the polls until after the votes had been counted and the books and boxes removed," said Maj. Harrigan. "In the Second Police District, which includes a large part of the southern portion of the city, there were thirty-four polling places. Capt. Lang reported that he had fifty men available for duty at the polls. He asked for twenty-five additional men, and twenty-six were sent him, as follows:

Fifteen from the Central District.
Five from the Fifth District.
Five from the Mounted District.
One Sergeant from the Mounted District.

"Four men were also sent from the Central District to Carondelet, as there were more officers in the Central and fewer polling-places. In addition to the force at the polls, two men were required to attend to the duties at each station-house, and in the Second District ten men were required for this duty alone. Beside these regular officers in the station-houses, six to eight men were kept on emergency duty in each station. By emergency duty I mean that they were held subject to calls for assistance sent in by the men on duty at the polls, in case any trouble should arise which they could not control alone. In such cases they would be sent to the place in the patrol wagon, and when they had finished their duty there would be immediately returned to the station-house to await another call. To accomplish all this it was necessary to keep the entire force on duty throughout the day and night of election."

In proof of this statement Chief Harrigan submitted a copy of the orders issued to all Captains in command of districts, covering the detail of men and the nature of their duties on election day. It is as follows:

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF POLICE,
ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3, 1894.

Captain.................
Comdg. .... Police District.

On next Tuesday, election day, you will instruct your men to thoroughly enforce the Mayor's proclamation to preserve perfect order at the polls and arrest all violators of the law. Have them look out for and arrest repeaters or persons electioneering within any polling place or within one hundred (100) feet of any polling place. Have them give ready aid to the judges of election in any lawful matter, and see that there are no gatherings of persons on the sidewalks to obstruct the easy access of voters to the polling booths.

You will have at least two officers at each polling place from 6 o'clock a. m. until the ballots are counted in the evening. Where you deem it necessary have three or more officers at each polling place. Keep a sufficient reserve force at each station for any emergency that may arise, and relieve all officers so that they may eat and vote in as short a time as possible. Blanks will be furnished you for the returns of the results of the election. Instruct your men thoroughly as to how they should be filled out, and have them forwarded to the Chestnut Street Station as soon as possible after the vote is announced.

Relieve the first platoon at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning, leaving on duty only sufficient men to patrol the district and look out for fires, etc.

Have the first platoon report at their respective posts at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning and remain on duty until the close of the polls, when they will be relieved, to report again for duty at 11 o'clock p. m.

Order the second platoon on duty by 6 o'clock Tuesday morning and relieve it at 11 o'clock p. m. Tuesday night until 8 o'clock Wednesday morning, when they will report for duty, relieving the first platoon and remaining on duty until their regular relieving hour Wednesday night. Respectfully,

L. HARRIGAN, Chief of Police.

"Now," said the Chief, "you will see that none but men of iron could stand such service. The men who were relieved at 2 a. m. went on again at 6, remaining until the close of the polls, and then going on again at 11 p. m. and remaining until 11 a. m. the next day; while the second platoon remained on duty from 6 o'clock Tuesday morning until 11 o'clock Tuesday night, and then went on duty at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning. There were absolutely no transfers of men or officers from one district to another except those I have shown, and these transfers were rendered absolutely necessary by demands from the Captains of the districts. And I am satisfied that these facts were quite well known to the persons who made the statement to the Grand-jury, and that if they had chosen to tell the whole truth the Grand-jury would have looked at the matter in a very different light."

REAL ESTATE.

The Weather Causes a Chilly Market With Few Transfers.

The cold weather seems to have chilled the ardor of the real estate operators, as the sales made on the Realty Rialto Thursday morning were few and far between.

Paul Jones & Co. report the sale of a 35-foot lot on the north side of Maple avenue, 500 feet west of Hamilton avenue, from James L. Applegate to Francis M. Campbell, for $30.75 per foot.

The same firm also sold from James L. Applegate to Margaretta Gault 30 feet on the same block for $30.75 per foot.

F. W. Fout has taken out a permit for the erection of two handsome brick dwellings on the south side of Cook avenue, between Pendleton and Newstead avenues, to cost $12,000. They will each be 22x45, two and one-half stories high and contain eight rooms.

Ben M. Loewenstein is enjoying a Christmas business trip to Paris, Mo.

AGENTS' REPORTS.

Nicholls-Ritter Realty & Financial Co. [so]ld to Wm. E. Guy 60x143 feet on Westmin[ste]r place, being property of Judge James Seddon, represented by Anderson-Wade, [at] $126.75 per front foot. Mr. Guy will im[pr]ove this lot. This lot adjoins the hand[so]me house erected by Gen. Jos. S. Fuller[to]n to improve his property, it being built [i]n Colonial style, finished throughout with [a]ll the latest improvements, and is directly [o]pposite the house being erected by Mr. [W]ill Walker of the Ely Walker Dry Goods [Co]. and west of the handsome residence [no]w being completed by Mr. Charles Bates. All other lots in Fullerton's subdivision are now held from $150 to $300 per front foot.

It has not been long since Judge Seddon purchased the lot at $100 per front foot.

FRANCIS II.

Death of the Late King of Naples at Arco.

VIENNA, Dec. 27.—Francis II., the late King of Naples, died to-day at Arco, in the Austrian Tyrol.

DUE TO HEART TROUBLE.

MT. VERNON, Ill., Dec. 27.—Christopher G. Vaughn, living a short distance east of this city, died yesterday. He was about 74 years of age and a well-respected citizen, having served as Justice of the Peace, Constable, Deputy Sheriff and Tax Collector of Mt. Vernon Township. The cause of his death seems to have been heart trouble.

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Single Tax League.

There will be a meeting of the St. Louis Single Tax League in room 501, Fagin Building, this evening at 7 o'clock.

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HER FATHER.

Lizzie Martin Tells Him Her Story at the Hospital.

James Pack of Alton, Ill., formerly a policeman of that burg, but now widely-known there as an accomplished musician and the leader of Pack's Orchestra, called at the City Hospital at 9 a. m., accompanied by Sergt. Hess of the Second District, and informed Dr. Heine Marks that Mrs. Lizzie Martin, the unfortunate woman who was found in a flatboat at the foot of Cherokee street so terribly beaten last Sunday afternoon, was his daughter.

Mr. Pack stated that his daughter Lizzie had left his home, 910 East Fifth street, Alton, with Martin about three months ago, and that he had not seen either of them since.

"I only saw Martin once," said Mr. Pack, "and that was on the day he came and took Lizzie away from Alton. She had been married before to a man named Johnnie Leahy. Leahy was and may be still a fireman at the new Union Station. She had bad luck, though, and left him and came home. She's 27 years old. About three months ago she came and told me that she had met a man named Tom Martin in St. Louis, and she guessed she'd marry him. I told her to wait till I got her a divorce from Leahy and then get married right, but they went away on the Spread Eagle that day together. That was the last I heard of them, and I don't know whether they ever got married or not."

After hearing this narrative Dr. Marks led Mr. Pack into the ward where his suffering daughter lay in a precarious condition. He explained to him that only about one-third of her skull was left; that it had been split in half a dozen places and looked as though the work had been done by a hammer.

Lizzie recognized her father and answered some of the questions he and the doctor asked her, although every syllable she articulated caused her great pain.

Her story was to the effect that she was struck over the head while asleep on the flatboat Sunday morning. She insisted, however, that Martin was not the man who assaulted her. On being closely questioned she admitted that Martin left the boat shortly before she went to sleep, locking the door. The police feel certain that Martin returned to the boat and struck her after she had fallen asleep. She seemed very anxious to shield Martin.

Asked by her father how she happened to select a flatboat as a residence, she romantically answered that she liked to be near the river, as the flowing water had a mystic charm for her. She says that Martin got work after they came here and made enough money to rent a house, but that they paid $50 for a flatboat instead. She said the happiest hour she ever passed was when she recently rowed across the river in a skiff. She told her father to sell the flatboat.

Mr. Pack is very indignant at Martin, and says he will spend $1,000 to bring him to justice. He is still at large, but the police hope to catch him soon, as he has been seen prowling about South St. Louis since Sunday.

A son of Anton Koeshamer of 3509 Wisconsin avenue is married to another daughter of Mr. Pack. A picture of their child has been found on the flatboat.

NO MONEY WANTED.

Miss Pollard Will Not Attach Breckinridge's Lecture Receipts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 27.—A Cincinnati dispatch, received yesterday, stated that the attorneys for Madeline Pollard contemplate following Congressman Breckinridge on his lecturing tour through the country in an effort to attach the receipts in payment of Miss Pollard's $15,000 verdict for breach of promise. This would be done, it was said, by filing a transcript of the judgment had in this city a few months ago in each place the Colonel lectures and bring a creditor's bill upon that. The Colonel lectures in Cincinnati this evening, where, the dispatch states, the first of the reported legal moves will be made.

Judge J. M. Wilson, of Miss Pollard's counsel during the breach of promise trial, says he knows nothing of this effort to collect the judgment against Col. Breckinridge, but suggested that Calderon Carlisle, who was associated with him during the trial, could speak with more knowledge, as he had the case in his charge.

Mr. Carlisle said any such proceedings were new to him, and he did not believe any action would be taken by Western attorneys unless he was informed of it. The appeal from the proceedings in the lower court which Col. Breckinridge attempted to make was dismissed some time ago, and the judgment stands on the court record as unsatisfied.

Soon after the termination of the trial, and after Miss Pollard had begun to search for employment, she was asked if she entertained any hope of recovering the $15,000 judgment or any part of it. "Certainly not," said she, with a show of indignation. "Col. Breckinridge has no money, and if he had, do you imagine I would accept a cent of it? I never had a thought of recompense in that way. Whatever money Col. Breckinridge has should go to others, to his wife and children, and not to me. I would not take a cent from him if I could get it."

Miss Pollard intimated most plainly at that time that her sole object in instituting suit had been to humiliate Col. Breckinridge as she had been humiliated, and not with any prospect whatever of pecuniary gain. Since then it is known that she has had a hard struggle to exist. She has sought in vain for steady employment. Her brother has been with her constantly.

WARRANT FOR REED.

He Is Charged With the Killing of Andrew Eckstrom.

A warrant was issued against Edward Reed charging him with manslaughter in the second degree. He is charged with assaulting Andrew Eckstrom on Nov. 11, from the effects of which Eckstrom died Dec. 11.

THE BOWEN TRAGEDY.

Kid Lavigne and Others Connected With the Contest Discharged.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27.—The cases against George Lavigne and his seconds and others connected with the contest given on the night of Dec. 13 in the Auditorium Club, in which Andy Bowen was killed, were this morning dismissed. The party is composed of Referee Duffy, George Lavigne, Jim Hall, Sam Fitzpatrick, Martin Murphy, George Considine, Billy McCarthy, Billy Layton, Albert Spitzfadden and Sam Lick.

PALLEN TO ANSWER.

The Coroner's Jury Has Made Him Responsible for Bleeck's Death.

Coroner Atkinson held the inquest on the body of John Bleeck, the shoemaker who on Christmas day, about 6 p. m., was shot three times and instantly killed by his son-in-law, John Pallen, at the residence of the family of the deceased, 314 North Fourth street. Dr. C. A. Mueller of 303 South Seventh street, who was called to attend the deceased after the shooting, testified that Pallen was not, in his opinion, an altogether sane man. He knew him for quite a long while. The daughter of the deceased, Clara, testified that Pallen came to the house on Christmas about 6 p. m. and started to take his child away. His wife, from whom he is separated pending the trial of a divorce proceeding, called out for her father to come to her, as she thought her husband was taking the child away. Pallen started to run, the father-in-law pursued, and Pallen turned and fired three shots, one of which struck him in the head, causing death.

The Coroner's jury, after hearing evidence, retired and brought in a verdict holding Pallen responsible for Bleeck's death. The deceased was 47 years old and married.

Pallen, the murderer, is still at large, but the police and detectives are scouring the town for him. It is believed a hot clew has been struck by the officers.

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THE MARKETS.

The Northwest is now marketing comparatively little wheat, in which it is in line with winter wheat sections. When winter wheat receipts at the Western markets first fell off it was claimed to be only temporary, as it was asserted there was still a large amount held back in the country and yet to move. But the increase has not yet been seen, and this wheat is only dribbling in in a very small way, and the best information is that farmers' reserves and country stocks are very light. The weather has been most favorable for moving grain in the Northwest, so it is not to that the present light receipts are due.

Jas. F. Carroll, the world-renowned grain buyer, was on Change to-day after a lengthy absence.

The Cincinnati Price Current estimates the exportable wheat surplus of this country at 125,000,000 bu., of which 70,000,000 bu. has already been exported.

Chas. E. Hall, who has been buying corn in the South, says that section has sold its corn crop so freely it may have to turn eventually to the North and West for supplies.

Chas. Evans of Cairo, Ill., says the millers of Southern Illinois, Kentucky and Tennessee, who have been depending upon country supplies of wheat, are not getting them, and it looks very much like exhaustion of farm reserves.

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Thursday.	W'nesday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	52	51⅜@51⅛	56½
No. 3 red	51 b	51	54½
No. 4 winter	50 b	50 b	52½
CORN.			
No. 2	43⅝	43	32⅞
No. 2 white	43⅜	42⅞@43	32½
No. 3	39⅝	39½	31½
OATS.			
No. 2	29⅝	30	27
No. 2 white	32	32	29
No. 3	29 n	29 n	26

Future Prices.

	Closing W'nesday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Thursday.
WHEAT.				
Dec	52 a	51½	51⅜	51½
May	55¼@55⅜b	55⅜	54⅞@54¾	54¾@54⅞b
CORN.				
Dec.	43⅛	.....	.....	43 n
Jan.	42 b	.....	.....	43 n
May	45¼@45⅜b	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛@45¼b
July	46 n	46⅛	45⅝	45⅝a
OATS.				
May	31⅝@31¾b	31⅞	31⅝	31⅛@31⅝a

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.				
May	58⅜	58⅜	57½	57⅝a
CORN.				
May	48⅜@48½	49	48⅛@48¼	48⅛b
OATS.				
May	31⅞	32	31⅝	31⅞
PORK.				
May	$11.67½	$11.77½	$11.52½	$11.60
LARD.				
May	6.87½	6.92½	6.85	6.90
RIBS.				
May	5.90@92½	5.92½	5.90	5.90

CHICAGO—Wheat—Dec., 53¼c; May, 57⅝c a. Corn—Dec., 45⅝c; May, 48¼c b. Oats—Dec., 29¼c b; May, 31⅝c. Pork—Dec., $11.05; May, $11.60. Ribs—Dec., 5.65c; May, 5.90c. Lard—Dec., 6.60c; May, 6.80c. Flaxseed—Cash, $1.42; Dec., $1.42; May, $1.43 b. Timothy—Cash, $5.55. Clover—Cash, $9.25.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Dec., 59⅝c n; May, 62¼c a. Corn—May, 52⅝c b. Oats—May, 35⅝c a.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Dec., 54¼c; May, 57⅜c a.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—May, 59⅝c; July, 60⅝c.

MILWAUKEE—Barley—Cash, 53¼c; Jan., 53⅝c.

ON 'CHANGE.

WHEAT—The opening was ⅛@¼c higher, but no particular firmness shown, and more was for sale than was wanted, the market soon feeling the effect of this and easing off, losing the opening panic price. Another rally carried the market up ¼@⅜c, and it showed strength for a time, but late broke completely down on a pressure to sell and at close was ⅝c below yesterday.

Foreign markets were heard from this morning and afforded some encouragement, the cables indicating firmness, though the markets quiet and of a holiday character. A private Liverpool quoted ½d advance, with holders firm, but buyers indifferent. These stronger cables and the very slight receipts nearly everywhere—only 3,300 bu in here (22,000 bu a year ago), 115,000 bu at five Western winter wheat markets, and 246 cars at Duluth and Minneapolis, against 359 one year ago—gave domestic markets their higher opening. The very bearish Cincinnati Price Current's guess on the crop was little regarded and had no influence. But speculation was so thin that something of a pressure to sell had a weakening effect, so light was the demand.

The day's clearances were discouraging—78,000 pkgs flour and 73,000 bu wheat from four ports—but Bradstreet's report was bullish, showing a decrease in this country though a small increase in world's stock, and the latest Liverpool quoted ½@1d advance. The Paris cable noted 10 centimes decline in flour, but Berlin 1¾ marks higher, and private cables reported strong markets, besides stating that confirmation of two-thirds crop in Argentine been received. The strength worked up by this disappeared like a flash on a sharp break in Chicago, due to heavy sales of long wheat for New York account. The result was a rush to sell here and a quick decline, closing at the bottom.

Futures—May opened at 55½c and sold to 55⅛@⅝c to 55⅝c to 54⅝@¾c, which bid at close. Dec. sold late at 51⅝c to 51½c.

Spot Grades—City millers bought 20,000 bu No 2 red at 3c under May before call, and on call carriers bid 52c for No 2 red—½c advance—but held at 52½c; for E side 52½c bid. No other grades offered and bids 51c for No 3 red, 50c for No 4 winter, 52c for No 2 hard winter.

Samples—Received 905 sks, 2 cars local. Higher and more competition for the small offerings, two millers being in the market. The best samples were ⅝c higher at 53½c; good stock at 52c and No. 4 at 50c.

CORN.

Snows in the west and extending eastward it was feared might restrict country deliveries, and this, with the stronger wheat market, opened corn ⅛@¼c higher also, though not bringing out much buying. Outside the snow, the weather conditions were highly favorable, as it was freezing cold and clearing. Receipts were fair, 509,500 bu arriving at Western markets, and no increased cash demand was reported. Foreign markets were quiet and steady—Liverpool ½d higher.

At one time May was salable at ⅜@½c advance and no sellers at that, but late was weakened by the break in wheat and declined ⅝c, closing ¼c below yesterday, while July was weak then with sellers ½c below top price.

Futures—May opened at 45½c and sold to 45⅝@¾c to 45⅞c to 45⅛c and at close 45⅛@¼c bid. July sold at 46⅛c to 45⅝c. For Dec. 43⅝c bid on call.

Spot grades—Higher. On Dec. contracts 70,000 bu delivered, but offerings much smaller on call. No. 2 sold ⅝c higher, a short taking regular at that, and an exporter bought No. 3 regular at 39½c—also ⅝c advance—a few cars in special houses selling at 40c; that bid terminal. No. 4 offered at 38c, bid 36c. No. 2 white offered regular at 43½c, bid 43⅜@½c higher. No. 3 white sold this side at 40c; that asked E. side; bid 39⅝c regular, 39⅝c in F. and T.

Samples—Received 434 sks, 51 cars local. Offerings very much smaller and higher prices obtainable, but sellers generally holding for more advance than buyers would pay. E track, No. 3 sold at 40¼c. Sks rtd, mixed at 40c, colory at 41c, yellow and white at 43c and white at 43½c.

OATS—The future market was strong and was bid up, with few sellers and consequently little trading, until ¼@½c higher, but it, too, suffered from the collapse in wheat, declining and closing with sellers ⅛c below yesterday.

Futures—May opened at 31⅝c and sold up to 31⅞c, but then declined to 31⅝c, and at close offered at 31⅝@¾c. Dec. offered at 29⅝c; no bids.

SPOT GRADES—No 2 wanted E side for shipment and 29⅝c bid, but Terminal offered on call at 30c, bid 29¾c. For No 3 E side 29½c bid.

Samples—Received, 10 cars local, 10 through. Market firm and tendency upward, ¼c advance being realized for white. Offerings very small, but demand light and principally from the local trade. On track this side No 2 sold at 30½@30¾c, white at 30c for poor, 31½c for No 3 and 32@32½c for No 2, for No 3 white 31¾c bid late. E track No 3 white at 31½c.

RYE—None offered on call, where 51c bid for No 2 E side.

Barley—Steady, but very quiet. Sale: 4 cars Minnesota on p. t.

HAY.

Received 1,695 tons; shipped 371 tons. More offerings than the demand can get away with, as only buyers are local feeders, who are buying only enough to tide them along until the first of next month. Receipts, prairie has increased materially and quality not so good as it has been. This has had a weakening effect and prices have declined. Difficult now to realize over $10 for fancy. Timothy also weaker and about 50c lower—$12 top for best stock.

Sales: Track and warehouse—This side—Prairie—1 car (Illinois) at $7, 1 about prime at $8.50, 3 prime at $9, 1 do at $9.25, 3 strictly do at $9.50, 2 strictly choice at $10.50. Clover—1 car mixed at $10, 1 at $10.50. Mixed—1 car at $9, 1 at $10.50. Timothy—1 car prime at $10, 1 grassy at $10.50, 1 choice at $10.75, 1 extra do at $11, 3 do (1 ¼-bales) at $11.25, 3 fancy at $11.50, 6 extra do at $12. East Side—Clover—1 car slightly mixed at $11, 1 at $11.50, 1 at $11.75. Timothy—1 car mixed and stained at $9.50, 4 prime at $10, 2 strictly do and 1 grassy at $10.50, 6 extra choice at $11, ¾ car do (large bales) at $11, 2 do at $11.25, 5 fancy at $11.50.

Straw—This side—1 car rye at $6.50.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Mainly a domestic trade done, but foreigners cabling bids and 750 sks sold for export.

Patents	$2 55@2 65
Extra fancy	2 30@2 35
Fancy	2 10@2 20
Choice	1 80@1 90
Rye flour	2 90@3 00
Cornmeal	2 05@2 10
Hominy	2 50@2 55
Grits	2 50@2 55

BRAN—Spot offerings very scant. Skd was salable at 61c E trk, but the few mills running are retailing to local trade at 65c at the mill and none to be had at the lower rate. At country points bulk sells at 54c and skd at 57½@58c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, $11.50; on orders, 50c higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 6.50c; choice, 6.60c.

BACON—Boxed lots: Shoulders, 6c; longs, 6¾c; clear ribs, 6¾c; short clear, 6⅞c. On orders, longs, 6⅞c; clear ribs, 7⅛c; short clear, 7¼c.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed, f o b on cash orders; Shoulders, 4¾c; longs, 5⅝c; clear ribs, 5¾c; short clear, 6c. On orders, boxed, longs, 6c; clear ribs, 6⅛c; short clear, 6¼c.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—On orders, 10½@11½ per lb.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

Lead—Weak and tendency downward, as some outside pressure to sell. Chemical hard but sustained and buyers at $2.80, and other descriptions offered at that, and sales reported of 200 tons at $2 77½ for Jan.

Spelter—Dull and weak, with sales of a few cars at $3 07½.

ON THE STREET.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—Steady, but quiet. Ben Davis range from $2.75 to $3.10 per bbl; Geniting $1.25@2.25; Eastern at $1.75@2 for seconds; $2.25@2.75 for Baldwin and Greening.

CALIFORNIA FRUITS—Pears selling at $1.50@2 per box.

ORANGES—Holiday trade over and demand slow and at lower prices. Florida, large sizes, $1.75@2; small sizes, $2.25@2.40.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo, $3@3.50 per box.

BANANAS—Selections suitable for filling orders sell at $1@1.50 per bunch, according to size.

COCOANUTS—Selling in round lots from first hands at $24@25 per 1,000—in a small way at $2.75 per 100.

CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod selling at $12 per bbl; Jersey at $10 per bbl and $3.40 per box.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady but quiet. Apples—Sun-dried quarters, 6@6½c; evaporated rings, 6@6½c; chopped, ½c; cores and peelings, ½@¾c.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Firm, but quiet. Eastern burbank quotable at 55@60c; Northern stock, 40@45c for mixed and inferior to 50@52c for choice; home-grown, 35@45c; on orders, 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

ONIONS—In light supply. Fancy red globe 60@70c per bu; choice yellow, 4[illegible]c; small and damaged, 25@35c. On orders 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

SPANISH ONIONS—Dull at $1@1.15 per case.

CABBAGE—Quiet. Choice $10@11 per ton; fancy, $12@13; inferior and damaged less. On orders—choice, $1.65 per crate.

CELERY—Michigan small, 10@20c per doz; choice to fancy, 30@50c; home-grown, 40@75c. Celery roots, 35@40c per doz.

SWEET POTATOES—Bermudas, $2.00 per bbl; Nansemond, $2.75. Consigned stock not wanted.

RUTABAGAS—Quiet at 20@25c per bu; on orders, $1 per bbl.

PARSNIPS—Choice on orders, $1.75 per bbl.

HORSERADISH—Choice on orders, $3 per bbl.

CARROTS—Northern dull at $8@10 per ton in bulk; choice, on orders, $1.25 per bbl.

CUCUMBERS—New Florida, $2.50 per crate.

TOMATOES—Southern sold at $5@6 per 6-bu basket crate.

SAUERKRAUT—City make, ½ bbls, $1.65; bbls, $3; on orders, 25@50c per bbl higher.

BEETS—Choice on orders, $1.50 per bbl. New Southern lower at 25@30c per doz bunches.

TURNIPS—Home-grown on orders at $1 per bbl; consignments not wanted.

CAULIFLOWER—$1.50 to $3.50 per doz.

LETTUCE—Southern, $4@4.50 per bbl.

SPINACH—Home-grown, $1 per bbl.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Steady. Clover ranged from $7.75@8.25 for poor to $8.50@8.60 for choice; timothy, $4.90 to $5.25; red top, $3 to $5.50; Hungarian and millet, $1.85 to $1.60.

FLAX SEED—Nominal at $1.40.

HEMP SEED—Steady at $2.80, pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime, $1.25; small lots and inferior less.

EGGS.

Received, 1,463 cases; shipped, 1,228 cases. Scarce and higher. Fresh sold at 18c per doz; old and held stock at 1@2c less; refrigerator at 13@17c.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Quiet. A fair demand developed for fancy grades to supply holiday wants, but the inferior goods neglected. Creamery: Separator, 19@20c; gathered cream 17@19c; fancy Elgin, 24@25c. Dairy: Good to choice, 16@18c; common to fair, 9@11c. Country butter, 5@8c; country roll, 7@9c. Grease butter, 3c.

CHEESE—Firm for fancy goods. Full cream, twins, 11c; singles, 11¼c; Young America, 11½c; brick, 10½@11c; limburger, 8@9½c; Swiss, choice, 13½@14c; Southern Wisconsin twins, 8@8½c; singles, 8¼@8¾c; Young America, 8½@9½c.

POULTRY, GAME AND VEALS.

LIVE POULTRY—The cold weather has curtailed the demand and little was done.

Springs	5
Young roosters	4½
Old hens	4½
Old roosters	3
Turkeys	6½@7
Ducks	6½@7
Geese	4½@5
Pigeons, per doz.	50

DRESSED POULTRY—The receipts were light of turkeys, but only a fair demand to note, with sales at firm prices. Chickens also in good demand and market better all around. Turkeys sold at 8@9c per lb; chickens at 6@7c; ducks, 7½@8c; geese at 6@7c. Undrawn, with head and legs on, 1c less.

GAME—Steady, with a fair all-round demand.

Quail, undrawn	$1 50
Quail, drawn	1 00
Grouse, dark	4 50
Grouse, light	4 00
Pheasants	4 00
Woodcock	5 00
Rabbits	90
Jack rabbits	1 00
Squirrels	60
Snipe	1 00
Mallard ducks	3 75
Redhead ducks	3 00
Bluewing teal	2 00
Greenwing teal	1 75
Wood and mixed	1 50
Canvasback ducks	5 00
Wild turkey	7
Deer carcases	6@7
Venison saddles	8@10
Opossum	5@15

LIVE VEALS—In light supply. Choice,

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4½c per lb; fair stock, 3½@4c; heretics rough and thin, 2@2½c per lb.

HIDES, FEATHERS, PELTS, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—Firm, with receipts very light.

Round Prices.

Green salted Western	5½
Green salted Southern	4½
Texas, heavy	5½@6
Southern and inferior	7½@7¾
Dry salted	6
Glue stock, green and dry	3 @4

On Selection.

Green salted, No. 1	5½
Green salted, No. 2	4½
Uncured	1c off
Dry Flint, No. 1	8
Dry flint, No 2	7
Dry salted, No 1	6½
Dry salted, No 2	5½

FEATHERS—Firm; good demand. Prime white live geese, large sks, 37c; small sks, 39c; quilly and prime gray, 28c; old white, 22c; X, 18@20c; XX, 15@17c; XXX, 10@12c; XXXX, 5@7c. Chicken—Prime, 3½c. Duck — Dark, 20c; white, 28c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent. Turkey—Prime tail, clean and straight, 15c; prime wing, 8c; pointers, 2½c; mixed wing and tail 10c; Mixed wing, tail and pointers, 5c; prime body, 1¼c; damp, quilly and mixed, discounted as to value.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted, 40@45c each; lambs, 15@35c; shearlings, 10@20c; damaged, half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

DEER SKINS, ETC.—Deer skins firm at 26c per lb for prime dry—damaged half 25c per lb for prime dry—damaged half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

TALLOW—Firm; small receipts. Prime run in bbls, 4⅝@4¾c per lb; No. 2 and stock in irregular pkgs, 4¼c; cake, 5¼c.

BEESWAX—Prime salable at 28c per lb.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.35@2.60; seneca, 23@24c; snake, 18@22c; golden seal, 14@15c; May apple, 1½@2c; pink, 15c; lady slipper, 4c; black, 4@4½c; angelica, 4@5c; wahoo, bark of trees, 4c; root, 8c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 4c; golden thread, 10c; butterfly, 8c.

WOOL.

The market is seasonably quiet. Manufacturers are taking stock and not disposed to operate beyond wants until after the holidays. Prices are steady and unchanged.

	Medium.	Braid and Low.	Light Fine.	Heavy Fine.
Mo., Ill., etc	14 @15	12 @14	10 @11	8 @9
Ka., Nb., etc	10 @12	8 @10	8 @ 9	6 @7
Tx., Ark., etc	10 @13	8 @10	7 @ 9	5 @7
Dk., Wy., etc	10 @12	8 @10	8 @ 9	6 @7

Slightly burry	10@11	Tub-washed—	
Hard burry	8	Fair to choice	20@21
South'n hard burry	7	Inferior	16@18

FURS.

Prime furs in demand. Receipts are still small, but improving, both as to quantity and quality. Lower grades quiet and easy.

	No. 1 Large.	No. 1 Med.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	$ 60	$ 45	$ 30	$ 15	$ 5
Mink	65	50	30	20	10
Fox, gray	60	50	35	20	10
Fox, red	80	60	45	20	10
Wolf, prairie	60	50	40	20	10
Wolf, timber	1 00	80	50	25	10
Beaver	6 00	4 00	2 50	1 50	50
Otter	7 00	5 00	3 50	1 50	50
Bear	12 00	10 00	6 00	2 00	25

Skunk, black	$1 25	Opossum	6@10
Skunk, short stripe	80	Muskrat	8@10
Skunk, narrow s'pe	45	Wildcat	10@30
Skunk, broad stripe	20	Civet cat	10@15
Skunk, Texas	20@40	House cat	10
Skunk, Indian Terr.	25@50	Badger	5@50

Northern stock worth 10 to 15 per cent more than above quotations.

NUTS.

PECANS—Texas, 4½@5¾c per lb; Louisiana, 3¼@4¼c; Western, 3¼@4c.

CHESTNUTS—Domestic, 3@5c per lb; Italian, 8@9c.

WALNUTS—Quotable at 35@40c per bu.

HICKORY NUTS—Old nominal at 25@50c per bu. No new offerings.

PEANUTS—Quiet at 1@2c per lb. Inferior less.

HAZELNUTS—Selling at 2¼@3c per lb.

LEAF TOBACCO.

	Burley Red.	Burley Colory.	Old Style Heavy.
Common lugs	3¼@ 4½	5½@ 7	2¾@ 3¼
Medium lugs	4½@ 6	7½@ 9	3¼@ 3¾
Good lugs	6 @ 7½	9 @10	3¾@ 4
Common leaf	7 @ 9	7½@10	4½@ 5½
Medium leaf	9 @11	10 @13	5½@ 6½
Good leaf	11 @15	13 @16	6½@ 8½

Unsound or defective in condition, length or color, or mixed packages, from 1c to 3c less.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SORGHUM—Steady at 15@18c per gal.

MAPLE SUGAR—Vermont, 7½@8c; Canada, 10@10½c.

MAPLE SYRUP—Fair to choice, 65@70c per gal.

HONEY—Strained and extracted, in bbls, 4@4½c per lb; in cans, 6@7c; fancy nearby and California, in cans, 8@9c; inferior, less. Comb yellow, 8@11c; fancy white, 15@18c.

CIDER—Poor to choice is quotable at $3.50 to $4.50 per bbl.

GREEN PEAS—Green jobbing at $1.05@1.10 per bu; Scotch, $1.15; split, $1.45.

WHITE BEANS—Country quotable at 90c @$1.10 per bu; weevily sells for less. Eastern hand-picked medium jobbing at $1.65@1.70; pea beans at $1.70@1.75; Lima, 5@5½c per lb.

POPCORN—Quotable at $1.25@1.45 per 100 lbs.

BROOM CORN—Quiet at a range from 3c for common to 6c for fancy; choice green hurl more.

HOPS—New York, 10@11c per lb; Pacific Coast, 11@12c; foreign, 25@30c.

SALT—Domestic, East Side, 85c per bbl; this side, 90c.

OILS—Linseed oil, raw, 55c per gal; boiled, 58c. Castor oil, best, 10c per lb; No. 3, 8¾c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 32c; white, 33c; winter yellow, 37c; white, 38c.

MOSS—Gray, 1¼c; gray and brown mixed, 1½@2c; black and brown mixed, 2½c; black, 3c. Country machine picked—XX, 2@2½c; XXX, 3½@4c; XXXX, 4½@5c.

BONES—Choice bleached, $19 per ton; skinny, $8; junk, $10; slaughter-house stock, $7@8.50.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 60@65c per 100 lbs. Old rope, No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, 50c. Old rubber, $4.

SCRAP IRON AND METAL—Iron, wrought, 25c per 100 lbs; heavy cast, 25c; stove plate, 20c; malleable and burnt, 15c. Brass, light, $3; heavy, $5. Copper, $8. Lead, $2.50. Zinc, $2. Pewter, $9.

HEMP—Missouri, undressed, $70@80 per ton.

BAGGING—Order prices, 1¾-lb, 5¼c; 2-lb, 6¼c; 2¼-lb, 6⅝c. Iron ties, 70c. Hemp twine, 9c per lb.

SACKS—Burlaps, 2-bu, 4c; 2½-bu, 4½c; 3-bu, 5c; 4-bu, 5½c; 5-bu, 5⅞c; 6-bu, 6c. Cotton, seamless, 10@17c. Flour, 25-lb, 2⅝c; 49-lb, 3⅝c; 98-lb, 5⅛c; 100-lb, export, 6¼c.

EMPTY BARRELS—Coal oil, 75c; vinegar, 30c; black oil, 25@30c; lard oil, 50@55c; linseed oil, 55@60c; sugar, 12½@15c; wine, 50@65c; whisky, 60@65c; ½-bbls, 25c; molasses, 20c; sauer kraut, 20@25c; bbls with broken staves, 25c off.

COOPERSTUFFS—Shaved hoops, cooper flour bbl, $4@4.50; country, $2.50@3; ½-bbls, $1.50; coiled elm, $8; pork bbls, $5@6; lard tcs, $8.50@9. Staves, flour bbl, $3.75@6; culls, $3@3.50; ½-bbl, $4.50; pork bbl, $16; lard tcs, $22; beer keg, $16@18. Heading flour bbls, $4 per set.

COOPERAGE—Flour bbls, round hoop, 31c; flat hoop, 27c; ½-bbls, 21c; meal bbls, 24c; produce bbls, 20@22c; fruit bbls, 21c; lard tcs, $1.15; ½-tcs, 80c; pork bbls, $1; ½-bbls, 50c.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin—D, E and F, $2; G, $2.25; H, $2.50; I, $3; K, $3.30; M, $3.65; N, $3.95; W. G., $4.20; W. W., $4.35. Turpentine, 32c per gallon in round lots to 35c in smaller quantities. Pine tar, $2.75 per bbl. Navy pitch, $2.50.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

CATTLE—Natives were fairly active, Wednesday's advance being well maintained. There were about 85 car loads in this department. The supply of Southern cattle amounted to about 28 carloads. Prices did not show any material change as compared with Wednesday.

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
21	Steers	1233	$4 40	20	Steers	935	$3 50
22	Steers	1175	4 40	32	Steers	1250	4 40
10	Mixed	806	2 60	12	Cows	915	2 50
15	Cows	900	3 10				

SOUTHERN CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
46	Steers	1098	$2 70	12	Steers	858	$2 75
79	Steers	1022	2 80	10	Steers	1035	3 15
11	Steers	884	3 15	11	Cows	841	2 50
15	Cows	932	2 50	12	Cows	871	2 50

HOGS—This market was irregular, opening steady and closing a shade lower. Advices from other markets were conflicting, buyers here were slow to take hold and the choice hogs that sold early were about the only kind that brought steady prices.

HOGS.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
62	236	$4 55	64	240	$4 50	42	273	$4 45
53	274	4 45	75	255	4 40	64	270	4 40
175	240	4 40	60	211	4 35	59	224	4 35
68	240	4 30	64	[illegible]	4 30	64	199	4 25
69	218	4 25	45	188	4 25	54	168	4 25
61	198	4 20	61	185	4 20	91	153	4 20
48	182	4 15	55	172	4 15	43	194	4 10
60	105	4 10	55	148	4 10	62	112	3 75
61	136	4 05	16	118	3 90	55	124	3 87½

SHEEP—The quality of the supply showed considerable improvement. The general market regardless of the better quality was 10c to 15c higher and, considering the quality, 15c to 25c higher. Everything good was cleared up early and considerable more could have been sold to advantage.

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SHEEP SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
86	Nat. mix.	110	$3 20	88	Nat. mix.	109	$3 10
19	Nat. mix.	126	3 00	90	Nat. mix.	98	2 95
23	Nat. mix.	102	2 75	17	Shp&lbs.	138	3 35
11	Tailings	88	1 25				

MONEY.

Bank clearings	$3,753,048
Balances	398,135

EXCHANGE—Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York	50c prem bid
Chicago	par bid
Cincinnati	par bid
Louisville	par bid
New Orleans	par bid

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, broker, Rialto building, 218 North Fourth street.

U. S. BONDS.

Government Bonds.	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
2 per cent bonds	Opt'nl	J S D & O	96	
4 per cent bonds	1907	J A J & M	114	115
5 per cent bonds	1904	F M A N	117¾	118½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 3½ sterling	1919	Feb and Aug	97	99
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	100	100½
City 4s, 10-20s				
City 4s, sterling	1902-05	Various	100	102
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1908	Jan and July	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1918	Jan and July	105	106
City 5s, sterling	1900	Various	105¼	106½
City 6s, sterling	1895-95	Various	102	104
City 6s, sterling	1898-99	April and Oct	107	108
County sterling	1905	April and Oct	118	120

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov	97	99
Mo. Pac. 3ds	1898	May and Nov	108¼	109
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	105¼	105½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb and Aug	104½	106
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	106¼	107
K. P. D. X 6s	1899	May and Nov	106¼	108
K. P. consols	1919	May and Nov	75½	77
St. L. & S. F. 2d 6s, g, class A	1906	May and Nov	113⅜	114½
St. L. & S. F. 2d 6s, g, class B	1906	May and Nov	113⅜	114½
St. L. & S. F. 2d 6s, g, class C	1906	May and Nov	113⅜	114½

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27, 10:15 a. m.—The stock market opened firm and higher for some shares, notably Reading, which was ½ higher, but reacted ⅜. Cordage preferred receded ⅜, but rallied ⅝. New Jersey Central and Cotton Oil declined ⅜ each, the former, however, rallying ½. New York Central declined ⅛.

11 a. m.—The market continued heavy after 10:15 on a light volume of busines. Delaware and Hudson declined 1 per cent, Sugar ⅞, New Jersey Central and Northern Pacific preferred ⅝, Reading ½ and the general list ⅛@¼ per cent. The Granger shares are without movement, and speculation generally at this hour is quiet and steady.

LONDON, DEC. 27.—The Bank of England rate of discount is 2 per cent.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Wheat was dull today, but rather firm on light offerings, higher cables and in sympathy with corn. The Price Current, however, was very bearish, and the estimates for last crop at 115,000,000 bu. May opened ⅛c higher at 58⅛c, touched ⅝c and declined to ⅜@½c. Corn was firm; the weather is expected to reduce receipts. May opened ⅛@¼c up at 48⅝c, sold to 48⅞c and reacted to 48⅜c. Oats opened ⅛c higher on the light receipts at 32c for May, sold to 31⅞c and advanced to the opening price in sympathy with corn. Provisions were firm and higher on the light hog receipts. May pork started 5c higher at $11.72½, advanced 5c more and sold off to $11.77½. May lard opened 5c higher at 6.92½c, touched 6.95c and sold to 6.90c.

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New York Stocks.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 27.

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Tob., com	96¾	97	96¼	97
Atchison	4⅛	4⅛	4	4
Baltimore & Ohio	62¼	62½	61⅝	62½
Canada Southern	50⅛			50⅛
Ches. & Ohio, com	16⅞			16⅞
Central New Jersey	90⅛	90⅜	89⅝	90
Chicago Gas Trust	72⅛	72⅜	72⅛	72⅜
C., R. I. & P.	61⅛	61⅜	61⅛	61⅛
Burlington	70⅝	71	70⅝	71
C., M. & St. P., com	56⅝	57⅛	56⅝	57
C., M. & St. P., pf	118			118
C. & N. W., com	96⅛	96⅜	96⅛	96⅜
Cotton Oil, com	21⅝	22¼	21½	22⅛
Cotton Oil, pf	68			68
Delaware & Hudson	125¼	125¼	124⅛	125¼
Edison General	33⅛	34⅛	33⅛	34⅛
Erie, com	9⅞	10	9⅞	9⅞
Erie, 2ds	65			65
Laclede Gas, com	26½	26½	26¼	26½
Laclede Gas, bonds	91			91
Lake Erie & West., pf	71			71
Lake Shore	137			137
Louisville & Nashville	53⅞	53⅞	53	53⅞
Lead, com	37	37⅛	37	37⅛
Missouri Pacific	26⅞	27⅛	26⅝	27⅛
M., K. & T., pf	22			22
Manhattan Elevated	104½	105	104½	105
National Cordage, com	6⅞	7	6	6¼
National Cordage, pf	8	11	8¼	10
New York & New Eng.	31⅛	31⅞	31⅛	31⅞
New York Central	99	100⅛	99⅞	99⅞
N. Y., C. & St. L., com	13			13
Northern Pacific, pf	16⅞	16⅞	16⅜	16⅞
Phila. & Reading	15⅛	15⅛	14	14⅛
Pullman Palace Car	154			154
Sugar, com	89	89	88⅛	88⅝
Union Pacific	11	11	10⅞	11
U. S. Rubber, com	44⅞	45	44⅞	45
Wabash, St. L. & P., pf	13⅞	14	13⅞	14
Western Union	86⅞	87⅛	86⅞	86⅞
Whisky Trust	10⅞	10⅞	9⅞	9⅞

Coffee Market.

Reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Co.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 27.

	First Call.	Second Call.	Third Call.
January	13.50	13.50	.....
February	13.15b	.....	.....
March	12.95	13.05	.....
April	12.80b	.....	.....
May	12.70	.....	.....

Mail Pouch coffee at 21.35.

RIO—No. 7, coffee exchange standard, nominal; exchange, 11¼; receipts, 15,000; clearances United States 4,000, Europe 2,000; stock, 213,000; market quiet; Santos receipts, 17,000; stock, 383,000; market inactive; good average; Santos nominal; cleared from Rio Dec. 25, steamer Maskelyne, 12,000.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Quiet and steady. Sales, 500 bales. Receipts to-day, 5,096 bales; since Sept 1, 308,254; shipments today, 4,474 bales; since Sept 1, 351,918 bales; stock, 69,240 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 4½c; good ordinary, 4⅝c; low middling, 4⅞c; middling, 5¼c; good middling, 5¼c; middling fair, 6 1-16c.

LIVERPOOL—Fair business done; uplands, 3 1-32d. Futures closed steady; January and February, 2 60-64d; February and March, 2 62-64d; March and April, 2 63-64d; April and May, 3 1-64d; May and June, 3 2-64d; June and July, 3 4-64d; July and August, 3 5-64d; August and September, 3 7-64d; September and October, 3 8-64d.

NEW YORK—Spot quiet; middlings, 5 11-16c. Futures closed quiet. Sales, 119,900 bales. Reported by Lesser Cotton Co.

	Closed W'nesday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed Th'day
December	5.44	5.50	5.47	5.49
January	5.46	5.53	5.47	5.51
February	5.50	5.56	5.52	5.55
March	5.54	5.60	5.55	5.59
April	5.59	5.66	5.59	5.64
May	5.64	5.70	5.65	5.68
June	5.69	5.75	5.71	5.73
July	5.73	5.80	5.75	5.78
August	5.78	5.85	5.79	5.83

RELIEVED OF $150.

Henry Jones Claims He Was Robbed in a House of Ill-Repute.

At 1 a. m. Henry Jones, a stranger in the city, who refused to say what place in Missouri he hailed from, dropped into the Third District Station and complained that about 11 o'clock Wednesday night, while in Susie Emory's disreputable resort for colored women, 1220 Linden street, he was relieved of $150. Officers Sloan and Bunting raided the place, arresting the keeper and five inmates, including Mary Johnson and Mary Haley, both of whom Jones claimed were in the room with him when he lost his money. The latter was not recovered, but a warrant will be applied for against the Johnson and Haley women. The companions of the latter will go to the Second District Police Court.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

Financial

EDWARDS WHITAKER. CHA[S.]

WHITAKER & HO[DGMAN]

BOND AND STOCK BRO[KERS]

300 N. FOURTH ST. - S[T. LOUIS]

MONEY TO LOAN
THE NORTHWESTERN M[UTUAL]
LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Is prepared to make loans on first-class property at the lowest current rate of in[terest] without commissions.

For particulars apply to
JOHN S. LOWRY, Special Loan
804 Union Trust B'ld'g, St. Lo[uis]

St Louis Public Stock Exc[hange]

Mining Stocks a Special[ty]
Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Investments
317 PINE ST

Lodge Notices.

Regular Meetings, 25 cents each insertion; [Gene]ral Notices, 50 cents each insertion.

BEACON LODGE, No. 3, A. F. A. [M.]—Stated communication this (T[hursday]) evening at 7:30 o'clock, at hall, Broadway and Benton sts., joint [installa]tion of officers of Aurora Lodge, No. 267, [and] Beacon Lodge, No. 3. Visitors welcome.
H. B. PIATT, W[. M.]
JOSEPH BRUNNER, Secretary.

ELKS—The regular weekly co[mmunic]ation of St. Louis Lodge, No. 9, B. P. O. E., will be held at lodge room, Hagan Building, 10[th and] Pine sts., at 8 o'clock this (Thu[rsday]) evening. Initiations first and third Thursday o[f each] month. Visiting brothers are invited to attend.
LEW A. CLARK, Secreta[ry].

MONITOR LODGE, No. 68, K. of P.—W[ill work] in amplified Knights' rank, with ste[reop]ticon, at to-night's meeting, Pope's T[he]ater Hall, 9th and Olive streets. Knights welcome.
JULIUS E. KOCH, C. C.
D. P. JEWETT, K. R. S.

Medical.

ALL DRUG STORES. TANSY PILLS! SAFE AND SURE. SEND 4c. FOR "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD." WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., PHILA., PA.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

PERSONAL—Jack: Everything O K; don't wo[rry]. East Carondelet

PERSONAL—Kitty: Was that all right? Call [not] too late. Happy New Year.

NURSE WANTED—Middle-aged woman to [take] lady through confinement and do light house[work]; give refs. and state terms for the month of [Jan]uary. Add. G 231, this office.

2913 Gamble st., modern 9-room house	[illegible]
29 S. Compton av., modern 7-room house	$3[illegible]
1612 Pine st., 8-room modern house	3[illegible]
1626 S. Compton av., modern 6-room brick	2[illegible]
2612 Walnut st., nice 4-room flat	[illegible]
1905 S. Jefferson av., 3-room flat	[illegible]
1121 S. 13th st., 4-room flat	[illegible]
2316 Market st., 4-room flat	[illegible]
2339 Chestnut st., modern 4-room flat	[illegible]
3009 Kossuth av., 3-room flat	[illegible]
1018 N. 14th st., 3 rooms	[illegible]
1551 Singleton st., 3 rooms, 1st floor	12

GAY & McCANN, 922 Pine st.

LEGAL.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss., in t[he] Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, December ter[m], 1894. Monday, December 17, 1894.—The L[ouisiana] Safe and Lock Company, a corporation, vs. Charl[es] Baughman, Norman Baughman, et al. (98,23[illegible]) Attachment.

It appearing to the Court from the petition du[ly] verified by affidavit, heretofore filed herein, th[at] the defendants, Charles Baughman and Norm[an] Baughman, are non-residents of this State, where[fore], on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it [is] ordered, that the defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others for the sum of two thousand seven hundred and eighty-three dollars and thirteen cents for goods sold and delivered and moneys advanced to defendants, for which promissory notes were tendered and not paid, and that their property has been attached, and unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against them and their property sold to satisfy the same. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness, my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 18th day of December, 1894.

(Seal of Court.) PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
MILLS & FLITCRAFT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
2423

TOOK VOWS.

Reception Held at Sacred Heart Convent at Maryville.

A large number of visitors congregated in the beautiful chapel of the Sacred Heart Convent, South St. Louis, this morning. The occasion was a reception into the order of religious and postulants. Promptly at 8:30, the appointed hour, to the solemn strains of the organ, the guests filed into the gorgeously decorated chapel. All the Christmas decorations were left untouched. The altar was ablaze with hundreds of waxen tapers, rare exotic plants were dispersed through the sanctuary, and a profusion of natural flora completed the scene of beauty. A few moments after the visitors were seated those to take part in the ceremony entered. They were nine in number. First in the procession came Mme. M. Roberts of Independence, Mo. She was led by the Mistress of Novices. Next Mme. M. Lyons of Chicago, escorted by her sister, Mme. F. Lyons, who is a professed member of the order, followed by Mme. M. Walsh of New Orleans, La. These three made their final vows, receiving the cross and ring. Next Mmes. Rosemary Gibney and Maud Lynch of this city, Mme. McGaery of Kansas City, and Julia Kerns of Omaha, who received the black veil. Two of the postulants then entered in their bridal robes, which were in marked contrast to the somber habits which they were so soon to wear. These were Miss Robinson of Joliet, Ill., and a postulant from Utah to become a lay member of the order. Seven priedieus were then placed at the foot of the altar steps, five of which were black, the others white satin, draped in a profusion of orange blossoms and illusion. Several clergy from St. Louis, as well as from distant parts, were in the sanctuary, among them Rev. J. J. Conway, S. J.; Father P. Burke of Joliet, Ill.; Rev. J. Burke of St. Michael's parish, St. Louis; Rev. P. W. Dunn of Joliet, Ill. To open the service Rev. J. J. Conway gave an eloquent discourse, his text being, "And whom he predestined them he also called, and whom he called them he also justified, and whom he justified them he also glorified;" St. Paul's Epistle to the Romans, chapter viii., verse 29. The musical programme at the mass, which was beautifully rendered, was as follows: "Verbium Caro," Vecchiotte; "Adoro," Consul; "All for Thee," "Adeste Fidelis." A large number of relatives and friends of the religious were present, among them were: Mr. and Mrs. Roberts of Independence, Mo.; Mrs. McGaery of Kansas City; Mr. and Mrs. Surboy of Chicago, Miss Kerns of Omaha; Mr. and Mrs. George Lynch, Mrs. Gibney and daughters, Miss Lightholder, Miss R. and O. Lucy, Miss R. Mulhall, Mrs. Herig.

MADISON EMPLOYES.

Will Be Blacklisted if They Work Next Month.

Sheet and ticket writers, money handlers, cashiers and the numerous other employes of the Madison track are wondering whether or not they will be "outlawed" by the Turf Congress if they continue to work at Madison in January and February. The Turf Congress blacklist rule includes everyone connected with a race track operated during the period mentioned, and all tracks in the Congress will be required to enforce the measure. Madison track employes were looking for this information in droves Wednesday morning at the Fair G[rounds] office.

NTAL CAFE.
ictly First-Class.
entrance 212 N. 17th st. For la-
en. Under Summit Hotel.

ITY NEWS.

temperatrue means good cloak od for the wearers and good for nts who are anxious to close out s of cloaks. Crawford is selling along at the lowest prices in that is left of Max Judd & Co.'s stock now going at Crawford's n one-half price of manufacture. over from Christmas at half Crawford's—St. Louis' greatest

matters skillfully treated and s furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Locust. Crown and bridge work.

ANAUGH'S METHODS.

r Charges Against Him by Immoral House Keepers.

lleged attempt of Officer Kavanaugh oduce New York police methods in is on Monday night last, resulting arrest of Bessie Floyd and the in- of the immoral resort kept by her at rth Thirteenth street and the sus- n of Officer Kavanaugh, was not the 'graft" that failed on Monday night f one of the residents of the neigh- od is to be believed.

eporter for the Post-Dispatch called t 10 a. m. at 118 North Thirteenth t. Aggie Woods, the "madame," was at home. A large, fluffy-haired blonde she had not seen Kavanaugh lately, related a conversation had with the ame.

friend of mine showed me the Post- atch Wednesday evening," she said, I saw what Bessie Floyd charged er Kavanaugh with. I told Miss Aggie ut it. She laughed and said:

'I am very lucky then. The officer met on the corner on Monday evening and exchanged Christmas greetings. He id he wanted me to give him a Christmas esent. I told him to go over to my house d wait for me, that I would be back in a w minutes. You bet I did not go back for er an hour, and he didn't do a thing but ait for me.'

"I did not hear her mention Kavanaugh's me. She just said 'the officer,' as if she re talking about the same one. She did t say anything about him being drunk."

The woman added that she used to have house at Twentieth and Chestnut streets nd that some of the police let drop very road hints about gifts, to which she paid attention. By keeping a perfectly or- rly resort she managed to keep from be- g arrested.

Belle Simons of 122 North Thirteenth eet said she met Kavanaugh at 10:30 p. on Monday. He seemed to be sober. In- ry at the soloons of the neighborhood led to develop evidence that Kavanaugh under the influence of liquor Monday ning.

NEED A NEW BUILDING.

presentative Davidson on the Proposed Sale of the Blind Asylum.

epresentative J. F. Davidson of the gislative Committee that is investigat- ; the management of the State institu- ns went out to the Poor-house during e forenoon, having become separated om his colleagues, Senator Charles E. ers and Representative Bittinger, and aving failed to locate them at any of the otels. With regard to the sale of the lind School property, on Morgan street, ear Nineteenth, which has been recently roached, Mr. Davidson said that his in- ormation was that the property could ave been sold several years ago for $200,- 0. That was when the project of an elevated railroad over that street was being discussed. Mr. Davidson did not understand that so much could be had for it at present, but he believed it would sell for that price when business had fully revived, and he was not in favor of letting it go for any less. He had discussed the subject of removal to a new building and site with Supt. John T. Sibley and had been informed by him that for the price named a much larger site could be had in a more suitable location and a far more commodious and better arranged building be erected thereon; but he was of opinion that every such requirement could be met for a sum not exceeding $150,000, leaving the remainder of the money derived from the sale of the old property to be invested to assist in maintaining the institution. He did not think that this was an opportune time to sell, but he was quite sure that the requirements of the inmates had outgrown the accommodations of the building; besides which the locality was not a proper one for such an institution.

SADDER AND WISER.

Agnes Colb's Experience With a Man and Port Wine.

Miss Agnes Colb, a pretty 19-year-old country lassie, goes back to her home in Staunton, Ill., a sadder and a wiser girl. She left the home of her step-father, John Lange, a well-to-do grocer there, Wednesday to visit her cousin, a Miss Crable, living at Twentieth and Cherokee streets, this city. At the station she met Fred Felschner, an attache of a mining company. Arriving at the Union Station here together, they had supper. She drank a little too much port wine and became unconscious. Officers Jones and Connolly, fearing she had been drugged, sent her to the City Hospital and arrested Felschner. Thursday morning she had sobered up and arranged to return home in the afternoon. Agnes is a rather attractive looking brunette with dark eyes and rosy cheeks. She were a stylish brown corduroy traveling dress. She refused to talk about her plight.

Dec. 22, 23, 24, 25 and 31, 1894, and Jan. 1, 1895, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Co. will sell tickets to local points within 200 miles at popular prices; tickets good returning until Jan. 2, 1895. For further information apply at Broadway Station or 103 North Broadway, St. Louis.

Northeast Missouri.

MONROE CITY, Mo., Dec. 27.—The Northeast Missouri Teachers' Association, representing twenty-five counties, is in session here. One hundred and fifty teachers are present. The subjects discussed yesterday were: "Grading in County Schools"; "Are Eight Years Below the High School Too Many?" "Physical Culture and College Graduates vs. Normal Graduates as Teachers."

AS A CLEANSER

of the blood, nothing sweeps as clean as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It attacks all scrofulous, skin and scalp diseases in the right way—by purifying the blood.

Scrofula in all its various forms, Eczema, Tetter, Salt-rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Enlarged Glands, Tumors and Swellings, and every kindred ailment, are perfectly and permanently *cured* by it.

PIERCE Guarantees a CURE.

DR. PIERCE: Dear Sir—I write in regard to your great Golden Medical Discovery. I had Eczema and ulcers on the legs. Previous to this affection I had had Dropsy after the Grip. I now feel perfectly well since I took the "Discovery." My legs are all healed up and I feel like a new man. I cannot be thankful enough to you for your "Golden Medical ... has saved

FAMILY REUNIONS.

They Were a Feature of Christmas Day Celebrations.

THE HOLIDAY SEASON AN UNUSUALLY GAY ONE SO FAR.

Tea Given Christmas Day by the Misses Allen—Ball Given by Mrs. Alexander Buston to Her Daughter Mary—Mrs. Dexter Tiffany's Dance in Compliment to the Harvard Glee Club.

By all accounts there was more feasting and merry-making in a quiet way on Christmas Day than for years past. There was scarcely a family in which there was not a general reunion on that day, and there were some fashionable functions, also, notably the tea given on Christmas afternoon by the Misses Allen in compliment to their cousin Miss Topp of Louisville, Ky. They were assisted by Misses Nellie McCormack and Sa'Lees Kennard. Mrs. Alexander Euston's ball in compliment to her daughter, Miss Mary Euston, was the event of Wednesday, and Mrs. Dexter Tiffany's dance in compliment to the Harmonie Glee Club is the fashionable event for this evening. For the remainder of the midwinter carnival there is something for each day.

Quite a number of little folks, including May and Watson Stevenson, Walter Dyer, Charlie Brockenbrough, Charlotte Barnes and others from St. Louis spent Christmas Day at the residence of Mrs. W. C. Dyer in Webster, where she had prepared a beautiful Christmas tree for their entertainment.

Mrs. H. C. Chatillon will entertain the South End Euchre Club on Friday evening.

Miss Eunice Ramsey, assisted by Misses Melvyn Morris and Katherine Henry, will give a handsome reception on Thursday complimentary to Miss Rose Morris.

Miss Annie Gershon gave a children's party on Monday in honor of her twin niece and nephew. The youthful attendants were Misses Lizzie Gershon, Jeanette Gershon and Hattie Merian and Masters Harry Gershon, Lionel Merian and others.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cordyon Moon have issued invitations for the celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of their marriage, which will take place on Tuesday evening, Jan. 1, from 8 until 12 o'clock at their home, 3843 West Pine boulevard. At the conclusion the large company assembled will usher in the New Year, 1895.

Marquise rings in endless variety. J. Bolland Jewelry Co., 8 South Fourth street.

Mrs. Rufus J. Spalding entertained her progressive euchre club onChristmas Eve at her home at the "Franklin," assisted by Mmes. Joseph Barr and Joseph Widen and Miss O'Halloran. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. John Cordyon Moon of West Pine boulevard, Jan. 7.

Miss Tinie Brown of 1631 California avenue gave a surprise masquerade party in compliment to her younger sister, Miss Millie Brown, on Christmas Eve. Her father, Mr. P. Brown, entertained the little ones with banjo playing and songs. Among the guests were: The Misses Grace Miller, Marie Griffin, Lottie Kelly, Florence Gray, Katie Bradley, Clara Tuffs, and Masters Carmen Griffin, Frank Tuffs, Jerome Kelly, Wille Heckwolf, James Fryar, Herman Jungk, Bennie Linneworth, Edward and Will Ball, George and Arthur Yeager, Clark Miller and Henry Schweppe.

The wedding of Miss Alice Home and John Henry Wortmann on Wednesday eve, at 8 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. June, 1733 Morgan street, was one of the prettiest home affairs of the season. Both bride and groom are extensively acquainted in St. Louis. The bride was arrayed in a beautiful gown of white silk and carried a bunch of white roses.

Mr. Wortmann is an unusually bright young man and is connected with the freight traffic department of the Missouri Pacific railway. Most of their personal friends were present and surprised them with an extensive array of gifts, several of which are of a most substantial character. Directly after the ceremony a reception followed. Mrs. and Miss June received the guests. The couple will be at home, at 2341 Michigan avenue, after Jan. 9.

GOSSIP.

Miss Mary Euston returned the later part of last week from her school in the East and will spend a fortnight with her parents at their home on Lindell boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Burr have been entertaining for the holidays their daughters, Mrs. Chapman and Mrs. Douglas of Kansas City, with their children.

Mrs. Charles Bunton, who has been making a visit to her old friends in Kansas City, returned home the day before Christmas.

Judge and Mrs. L. J. Kirkpatrick, after making a pleasant little visit to the family of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McLain, have returned to their home at Kokomo, Ind.

Mrs. Weller of Edwardsville, Ill., is spending the holiday season with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bennett.

Mrs. A. E. Riddle of 2847 Franklin avenue is entertaining her son and his wife during the holiday season.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clark arrived last week from the interior of the State to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Clark of Morgan street, near Ware avenue.

Miss Lily Brooks, who has been visiting relatives at Little Rock, returned home last week.

Mrs. Sarah Miller and her daughter, who have been spending the past month with relatives in Wisconsin, returned home in time for a family reunion at Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Winer have gone to Tyler, Tex., to spend the winter season. They will return home by the early summer.

Mrs. W. H. McClain is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Sarah Wilson, who resides in Indiana.

Mrs. Miller of 4319 Washington boulevard will go next week to her old home in Louisville, Ky., to visit friends for a week or two.

Miss Belle Rhorer of Pomona, Cal., formerly of this city, came to St. Louis with her father, Mr. George Rhorer, and will spend the winter with the family of her uncle, Mr. Henry T. Rhorer of Westminster place. Mr. Rhorer has gone East for a week or two before returning to California.

Miss Sunie Clark has gone to her home in Montgomery City for the holidays, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Taylor Bryan.

Mrs. S. C. Jackson of Washington avenue, near Compton, has been quite seriously ill, but is now convalescent and has gone out of town for a few weeks.

Miss Eliza Edwards, who is spending the winter in Denison, Tex., where she is teaching school, came home to spend the holidays with her mother, Mrs. S. J. Edwards, at Kirkwood.

Mrs. J. W. Whitsett, who has been quite seriously ill, has recovered sufficiently to travel and has gone with her husband to Florence, Ala., to spend the remainder of the winter season. Mrs. Dalzell of Florence, Ala., who has been visiting her sister, called here by her illness, has returned home.

Mrs. S. J. Edwards had quite a family reunion on Christmas day. She had with her her daughter, Mrs. Church from Nashville, Tenn., with her husband and little son, and Miss Eliza Edwards from Texas.

Mrs. Dr. Eastman of Indianapolis, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Foster, at her residence, No. 3326 Lucas avenue, has returned home. Mrs. Foster has also been entertaining her sister, Mrs. L. M. Pentecost of Kokomo, Ind.; also her nephew, Mr. Edward Apperson of the same place.

Mrs. J. C. Lincoln of Maple street has been entertaining her sister, Mrs. Shannon of Sedalia, Mo., who, after spending a few days with her, has returned home.

Mr. W. H. Ulrich and bride, formerly Miss Elizabeth McClure, have returned from their bridal trip and are settled at No. 2709 Dickson street.

Mrs. R. J. Lockwood is entertaining at her home on Chestnut street, near Twenty-seventh, a charming young Virginia girl, Miss Bessie Davis, who will spend the remainder of the season with her.

Mrs. Edward B. Leigh and family are spending Christmas week with relatives in Chicago.

Mr. James T. Drummond, Jr., is home from Yale to spend the midwinter vacation with his father, Mr. James T. Drummond of Delmar boulevard.

Miss Clara Ricker is spending the winter in New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Ferguson leave this evening for her old home in Trenton, Tenn., to spend the remainder of Christmas week with her father, Mr. Elder. They will be accompanied by his brother, Mr. Winn Ferguson, who goes back to Memphis after a visit of a few days to his brother and his wife.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Kemper of Waco, Tex., are spending the week with St. Louis friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lawnin have secured apartments at Hotel Beers and will go ... the 1st of January. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lawnin, who have been with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. O. Nelson, for a couple of months, will be again domiciled in their own home on Spring avenue after the 1st of January.

Mrs. J. P. Nixon and children of Lebanon, Mo., are spending this week with Capt. James Woods' family on Pine street.

Mrs. Irwin Hockaday has returned to her home in Columbus after a visit of several weeks to her sister, Mrs. Overall of St. Louis to prepare for her son's marriage on the 3d of January.

Mrs. C. W. Hequembourg and Miss Mabel Williams have returned from a visit to Omaha, Neb.

Misses Bessie and Gertrude Chase are at home from their school in Boston for the holidays and are at the Southern Hotel.

Mrs. S. Innes Stone has issued invitations to the marriage of her daughter, Miss Bessie Carroll, to Mr. Thomas W. Freeman on Thursday evening, Jan. 3, at St. Peter's Episcopal Church.

Mrs. H. Pishon left on Monday evening for Kansas City to spend Christmas week.

Miss Pearl Fisher is spending this week with Mrs. J. W. Andrews and other friends at Kirkwood.

Miss Irene Rives, who formerly resided in St. Louis, has returned to her home in Columbia, after a pleasant visit to her old home.

Miss Eliza Edwards has returned from Texas and will spend the holidays with her family at Kirkwood, where her cousin, Miss Lettie Todd of Columbia, will also spend Christmas week.

Mrs. Edwina Deon Lowe is making a visit to Miss Glover of Westminster place.

Mr. Charles Wall and family of Westminster place will probably move in the spring to Webster, where Mr. Wall is thinking of purchasing a home.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bassett is at home from school spending the Christmas holidays with her parents at 1631 Lucas place.

Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery of 1631 Locust street have gone to Chicago to spend the holidays.

Mrs. C. H. Bryson left for Memphis this week to spend the holidays with her son.

Mr. Clarence Ward is on a visit to relatives in the South and will not return to St. Louis until the first of January.

Mr. Carson Ward is spending a few days in the city with his mother, Mrs. Lyde A. Ward.

Mrs. Emma Chamblis from Nevada is visiting friends in St. Louis.

Mrs. Preston Roberts of Independence, Mo., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Rudolph Ulrici, and other relatives in the city.

Mr. Harry Leach who went to Chicago to spend Christmas and part of the holidays with his parents, will return home on Thursday.

Mr. Robert Rosenthal will leave this week for a two months' trip East.

Hon. James M. Loring entertained the Loring representatives at his palatial house at 4217 West Belle place. Greetings of the California Lorings, consisting of Maj. L. Y. Loring, U. S. A., and family, were received, accompanied by a box of beautiful curios and presents.

Miss Edith Jamieson, daughter of J. A. Jamieson of Burlington, Io., is spending the holidays with Miss Lulu Ulrich of 1106 Hickory street.

The Ideal Euchre Club was entertained Sunday evening, Dec. 23, by Miss Corinne Rechnitzer of 3019 Chestnut street, and her guest, Miss Helene Emrich of Fairfield, Ill. First prizes were awarded to Miss Helene Emrich and Mr. Wm. Baron. Consolation to Miss Frances Van Mesritz and Mr. H. Van Mesritz.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Palfrey are in the city visiting Mr. Palfrey's parents at 3143 School street.

The W. G. T. U. of Webster Groves entertained their friends with a very enjoyable dancing party at Allen's Hall on Christmas Eve. The ladies present were the Misses Kauffman, Charlotte Campbell, Mamie Metcalf, Pearl Ackerman, Bessie Rennie, Erie Peck, Annette Jackson, Augusta Warren, Zella Kulp, Marie Brown, Black, Hattie Deane, Maud Campbell, Viola Peck, Anne Pollard, Maud Campbell, Viola Early, Emma Schureman and Marjory Dawson. The chaperones were Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Warren and Mrs. Kauffman, and the young men present were Messrs. Claiborne Adams, Walter Sholz, Melville Metcalfe, Fred Booth, Bert Carter, Frank Gibson, Ralph Twining, Mal. Magehan, Will Plant, Phil. Helfenstein, Deane Garrett, Campbell Dawson and George Kauffman.

Miss Nora Dalton is visiting Miss Mary Fogarty of 2817½ Rauschenbach avenue.

Mr. Philip C. Allen of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, at Albuquerque, N. M., is spending the holidays with his parents, Major and Mrs. C. J. Allen, at 4234 Morgan street.

Mrs. C. W. Rogers, after a visit to the Indian Territory, has returned to St. Louis and is stopping at the West End Hotel.

Mrs. E. J. Patrick of Denver, Colo., is visiting St. Louis friends, and is stopping at the West End Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Cheney of Jerseyville, Ill., are registered at the West End Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Paramore are at the West End.

Miss Susie Gillis was the recipient of a surprise party on Saturday last, Dec. 22, at her parents' home 762 Euclid avenue. Among those present were Misses Ida Parmelee, Charlotte Louise Mc Donough, Jessie and Clara Duggan, Essie De Courcy, Annie Handley, Grace Nielan, Edith Julian, Lucia Badger, Alice Gertrude McDonough and Lillie De Courcy. The presents were very pretty and tasteful.

POPULIST BALLARD.

Letters From Various Points Telling of His Bad Conduct.

MACON, Mo., Dec. 27.—The authorities here continue to receive letters from various parts of the country, giving information as to the former career of D. P. Ballard, the famous Populist orator, now in jail here awaiting trial in February on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. It seems from Illinois letters that a train of victims was left through that State. In addition to operations at Murphreesboro, Ill., and at Hampton, Io., heretofore reported, a letter came to-day from George W. Flagg of the Flagg Nurseries at Plainfield, Ill., who says that Ballard got him to indorse his worthless paper for $250 on the strength of having been a schoolmate 43 years before. Since the drafts turned out worthless Flagg has been unable to trace his old friend.

L. J. Hammond of Joliet, Ill., where Ballard cut a wide swath in the lecture field, says his experience with Ballard cost him $50. From Lincoln, Neb., comes the story that one D. P. Ballard made numerous flowery speeches in and near Lincoln, and that hotelkeepers and others of that section have never ceased to regret his departure. Since his incarceration Ballard refuses to talk about these things, and only says he will come off free from the charge here. He has engaged Hon. L. A. Thompson to defend him.

FLAGLER'S TROUBLES.

May Apply for a Writ of Habeas Corpus in Florida.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Henry M. Flagler of the Standard Oil Co., whom the State of Texas wants to get within its jurisdiction on an indictment under the anti-trust law of the State, was too busy last night to discuss the news that Gov. Mitchell of Florida has honored the requisition of Gov. Hogg of Texas.

In answer to inquiries as to what course he proposed to pursue in the matter his secretary, W. H. Beardsley, said:

"In the first place, Mr. Flagler is a resident of New York, not of Florida. He has, however, a place at St. Augustine and he intends to go there with his family just as soon as his business will permit. That will be some time next month. No date has yet been fixed. It is his custom sometimes to go early, sometimes late; but he always goes in January. He will not change his plans this year."

When asked if it was Mr. Flagler's intention to resist arrest upon the requisition, Mr. Beardsley said:

"Mr. Flagler will ask only the protection and rights due the humblest citizen."

The counsel of the Standard Oil Co. said that if Mr. Flagler were arrested when he reached Florida he would probably apply in the United States District Court for a writ of habeas corpus, pending the arguing of which he would be admitted to bail.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup reduces inflammation while Children are Teething. 25c a bottle.

Suicide of a Boy.

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., Dec. 27.—Charles Moore, 18 years old, who lives with his father on a farm in Clay County, ten miles west of here, committed suicide Christmas Eve by shooting himself through the heart. No cause is known.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

BRANDT'S JUST ARRIVED

New Styles Fancy Slippers

For Balls, Weddings and Receptions, in Fancy Satins, all colors, also White and Black Kid.

THE VERY LATEST NOVELTIES.

SATIN SLIPPERS to match any costume, only $2.00

Satin, two straps, at...$2.50 | Fine Kid, one strap, only...$1.50

Black Kid, two straps, at................$2 and $3.

J. G. BRANDT SHOE CO., Cor. Broadway and Lucas Av.

Open Until 10 O'Clock Saturday Night.

"FOOL'S HASTE IS NAE SPEED." DON'T HURRY THE WORK UNLESS YOU USE SAPOLIO

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE LEADING AND EXPERT SPECIALIST,

DR. OLIN D. WHITTIER.

ADVICE FREE, Call or Write. (Office Hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 12.) 514 WASHINGTON AVE., ST. LOUIS, MO. (ESTABLISHED IN 1860), SPECIALIST IN

NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST MANHOOD, EXHAUSTING DRAINS, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Dark Circles, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples, Loss of Ambition, Lack of Energy, Tire Easily, Gloominess, Despondency, Melancholy, Backache, Unfitness to Marry, etc., treated with success and fully restored. BLANK 1 AND DICTIONARY SEALED, FREE, EXPLAINS.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life, Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Mucous Patches in mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. BLANK 2 AND DICTIONARY SEALED, FREE, EXPLAINS.

URINARY AND BLADDER Ailments, as Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent, Milky or Bloody Urine, and private matters relating to Urinary Passage, promptly cured. BLANK 3 AND DICTIONARY SEALED, FREE, EXPLAINS.

MEN'S SPECIAL SURGERY, whether congenital or acquired, successfully attended to.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

The Official Document Ordered Read in All Catholic Churches.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 27.—Bishop Curtis issued a letter to the priests of the diocese of Wilmington calling upon them to read publicly and procure obedience to the following documents:

Most Reverend and Illustrious Sir—Your Excellency cannot fail to know that the Archbishops set over the various ecclesiastical provinces of the Republic of the United States of America have, in more than one of their assemblies, taken council with respect to the societies which have grown up in the aforesaid republic, namely, the Odd Fellows, the Sons of Temperance and the Knights of Pythias. And you must be also aware that the aforesaid Archbishops unanimously decided that the whole question as to these societies should be submitted to the judgment of the Apostolic See. His Holiness, therefore, committed this question to the Most Reverend Satolli and to the Inquisitors General. These, then, in general congregation, had on Wednesday, June 20, 1894, confirmed a decision previously made as to the aforesaid societies, decreed that all the ordinaries throughout the United States must in every way strive to keep the faithful from becoming members of any of the said societies, and must not fail to admonish their people to that effect, and that any thus admonished must be debarred from the sacrament should they fail to abandon or keep aloof from the same societies. This decree his holiness confirms, and gave it complete effect. It is, therefore, communicated to your excellency that through you it may be transmitted to all the archbishops, bishops and other ordinaries of the United States, and for the due custody of the souls of the faithful, may be by these ordinaries carried into effect. Meantime, I beseech Almighty God to bestow all benefits and blessings.

R. CARDINAL MONACO.

Rome, Aug. 20, 1894.

To the Illustrious and Most Reverend Francis Satolli, Delegate Apostolic, Washington, D. C.

Your Eminence Illustrious and Most Reverend—By letter transmitted to me on Nov. 20 last through Cardinal Rampolli, his holiness urges that the decree of the holy office sent to me by Cardinal Monaco and herewith delivered to you shall be made public.

The Sovereign Pontiff, therefore, will see that the decree in question shall be communicated by the Archbishops to the respective suffragans, and by them it may be promulgated. With all reverence and affection I remain, your eminence, illustrious and most reverend, your faithful servant in Christ.

FRANCIS SATOLLI, Delegate Apostolic.

To His Eminence, Illustrious and Most Reverend James, Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop of Baltimore.

Big Copper Deal.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 27.—An international deal in copper is likely to be perfected soon. Ever since the smash-up of the great corner in copper, which was created by a French and English syndicate three years ago, speculators have been figuring how to put through some scheme. This time it is a combination of English capital which is engineering the deal. Representatives of the combine from London were in Chicago for several days and were joined here by John Dempter of Glasgow. Arthur Turnbull of New York, who is interested in the American end of the deal, also came on here, and yesterday this party left for the West. Their mission, it is said, is to confer with the owners of the immense Montana and Arizona properties.

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CHRISTMAS TREE PANIC.

Caused by the Floor of the La Plata Church Giving Way.

MACON, Mo., Dec. 27.—At La Plata, this county, while Christmas exercises were being held in the Christian Church and the building was crowded to the utmost, a portion of the floor gave way, and settled a couple of feet, tumbling over the stove and creating a panic. Women shrieked and rushed for the doors. Several were badly bruised and injured, though none fatally. The exercises were brought to a sudden close, and but for a few cool-headed persons, a terrible panic would have caused much loss of life.

THRIFTY DOLE.

Hawaii's President Takes Good Care of His Official Salary.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, Dec. 27.—It was learned in an interview with a well-informed authority recently in Honolulu, that an important cause of the dissatisfaction in Honolulu is the niggardliness of the President, Dole, and the Cabinet. Dole, though receiving $10,000, does not spend more than $1,000, while under the royalist regime the Queen and her supporters were most lavish.

A misinterpretation has been placed on Liliuokalani's position toward those who stirred up the revolution. She did not demand their heads. United States Minister Willis, who was friendly to the Provisional Government, waited on the Queen and the conversation turning on amnesty for the revolutionists in the event of her restoration, the Queen said that she must have time to consult her advisers and be governed by them and the law. To this interpretation was given that she must have their lives.

After this Willis went to Dole and demanded that the Government be turned over to the Queen.

Some of the men now in power are in the Queen's service, and the moment they see a prospect of a change they will desert to her. Others who see that they can make nothing will stand by the present system. A majority of the natives favor the Queen, as they are jealous of foreign interference.

A strong feeling exists against annexation to the United States, and even members of the American League are not all favorable, however much may be said of the election. It was all one-sided, as a majority of the people would not take the oath of allegiance. Money is scarce, as the operation of the McKinley bill has almost destroyed the sugar industry, and the Wilson bill only benefits the United States Sugar Trust to the disadvantage of Hawaiian sugar growers, whom annexation would not benefit, because it would make it impossible to employ cheap Oriental labor.

New and Nice

Overcoats

The Tailor never made nicer or better ones—at any price.

Ours are cut in style,
Elegantly lined and trimmed,
Best qualities of cloth,
Handsomely and stoutly built;

But the price is *not* the tailor's; it is *ours—about one-half the tailor's.*

We Want You to See Them.

The prices are within reach of everybody.

Some as low as $8.00.
Some as high as $45.00.

But whatever price you buy at you get the same *big value for your cash.*

We Are Their Makers.
We Are Their Guarantors.

You can determine as to *looks, fit and price.* We will warrant as to quality and service.

Browning, King & Co.

Cor. Broadway and Pine.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.

IRON AND STEEL.

The Last Month Brought the Lowest Prices of the Year.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 27.—The Iron Trade Review will say this week: The last week of 1894 is probably the least eventful in the year in iron and steel. It ends a year of which no high expectations were indulged at the opening; and while the volume of business has been larger in the latter half than was looked for, the last month has brought the lowest prices of the year and the lowest ever known. Some of the transactions reported in the past fortnight are scarcely to be taken as fixing the market but rather as determining the tone of the market. The effort everywhere to have little stock to take account of on Jan. 1 explains the lull in a large part. With pig iron selling at cost and the buyer understanding the fact as well as the seller, it is not to be presumed that the wait is due to any expectation of lower prices.

In the main the attitude of the larger Southern producers is still that of refusing to accept long engagements on the basis of the past month. There has scarcely been a market for Bessemer pig and steel billets the past week, but Pittsburg prices may still be quoted at $10.15@10.25 for the former and $15@15.25 on the latter. In the Chicago market there has been some business in rails in advance of the large buying, and several of the leading lines are expected to contract after the middle of January.

Nothing Can Shake

The confidence of the public in SOZODONT, as a preserver and beautifier of the teeth.

They believe in the absolute wholesomeness of its fragrant vegetable materials. Hence, its ever-increasing popularity.

Imperial Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, Dec. 27.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes as compared with the previous account: Cash in hand, decrease, 22,380,000 marks; treasury notes, decrease, 3,080,000 marks; other securities, increase, 16,260,000 marks; notes in circulation, increase, 40,860,000 marks.

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Murderers Lynched in Mississippi.

MERIDIAN, Miss., Dec. 27.—Jake Copp, a 75-year-old storekeeper, living near Perkinsville, Winston County, was fired on and killed while he slept at midnight Saturday. The murderers pillaged the store. Suspicion pointed to Dan McDonald, colored, and Will Carter, a half-breed Indian. McDonald's wife confessed, implicating Carter, who was of the posse. McDonald ran and was shot. Carter was hanged.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.

WEATHER: Fair and colder Thursday night and Friday.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 27, 1894.

NOW!

The Nimble Sixpence Catches the Slow Dollar.

BIG CUT IN FURNISHING GOODS.

UNDERWEAR.

Derby Rib. S & D......$1.00 down to 50c
Merino Wool S & D....$1.25 down to 79c
Natural Wool S & D...$1.00 down to 79c
Natural Wool S & D. $1.50 down to $1.05
German Wool Bal......$1.25 down to 98c

HOSIERY.

German Bal. ⅜ hose .....35c down to 25c
Natural Wool ⅜ hose......20 down to 13c
Fine Merino ⅜ hose .....50c down to 25c
Fast black Cotton ⅜ hose. 25c down to 13c
Black Cashmere ⅜ hose..35c down to 29c

Fancy Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 25c down to 7c.

Fancy Sateen Night Shirts, $2.50 down to $1.50.

1,000 dozen Elegant Silk Tecks and Four-in-Hands, 50c down to 25c.

Smoking Jackets, Dressng Gowns and House Coats at Big Reductions.

Reductions in the Entire Department.

THE MEXICAN TROUBADOURS,

Whose lovely music has drawn thousands of visitors to our establishment the past week, will hold the boards till further notice and give two grand daily concerts—10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

DON'T FAIL TO HEAR THEM.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING

OFFICE of Simmons Hardware Company, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 17, 1894. Special Stockholders' Meeting—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Simmons Hardware Company will be held at the office of the company on the Southwest corner of Ninth street and Washington avenue, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on Saturday, the 29th day of December, 1894, at nine o'clock a. m., for the purposes:
(First): Of considering, voting and acting upon a proposition then and there to be submitted to reduce the number of the Board of Directors of said Company from eight, its present number, to seven.
(Second): For the purpose of considering, voting and acting upon a proposition then and there to be submitted to amend article two of the by-laws of said Company by reducing the officers of the Company from eight, the existing number, to seven hereafter.
(Third): For the purpose of considering, acting and voting upon such other business as may be brought before said meeting.
E. C. SIMMONS, President.
J. E. SMITH, Secretary. 2384

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 24, 1894—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Wear & Boogher Dry Goods Company will be held at the office of the company, s. w. corner 6th and St. Charles streets, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on the 9th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted to increase the Board of Directors from the present number, 5, to that of 7.
(Seal) JESSE L. BOOGHER, President.
V. O. SAUNDERS, Secretary 2416

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 12th, 1894—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of directors and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly brought before it, will be held at the office of the company, in St. Louis, on Monday, January 21st, 1895, at 9 a. m. The transfer books will be closed December 28th, 1894, and will be reopened January 22d, 1895. By order of the board.
EMERSON M'MILLIN, President.
A. ROSS, Secretary. 2401

WASHINGTON Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Rooms Nos. 310 and 312, third floor, Bank of Commerce Building, 421 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 26, 1894.—The annual meeting of the members of this company and the election of three (3) directors will be held at the office of the company, on Monday, the 14th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m. Polls will be closed at 12 o'clock m.
PHILIP GRUNER, President.
LOUIS J. BEHRENS, Secretary. 2420

OFFICE of the Southwestern Loan and Building Association, 622 Park av., St. Louis, Mo.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of shareholders of this association for the election of 13 directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the association, between 9 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m., on Thursday, Jan. 3, 1895.
E. ARENDES, President.
HERMAN J. KREMBS, Secretary.
St. Louis, Dec. 21, 1894. 2394

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 19, 1894.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mound City Paint and Color Co., for the election of directors, will be held in the office of the said company, Nos. 406 and 408 North Second street, on Monday, January 21st, 1895.
NORRIS B. GREGG, President.
E. H. DYER, Assistant Secretary. 2403

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 19th, 1894.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Harland Patent Can Co., for the election of directors, will be held in the office of the said company, Nos. 406 and 408 North Second street, on Tuesday, January 22d, 1895.
WM. H. GREGG, JR., President.
E. H. DYER, Secretary. 2403

OFFICE Shultz Belting Company, corner Bismarck and Barton streets, St. Louis, Dec. 25, 1894—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of five (5) directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on Tuesday, January 8th, 1895. Polls open from 9 a. m. until 2 p. m.
JOHN A. J. SHULTZ, President.
R. C. ALVORD, Secretary. 2418

SEALED PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS for a Tow and Dredge Boat. United States Engineer Office, Room 430, Custom House, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 24, 1894.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for building a tow and dredge boat will be received here until 12 m. January 23, 1895, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application.
CHAS. J. ALLEN, Major Engineers.

LEGAL.

ESTATE of John F. Scherpe, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John F. Scherpe, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 28th day of November 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of November, 1894.
LOUISE SCHERPE, Executrix.
2337

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis. December term, 1894. Wednesday, December 19, 1894. Sarah C. Curtis vs. (98,355) Charles R. Curtis—Now at this day comes plaintiff, by attorney, and presents to the Court her petition, duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and cannot be served with process in this State in the manner prescribed in Article Four (4), Chapter Thirty-nine (39) of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1889. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the grounds that defendant wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has absented himself from plaintiff for the space of one year and more before the filing of the petition herein, and unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 20th day of December, 1894.
(Seal of Court.) 2394 PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.

ONE CENT will be the price of the Post-Dispatch daily after Jan. 1, 1895.